INSURANCE
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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXV NO. 18 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 22, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Madras Government's Fatwa

Congress Scores In Calcutta

SANTOSH KUMAR BOSE TOPS POLLS

Assam Reports 'Congress Victory Everywhere'

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

The first counting of votes in connection with the general elections to the Bengal Legislative Assembly was gone through in the presence of the Chief Presidency Magistrate (Returning Officer), the Reforms Commissioner and the Election Officers to-day, which resulted in Mr. Santosh Kumar Bose (Congress), ex-Mayor of Calcutta obtaining 7,957 votes defeating Mr. H. K. Mitter (Hindu Nationalist Party) who secured 1,693 votes in the Calcutta East General Constituency. The total number of votes in that constituency was approximately 28,000.

The result was greeted with cheers by the large crowd who gathered there. Mr. Santosh Bose was garlanded after the declaration of the result.—United Press.

CONGRESS SUCCESS IN ASSAM

CALCUTTA: Jany. 21.

In the General Election to the Assam Legislative Assembly, Mr. Lakhiswar Barooah (Congress) was declared elected from the Dibrugarh Central General Constituency, defeating three Independent candidates.—A.P.

"VICTORY EVERYWHERE"

BOMBAY: Jany. 21.

The All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee Office has received the following telegram from the Secretary, Assam Provincial Congress Committee:—

"Polling in 22 constituencies over. Telegrams indicate Congress victory everywhere."—A. P.

MESSAGE TO SARDAR

BOMBAY: Jany. 21.

Enquiries made by the "United Press" in the office of the Central Congress Parliamentary Committee reveal that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has received a telegram from the Assam Provincial Congress Parliamentary Board which runs as follows:—

"Polling in 22 constituencies is over. Telegrams indicate Congress victory everywhere."

It is understood that there are 39 general constituencies for 47 seats, 7 being reserved for Scheduled Castes. The Congress Party has put 38 candidates.—United Press.

TASKS BEFORE CONGRESS CABINET

A. I. Convention And Parliamentary Programmes Will Loom Large

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 21.

Momentous decisions regarding detailed plans of All-India Convention and scheme of Parliamentary programme of the Congress in the light of Congress success in elections and attitude of non-Congress parties in regard to vital matters affecting the country are expected to be taken by the Congress Working Committee which meets at Wardha during the last week of February.

This meeting is significant for many other reasons coming off as it does in between general elections and, inauguration of Provincial autonomy on April 1, especially because the meeting is likely to design its methods of attack on the Constitutional Reforms from both inside and outside the Legislatures.—United Press.

'ABDICATION' DEBATE BAN

Stir In Aligarh Student Circles, Sequel To Nizam's Fatwa

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALIGARH, (By Mail.)

The orders of the Aligarh Muslim University authorities under the instructions of H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad, the Chancellor, disallowing the Union to discuss the policy of Baldwin's Ministry, which led to the abdication of King Edward VIII, has created a sensation in the students circles. More than 14 institutions from almost every part of India had already intimated to send their representatives, to participate in the forthcoming Inter-Varsity debates which were to be held on January 23, and now stand postponed.

It is interesting to note that the subject had received the approval of the Pro-Vice-Chancellor and other authorities concerned. Under the University Act, the Chancellor is a mere figure-head and never interferes in the internal matters.

It may be recalled that the Nawab of Bhopal for the first time intervened in the election of Dr. Ziauddin, which led to his resignation. It is for the first time that H. E. H. the Nizam has intervened in the affairs of the Students Union, and there is a proposal that the Union authorities should resign as a protest.

Further developments are expected.

ANOTHER EVEREST EXPEDITION

Tibetan Govt. Gives Consent

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

The Mount Everest Committee has again received through the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India, the consent of the Tibetan Government for a British expedition to Mount Everest in 1938.

It is understood that despite religious sentiment in Tibet in regard to Mount Everest, permission has been given in view of the good relations subsisting between India and Tibet and as a new year token of goodwill.—A. P

SLOW DETERIORATION OF POPE'S CONDITION

VATICAN CITY, Jan. 21.

It is learned that the Pope passed one of the worst nights of his illness, with practically no sleep. The pains in his legs increased sharply but the Pope is bearing the pain with the greatest fortitude.

A prominent Vatican official, in an interview with Reuter this morning, said, "I regret to say we are witnessing a slow deterioration in the Pope's condition. The Pope only slept at intervals at night time, owing to pain in the legs. His physician, Dr. Milani, has forbidden him to leave his bed to-day.—Reuter.

ASSAULT ON CONGRESSMEN

PATNA: Jany. 21.

Disquieting reports are pouring in from different parts of the Province about assault on Congressmen working for the elections.

A report from Supaul in the Bhagalpore District, says that several respectable men were waylaid while returning from an election meeting and severely assaulted with lathis by some unknown persons. The condition of one of them is reported to be precarious.

Another report from Piru, in the Muzaffarpore District, states that five Congress volunteers were mercilessly assaulted this evening. They are lying unconscious.—United Press.

INDEPENDENCE DAY SURPRISE

Ban On Publication Of Congress Pledge

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

The Government have decided to ban the publication of the Congress pledge on Independence Day, proposed to be read at meetings on the 26th instant.—United Press.

BOMBS FOR LISBON

Several Buildings Damaged In A Series Of Mysterious Explosions

LISBON: Jan. 21.

A series of mysterious bomb explosions have occurred in and near Lisbon.

The first explosion damaged a house in the centre of Lisbon, formerly used as the Spanish Consulate; simultaneously another bomb exploded in the Portuguese Radio Club at Parede, about 10 miles from the City; later, a third exploded in the Ministry of Education damaging the building; this was followed by a fourth explosion in the Ministry of War.

No deaths have hitherto been reported.—Reuter.

AHMEDABAD DEADLOCK

Umpire Will Publish His Final Award On Sunday

AHMEDABAD: Jany. 21.

The "United Press" understands that a deadlock has been reached in the negotiations carried on between the Labour Union and the Millowners' Association for a settlement of the wage-cut dispute, and there is no likelihood of reaching a settlement between the two parties within the time limit prescribed by the umpire at Poona.

Although strenuous efforts are being still made for arriving at some agreed formula, it is believed that the negotiations are likely to break down on some important issue at any moment, and if no decision is arrived at, within the next two days, when the time-limit given by the umpire for reaching an agreed solution expires, the umpire will publish his final award on or after the 24th instant.—United Press.

'STALIN-PURGE' CONTINUES

Ex-Soviet Commissar Of Posts & Telegraphs Arrested

BERLIN, January 21.

The former Soviet Commissar of Posts and Telegraphs, M. Rykoff, has been arrested in connection with an alleged plot against M. Stalin according to the *Angriff*.

M. Rykoff is an old revolutionary and a former President of the Council of Commissars. He was expelled from the Communist Party in 1929 and readmitted in 1931. He was absolved last August of allegations made against him in the Zinovieff trial.—Reuter.

SOVIET ADOPT NEW CONSTITUTION

MOSCOW, Jan. 21.

An ovation until the members were hoarse, marked the concluding act of the Soviet Congress which unanimously adopted the full text of the new constitution.—Reuter.

'CABAL' FOR BOMBAY

Administrative Changes To Make P. A. Fool-Proof Against Deadlocks

(From Our Special Correspondent).

I understand that the governance of the Presidency of Bombay, after the inauguration of Provincial Autonomy will be in charge of a cabinet of five ministers, including the Chief Minister.

Considerations of economy and the belief that administrative work has considerably lessened due to the separation of Sind, are stated to have led the Bombay Government to fix the number of cabinet ministers at five for the present. But the Governor has powers under the New Constitution to sanction the appointment of additional ministers on the advice of the Chief Minister.

The proposal to have five Parliamentary Under-Secretaries who would be liaison officers between the Ministers and the Executive heads of the various Departments, is at present engaging the attention of the Government

With a view to evolve uniformity, I understand that various Provincial Governments are putting their heads together in regard to the number of ministers in each Provincial Cabinet on some accepted common basis.

It is understood that the Government has practically decided as to who should be in charge of the Governor's Secretarial Staff. I am informed that the person on whom the choice has fallen, is a senior officer of the rank of a Commissioner of a Division. The Government is confident that the person selected is capable of taking charge of the Government of the Province and carry on with the help of the different administrative heads, even in case of deadlocks.

The Chief Secretary to the Government, as the principal adviser to the Ministry regarding the administration in the province will be taking over some more subjects in his Department with wider powers than enjoyed hitherto. Mr. C. W. A. Turner, the present Chief Secretary, who has had the widest experience of administration, will continue to be the Chief Secretary.

With the inauguration of the new Constitution, Sir Robert Bell, the Home Member, will retire, as the portfolio which he is holding, will be taken up by one of the Ministers, in all probability, by the Chief Minister. As his tenure of service is drawing to a close, it is not known whether Sir Robert will continue in service or retire.

The three Indian members of the Governor's Executive Council, namely: Sir A. M. K. Dehalvi and Dewan Bahadur Kambli (Ministers) and Khan Bahadur D. B. Cooper, Finance Member, are seeking election to the Lower House.

STOP PRESS

BOMB EXPLOSIONS IN LISBON.

LISBON: Jany. 21.

Worst bombing outrage was perpetrated at the Ministry of Education, where a two-storey building was destroyed. The Minister of Education and Secretary to the Cabinet had narrow escapes, from the ceiling falling on their heads, but only one man, Captain Dores was injured.

Fourteen persons, including one Englishman and one woman, are stated to have been detained by the Police in connection with the outrages which the Minister of Interior said, were a reflex of the international disorder, particularly of the events in Spain.—Reuter.

POPE PRECARIOUS

VATICAN CITY, Jan. 21.

Pope's condition to-night is considered precarious. Fears are expressed that gangrene is supervening.—Reuter.

Voting Begins For 'Varsity Seat

GRADUATES MUST GIVE LEAD TO COUNTRY

Congress Expects Them To Vote Solidly For Munshi

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

Voting has begun in the Bombay Presidency for the single seat of the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the University Constituency. It is understood that the Collector of Bombay who is the returning Officer for this Constituency has already begun despatching voting papers by post.

There are 4,394 voters in this Constituency, who are spread all over India, one or two of them even living outside the country. Attention has to be drawn to the fact that this is a non-territorial constituency.

The Congress has set up Mr. K. M. Munshi as its candidate, while Dr. B. G. Vad is standing as an Independent candidate.

Propaganda in this Constituency has been carried on for the last three months and over by the rival candidates.

There are about 1,800 voters living in Bombay, while there are nearly 700 voters in Gujarat, 600 in Maharashtra, 250 in Karnataka, 150 in Sind, 40 in C. P. and Berar and the rest are spread in other parts of the country.

There are nearly 500 voters living in Indian States, and majority of them are in Kathiawar.

The Congress candidate, as has often been indicated, stands for a particular principle and on behalf of a mighty political organisation, which the rival candidate cannot claim. The Graduates Constituency should be one of the pocket boroughs for the Congress, as all voters are people who understand the politics of the country and need no education as to whom they should vote.

MUNSHI'S RECORD.

Besides his being a Congress soldier, obeying the Congress Command, Mr. Munshi has had the unique privilege of having represented the Constituency in the Bombay Legislative Council between the years 1925-'30.

As has been stated times without number, the forthcoming elections are a test of the loyalty of the people towards the Congress. There is no doubt that the Congress values the loyalty of the Graduates much more than it does of others. In this connection, every voter should realise his responsibility.

RESIDENTS IN INDIAN STATES

There are some difficulties in the way of those graduates who live in Indian States. After they have cast their votes, they have to put the ballot papers in the envelope and pin the counterfoil of the voting paper to the envelope. Then they have to take the trouble of signing the counterfoil in the presence of a Gazetted Revenue or Judicial Officer appointed by the British Government or a Magistrate appointed by the British Government or a J.P. of the British Government. Many of the Indian States have no officials of this description, and they can be found only outside their territory. If one is anxious to exercise his vote, he will have to take the trouble of travelling the distance from the place where he is living to a place where he can get at such an official and sign the counterfoil in his presence and take his counter-signature on the counterfoil. Then he should put the envelope with the counterfoil into another envelope and send the same to the Collector of Bombay by Registered Post. This he should do within two weeks of the issuing of the voting paper.

Mr. K. M. Munshi

CONGRESS MUST WIN

Congress is sure of success in this constituency, if all voters exercise their right of franchise, as there is a clear pro-Congress majority among the Graduates. But there is every likelihood of all voters not exercising their right. This doubt is mostly due to the trouble which the graduates in Indian States will have to go through, before they exercise their franchise.

The Congress High Command expects voters in Indian States to take the trouble of going to the nearest British Station and cast their votes in favour of the Congress candidate. When it is the question of prestige of the Congress at stake the registered Graduates should not grudge this little trouble. They should remember those voters from the rural areas who will walk miles to vote for the Congress. Cannot the Congress expect the Graduates from Indian States to take a little trouble to vindicate the honour of the Congress and the country?

For those residing within the British territories, an officer of the above description will be easily accessible, and they can get their voting papers attested by such an official and sent it by registered post to the Collector of Bombay within two weeks after their issue. Congress authorities are more than confident that the Graduates will give a lead to the country by enabling the Congress nominee to top the polls.

'FLU EPIDEMIC IN LONDON

LONDON, Jan. 21.

The spread of influenza in the United Kingdom is shown by the fact that the deaths last week were 1,317, compared with 836 the previous week. The deaths in Greater London were 663.—Reuter.

PRIVATE TEMPLES THROWN OPEN TO HARIJANS

Mahatma Witnesses Grand Spectacle Of Nambudiri Leader Leading Harijan Boy And Girl For Worship

QUILON: January 21.

At Kumarnallor, in Central Travancore, when Toppen Nambudiripad, a prominent Nambudiri leader, led up a Harijan boy and a girl right up to the steps of the 'sanctum sanctorum,' Mahatma Gandhi said, it was more than worth while his visiting Travancore to witness that great spectacle.

Gandhiji held prayer meetings in all temples during the latter part of his tour, when thousands of people sat down to prayer in public meetings. Gandhiji exhorted both, Savarnas and the Avarnas, to go to temples in a spirit of humility and devotion. Thus only could the great proclamation of His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore, who had given them a new Smiriti, be carried out. The Proclamation was essentially religious in character.

TRIBUTES TO ALL.

Gandhiji acknowledged the great co-operation extended by the State in his tour, and said that the tour would have been extremely difficult but for such co-operation. He had found Travancore crowds to be among the best behaved crowds. Gandhiji also paid a tribute to the Travancore policemen comparing them with London policemen in thoroughness, efficiency and politeness.—A. P.

PRIVATE TEMPLES THROWN OPEN

KOTTARAKARA: Jan. 21.

After completing his ten days' tour in Travancore, during which period he worshipped at more than 30 temples and addressed about 40 meetings, Mahatma Gandhi

(Continued on Page 7, Column 5.)

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No. ..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No. .... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Much-travelled Parsi businessman in comfortable position would like enter into friendly correspondence with lady of refined tastes, fond of the country-side and a nationalist in politics. Please write to Box No. 7646, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Fast, Accurate 10 Typists and Stenographers, Shorthand Teacher, and Electricians. Apply "C. L. I. C.", 31-39, Forbes Street, Bombay. (7649).

Wanted smart girls for models only poor need apply with age, etc., Box No. 7641, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—An Expert for Hurricane Lantern Factory in Bihar. State previous experience and terms. Apply M|s. Joharmull Parasram, Darbhanga. 7631.

Wanted—A competitive fast Typist capable of doing independent correspondence. Apply with testimonials and the lowest salary to Box No. 7630 "Bombay Chronicle".

A Travelling Representative for propaganda work required immediately, with experience of patent medicines and specialities, to work in Bombay City and surrounding districts. Apply with copies of testimonials which will not be returned. Box No. 7627 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A G.B.V.C. for the Post of Veterinary Inspector in Bhavnagar City Municipality. Pay upto Rs. 50 according to qualifications. Service is pensionable. Apply with copies of testimonials, age, qualifications and previous experience to the undersigned before 25th January 1937. R. H. Kothare, Chief Officer, Bhavnagar City Municipality. Bhavnagar 8th Jan. 1937. 4666.

Wanted—(a) For the Bleaching and Dyeing Department (1) B.Sc., or M.Sc., Technology, Manchester specialised in Dyeing and Bleaching. Salary Rs. 200-20-300. (2) Science Graduate in Chemistry, of a recognised Indian University, who has specialised in Chemistry. Salary Rs. 50-10-100. (b) For the Engineering Department, Diplomate of a recognised Institute in India in the subject of Mechanical Engineering to work as Engineering Apprentice and Draftsman. Salary Rs. 40 per month. Apply with copies of testimonials, to the Office Asstt., Calico Mills, Ahmedabad. 4697.

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

To Let—Airy Flats of five and three rooms in new building Parvati Mansion, Plot No. 164A, Vincent Road, Dadar. Apply Receiver's Office at the premises between 9 and 11 a.m. or to Lowji, 60 Forbes Street, Fort. Telephone 20280. (7638).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Wanted Graduates and Matriculates to learn Shorthand and Typewriting, posts guaranteed to every candidate. Apply Bannerman Shorthand School, Post Box 993, Bombay. (7642).

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Parsi with decent capital wants partnership in respectable share brokers' firm. Apply Box 7623 "Bombay Chronicle."

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Canvassing: Unique opportunity all India tour. Leaving shortly. Rs. 85 including boarding. Details from—Ratanshi Shah Co., Bombay 18. (7636).

Earn up to Rs. 17,500 by a nominal deposit of Rs. 12-8-0. No lottery. Bona fide scheme. For further particulars write to Post Box 526, Bombay. (7633).

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden. Glass ...galow. Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

V. J. T. INSTITUTE.
ANNUAL ATHLETIC SPORTS

The Principal of the Institute on behalf of the Gymkhana Committee invites past students to attend the Annual Sports on Saturday, 23rd January, 1937, at 2-30 p.m. in the grounds of the Institute, Matunga.

The Hon. Sir Robert Bell, K.C.S.I., I.C.S. has kindly consented to preside.

4688.

BOMBAY CRICKET ASSOCIATION

ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING, THURSDAY, 28th January, 1937, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Islam Gymkhana Pavilion.

A. A. A. FYZEE,
Honorary Secretary.
4716

Public Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on and from Monday, the 25th January, 1937, the Registered Office of the Sholapur Spg. and Weaving Co., Ltd., will be REMOVED to the "STANDARD BUILDING", Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

M. J. DIVEKAR,
Secretary.
4725

NOTICE

THE NEW SWASTIK LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
8-10, Tamarind Lane, Fort.
BOMBAY.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that Mr. M. P. Warty having resigned from the firm of Messrs M.P. Parsharam and Co., the Managing Agents, Mr. M. B. Kamat, M.A., LL.B., has joined the firm which now runs under the style of Messrs CHURI & CO.

CHURI & CO.
Managing Agents
Bombay. 4724.

THE AHMEDABAD ELECTRICITY COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 1st February to THURSDAY, the 11th February, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 21st January, 1937.
4718

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

TENDERS for the supply of 800 tons of First Class Bengal Steam coal of selected grade during the year 1937-38 will be received up to 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on THURSDAY, the 4th day of February, 1937.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner, sealed and superscribed "Tender for the supply of coal" and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant with a deposit of Rs. 1,000.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the Mechanical Engineer, Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, on payment of a fee of Rupees Five per form which will, on no account, be refunded.

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Dated, 19th January, 1937.
4722

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of THAKAR CHATURBHOJ PARMANAND, late of Ghatkopar Hindu Inhabitant, (retired) who resided at Ghatkopar in Bombay Suburban District. ..... Deceased.

Bai MOTIVAHU, widow of the said Thakar Chaturbhoj Parmanand of Ghatkopar Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Ghatkopar in the Bombay Suburban District, the Executrix of the last Will and Testament of the said Thakar Chaturbhoj Parmanand, deceased ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 14th day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

The 14th day of January, 1937.
MESSRS. KANGA & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
4717.

Public Notices.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a permanent post of Motor Driver in the Office of the Aerodrome Officer, Civil Aerodrome, Juhu, Bombay, in the time-scale of Rs. 40—3-2 (Bienniel increment) 52—2—60. Applicant must possess sufficient mechanical qualifications, have at least 5 years' experience at his credit, must not be more than 30 years of age. The person selected will be on probation for six months and liable to transfer to any aerodrome in India. Applications should be addressed to the undersigned so as to reach him not later than 31st January, 1937.

B. M. GUPTA,
Aerodrome Officer,
Civil Aerodrome, Juhu, Bombay.
4700

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2121 of 1936.

MOOSA ABDUL KARIM CHHAPRA, of Bombay Mahomedan Halai Memon, residing at Memonwada Road, outside, the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

(1.) DADA MIYA KHANDWANI, (2.) HAJI FATEHMAHOMED, HAJI YOUSUM, (3.) KASSAM HAJI ISHAQUE, (4) FATEHMAHOMED JOOMA, (5.) ABAMIYA VALLIMAHOMED, (6.) HASHAM ABDUL REHMAN POONAWALLA, (7.) FATEHMAHOMED OOSMAN, (8.) MAHOMED A. LATIFF, (9.) ABDUL REHMAN ABA, (10), HAJI UMAR ABA, (11.) HAJI CASSUM VALLIMAHOMED, (12.) FATEHMAHOMED ABDUL RAHIM, (13.) AHMED MAHOMED PATEL, (14.) NOORMAHOMED ABDULLA DARVESH, (15.) USMAN HAJI SULLEMAN DARVESH and (16.) GHANI HAJI USMAN, all of Bombay Halai Memon Mahomedan Inhabitants all residing at Pydhonie Memonwada Road, without the Fort, for themselves and on behalf of all other Halai Memon Khandwani Community ..... Defendants.

To,

The members of the Halai Memon KHANDWANI JAMAAT OF BOMBAY.

Pursuant to the Order made herein by the Honourable Mr. Justice Rangnekar on the 7th day of December, 1936, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order I, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that the above Suit has been filed by the abovenamed Plaintiff against the abovenamed Defendants on behalf of themselves and other members of the Halai Memon Khandwani Jamaat of Bombay praying for the following reliefs:—

(a) That it may be declared that the Resolution of the Jamaat, dated 14th August, 1936, excommunicating the Plaintiff from the Jamaat is void and of no effect.

(b) That it may be declared that the Plaintiff was and continues to be a member of the Halai Memon Khandwani Jamaat and is entitled to exercise all the rights and privileges as such member.

(c) That the said Resolution may be ordered to be set aside.

(d) That the Defendants and the said Jamaat may be decreed and ordered to pay to the Plaintiff Rs. 10,000 or such other sum as to this Hon'ble Court may appear just and proper as and by way of damages.

(e) That the Defendants and the said Jamaat may be restrained by an order and perpetual injunction of this Hon'ble Court from obstructing the Plaintiff from exercising his rights and privileges as a member of the Halai Memon Khandwani Community.

(f) That an interim injunction may be granted in terms of prayer (e).

(g) For costs of this suit and interest on Judgment at 6 per cent. per annum till payment,—and

(h) For such further and other reliefs as the nature and circumstances of the case may require.

And the hearing of the Suit has been fixed for the 1st day of March, 1937.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1937.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 15th day of January, 1937.
Messrs. PATHARE & LILADHAR,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
4708.

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY No. 41 of 1937

Re: TRIBHOWANDAS DAYAL THAKKAR, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Lohar Chawl, outside the Fort of Bombay, a merchant, carrying on business at Sheikh Memon Street, Bombay: .... A Debtor.

Ex parte: JWALADATT RAMESHWAR PILANI: Petitioning Creditor.

On the 19th day of January, 1937, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 20th day of January, 1937.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
4721

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Summary Suit No. 1447 of 1936.

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., a Joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882, having its Registered Office at 45-47, Church Gate Street, within the Fort of Bombay. .... Plaintiffs.

vs.

LACHHMANDAS TANDON, son of Diwan Bahadur Harnamdas Tandon of Agra, Hindu, residing at Agra. .... Defendant.

To

The Defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above suit has been filed against you under Rule 2, Order 37, of the Code of Civil Procedure for Rs. 4,381-15-6 for principal interest and costs.

And take further notice that you are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within ten days from the service of the summons upon you or within such further period as may be allowed on application to the Chamber Judge for leave to appear and defend the above suit.

And also take notice that in default of your obtaining such leave the Plaintiffs will be entitled to obtain a decree for a sum not exceeding Rs. 4,381-15-6 interest and costs.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid. This 22nd day of August, 1936.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,
For Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

Sealed.

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1936,

Messrs RAGHAVAYYA NAGINDAS and CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
4723

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT MIRZA STREET.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1999 of 1930 (Amarchand Chunilal and others vs Chunilal Hemchand and another and pursuant to the powers contained in the decree dated the 24th November, 1933, Messrs BENNETT and CO., will (TO-DAY) FRIDAY, the 22nd January, 1937 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises.

LOT NO. 1.—ALL THAT piece of pension and tax land (cess redeemed) dwelling house, situate on the South side of Mirza Street and Municipal C Ward No. 614 and Street Nos. 25-27 and 29 and containing by admeasurement 102 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by the property of Khimchand Tullockchand, on the West partly by Mirza Street partly by the property of Narondas Laldas and partly by the property now belonging to Gangadas Vijbhukhandas, on the North by Mirza Street and on the South partly by the property of Pandurang Raghoba and partly by the property now belonging to Gangadas Vijbhukhandas.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Thakoredas & Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver at 38, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Tel. No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF STOCK-IN-TRADE AND GOODWILL OF MESSRS. WOOD & CO. DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 23rd Inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S. T.) at Mahomedi Manzil, Victoria Garden Road, Byculla, by order of the Mortgagees-in-Possession and on account and at the risk of Gavrishanker Odhavji Bhatt, sole Proprietor of Messrs. Wood and Co., Dispensing Chemists and Druggists:—

All Stock-in-Trade of the above shop including furniture, pictures, English, German, and other medicines and drugs and goodwill of the said firm etc.

Terms:—50 per cent Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Municipality (Impts.) Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY 26th January, 1937, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building St. Nos. 30, 30A—30C; 30H—30M S. P. Sheds Chamarbag Road.

AT 4 P.M. (S. T.)

Building St. Nos. 162—164 case No. 279 Chukla Street.

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SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay: Jan. 21.

B I S N Coy's s s Garbeta of 3204 reg tons, Capt. H A Downey, arrived from Calcutta, Galle, Colombo and Malabar Coast Ports & Mangalore with general cargo.

B I S N Coy's s s Vita 1955 reg. tons, Capt. S S Slightham, arrived from Karachi via Cutch-Mandvi, Fort Okha and Porebunder with passengers, general cargo and specie cargo.

Lloyd Triestino Coy's s s Conte Rosso of 9909 reg tons, Capt. G Fabris, arrived from Trieste via Venice, Genoa, Napes, Port Said and Massowa with passengers and general cargo.

P & O S N Coy's s s Carthage of 7688 reg tons, Capt. H M Jack, arrived from London via Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay: Jan. 21.

Lionel Edward's s s Trantenfels of 3924 reg tons, Capt. H Stener, sailed for Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen with local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N Coy's s s Garbeta of 3204 reg tons, Capt. H A Downey, sailed for Karachi in ballast.

Lloyd Triestino Coy's s s Conte Rosso of 9909 reg tons, Capt. G Fabris, sailed for Shanghai via Colombo and Singapore with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

P & O S N Coy's s s Carthage of 7688 reg tons, Capt. H M Jack, sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China, Japan Ports with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N Coy's s s Varela 1926 reg tons, Capt A Danbrook, sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING.

Bombay: Jan. 21.

The following steamers are booked for Loading on 21-1-37:—

S S Taijin Maru (O S K) for China, Japan Ports via Penang and Singapore.

S S Celebes Maru (O S K) for China, Japan Ports via Karachi and Singapore.

S S Rajputana (M M & Co) for Europe and American Ports via Aden.

S S Vasna (M M and Coy) for Persian Gulf Ports via Verawal & Karachi.

S S Barala (M M & Coy) for Persian Gulf Ports via Verawal & Karachi.

S S Nalgora (M M & Coy) for Europe and American Ports via Aden, Karachi, Dwarka, Navlakhi and Kundla.

S S Islami (T M & Coy) for Red Sea Ports and Jeddah.

S S Rahmani (T M & Coy) for Red Sea Ports and Jeddah.

S S Chyebassa (M M & Co) for Calcutta.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, ex-President of the Congress and Secretary of the Central Congress Parliamentary Committee, who returned here from a whirlwind election tour in Chotta Nagpur, Bhagalpore, Darbhanga, Mazzapore and Chapra, has again left Patna to tour districts of Palanou and Ranchi.

Rajendra Babu returns to Zeradei on January 26 to vote for Mr. Narain Prasad Singh at the polling station at Sewan.—United Press.

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Foundation of Beauty.

First of all you must realise that beauty depends not so much upon the possession of perfect features as in a fresh flawless complexion Many a girl is dubbed plain simply because of her indifferent complexion. Sallow, muddy skins, spots and pimples, freckles—these are blemishes which can be banished. An unattractive complexion can be discarded as easily as an outworn frock, and replaced by a fresh, flawless skin, radiant with youth and beauty To effect this transformation is no expensive matter All you want is an ounce or two of Mercolized Wax This wonderful wax, smoothed over face and neck nightly, actually absorbs the unlovely outer skin with all its blemishes, revealing in its place a brand new complexion, velvet smooth, lovely. Sounds like magic? Yes, but it's true! Give this wax treatment a ten-day trial and the result will astound you.

Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat.

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Princess Street, Bombay
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Encased in a highly polished bakelite case it indicates a fine taste for your drawing room.

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United House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.
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He Maintained Purity Of Legal Profession

Small Causes Court Pays Tribute To Late Sir Norman Kemp

Feeling references were made to the memory of the late Sir Norman Kemp by the members of the Bench and the Bar of the Small Causes Court on Thursday morning, when the Court assembled. All the members of the Bench and the Bar were present.

Sir Norman Kemp was for a long time the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court. He died in England early this week. Sir Norman was the brother of Mr. Kenneth Kemp, the Advocate-General of the Bombay High Court.

Mr. Indranarayan, the Chief Judge, on behalf of the Bench referring to the death of Sir Norman Kemp and said:—

I little dreamt that in the very first week of my tenure of office as Offg. Chief Judge, it would fall to my lot to mourn the loss of that eminent Judge and ideal gentleman Sir Norman Kemp, one of my most distinguished and scholarly predecessors.

He was for sometime a judge in this Court and thereafter Chief Presidency Magistrate. Thence he was promoted permanent Chief Judge of this Court in 1907 and continued to hold that appointment for more than 11 years. When in 1908 I joined the Bar of this Court, he had already made a name for himself by his amiable and sympathetic disposition the soundness of his judgments and a surprising memory for case law. An able and perfectly impartial judge though a trifle austere on the Bench. he kept up the high traditions of British Justice and judicial dignity and purity.

No truer and more well meaning friend of the junior members of the Bar, has ever occupied the chair of the Chief Judge of this Court. None was more jealous of the reputation and the purity of the legal profession than Sir Norman. If I may be permitted to say anything of my personal relations with him during the long time he was Chief Judge here, I would be guilty of ingratitude, if I did not acknowledge that I am here largely because of the appreciative encouragement and help I received at his hands specially during the first six or seven years of my practice.

With the requisite firmness of mind he combined a largeness of heart and generous kindness rarely to be found. On more than one occasion after passing decrees which the evidence and law of the cases necessitated, he. realising the helpless poverty of the defendant, paid in the decretal amount from his own pocket.

He worked for several years, in the old, delapidated and unsuitable Court building on this very site and but for his forceful and influential recommendations and close attention to the building plans we should not be housed today in this fine. and so conveniently planned and fitted building. His Scholarly abilities and qualities soon show out and he was promoted to the Judicial Commissionership of Sind and thence rose to be Judge and Acting Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court.

Those of you who like me had the honour and privilege of appearing before him and of knowing the noble qualities of his head and heart will agree with me that his death is a personal loss to us and I am sure all of you will join with me in conveying our heartfelt sympathies and condolences to Lady Kemp, his brother Mr. Mac I. Kemp the Advocate General of Bombay, and the other members of his bereaved family. We can only pray to God that his good soul may rest in peace.

After the urgent work has been disposed off the courts will rise after 3-30 as a mark of respect to the deceased.

Mr. Lavar, the leader of the Bar, associated himself with the feeling reference made by the Chief Judge and said that Sir Norman Kemp was known to be one of the kindest men that occupied the Bench.

AROUND THE COURTS

Eric Archibald Montgomery, (42) an Anglo-Indian, was arrested by the Palton Road Police on a complaint made to the Commissioner of Police that the accused was habitually molesting and exhorting money from the residents of Ballard Estate.

The accused was ordered by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to be remanded in Police custody pending further inquiries.

Following thefts of parcels at Grant Road Railway station, B. B. and C. I. Railway, two railway employees were arrested by the Railway Police, last night.

The police are searching for Ramanlal Trikamlal, another parcel clerk, who is stated to be absconding.

Bhiwa Laxman and Rama Hari, the two suspects, were placed before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day.

They were ordered to be remanded to custody for a period of 11 days, pending further police inquiries.

A verdict of death by shock from scalds accidentally sustained from boiling oil, was returned by the Coroner's jury to-day at the inquest held over the body of Daulatbai Mancherji, a child of four years.

Five persons were arrested last night in connection with Satta Gambling in a passage behind Laheri Mansion. at Baloo Street; Bhendi Bazar.

A Pathan money-lender was arrested last night by the Esplanade Police in connection with the theft of Rs. 107 committed in the Central Telegraph Office.

The accused, Syed Sardar Syed Ghulam Hyder, described as a Pathan money-lender, was to-day placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

PAID RS. 50 TO PATHAN.

It was stated that during the investigations, it transpired that Mukerjee, one of the clerks now in custody, had made a certain statement alleging that he had paid Rs. 50 to the Pathan money-lender in liquidation of a debt of Rs. 100. This sum formed part of the stolen money.

The accused was questioned but he denied, having received payment of Rs. 50 from Mukerjee, although the Promissory Note passed in favour of the Pathan money-lender was found in his "peddi".

The Magistrate ordered the accused to furnish bail in the sum of Rs. 400 with one surety in like amount and to deposit Rs. 100 in cash, pending further inquiries in the case.

PARMESHWAR DISCHARGED.

A further application was made by the police for the discharge of Mr. M. I. Parmeshwar, (26), clerk in the Central Telegraph Office, who was arrested along with Mukerjee. The police stated that their investigations showed that Parmeshwar was innocent of the commission of the offence.

The Magistrate granted the application and passed orders discharging him and cancelling his bonds.

Narasappa Ramanna, a mill operative, who is alleged to have been stabbed by one Kassam Abisab on the 11th instant, died in the K. E. M. Hospital on Wednesday evening.

It is stated that Ramanna and Abisab had a quarrel over the payment of some money to a grocer for grain supplied to Kasam Kassam became excited and stabbed Narasappa with a pen-knife in his abdomen so severely that the intestines came out

Ramanna was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where he died last evening.

Pending police investigation the inquest has been adjourned to Friday January 29.

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LIGHT BROWN
COD LIVER OIL

Man's Work no match for Nature's

EXPERIENCE is proving the hopelessness of trying to substitute synthetic productions for COD LIVER OIL.

Dr. DE JONGH in his world renowned treatise on Cod Liver Oil stated his conviction that it was not one but ALL THE CONSTITUENTS which contributed to its value in the treatment of many diseases. This opinion was formed many years before scientists had discovered the existence of VITAMINS, and shows that Dr. DE JONGH like other great men lived in advance of his time. COD LIVER OIL contains the Vitamins A and D in correct proportion with the other constituents, and proves itself to be NATURE'S FINEST CURE.

Dr. DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL is prepared from the finest Norwegian Oils by a process which cannot destroy the Vitamins, and has been recommended for over 80 years by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of CONSUMPTION, DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND CHEST, RHEUMATISM, ASTHMA, RICKETS and other INFANTILE complaints, and

ALL WASTING DISEASES

Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is sold only in Imperial Half Pint and Pint Bottles bearing Dr. De Jongh's signature.
Beware of attempts to substitute fraudulent imitations.
Proprietors: Ansar, Harford & Co., Ltd., 182 Gray's Inn Rd., London, W.C.1

PLEA FOR COMPULSORY INSURANCE OF VEHICLES

Evidence Of Police Officials Before M. V. I. Committee

BOMBAY, Thursday.

That the Police Commissioner of Bombay considered the Motor Vehicles Insurance should be made compulsory in respect of all classes of motor vehicles was the evidence given by Messrs. W. C. Herapath, Deputy Commissioner of Police and N. Shealy, Superintendent of Police. Motor Vehicles Department, before the Motor Vehicles insurance Committee this morning.

In the above connection, they pointed out that the fatal accidents in the city last year numbered more than in 1935.

The Compulsory Insurance should cover third party risks including passengers, drivers, and attendants. The minimum to be specified for third party risks was to be Rs. 15,000 for vehicles and Rs. 7,500 per passenger.

In Case Of Drivers

In the case of drivers and attendants the amount should be Rs. 7,500, the limit prescribed by the Workmen's Compensation Act.

In accordance with the Motor Vehicles Rules in Bombay all heavy motor vehicles were required to be insured against third party risks before they were registered and the insurance must cover the period of registration. The risk must be covered to the extent of Rs. 15,000. This rule applied to the whole Presidency.

Public Cars

As regards public Motor Vehicles in the City taxis were not required to be insured.

Referring to the possible methods of avoiding the regulation they stated there used to be a possibility of a policy being withdrawn after registration had been effected, but such a state was remedied now as the insurance companies primarily concerned were asked to report such cases.

If compulsory insurance was introduced it would be desirable that there should be some means of ensuring that injured parties who were ignorant and poor did get the full benefit of the insurance.

It woud be very desirabie if legislation on insurance were to be introduced by the central Government as motor transport was interprovincial. Any regulations which might be introduced should be applicable throughout British India.

By Law

Questioned by the Committee whether vehicles of the Indian States were required by law to insure in British India also when they came into British India, the witness replying negatively said a certificate of insurance was enough. Whether those not possessing such a certificate could be stopped and prosecuted, they said the liability was as good as a car proceeding from a district to district here.

Under the Motor Vehicles Rules it was not necessary to register at both the stations where buses from a station in a State came to a British Indian station.

The Insurance was advocated by them only for heavy vehicles.

Enquiries by the Commissioner revealed that compensatory claims paid by taxi or bus owners to injured persons were very rare and as there was no provision in the Criminal Procedure Code to make such payments no records had been maintained in the connection by the Courts.

Many Prosecutions

Many prosecutions were launched by the Police hitherto but the Magistrates seemed to attach little importance to them as the punishments awarded were comparatively lenient.

The standard of driving in Bombay was sufficient and majority of accidents were not due to any appreciable extent to lack of competency on the part of the drivers. But some accidents were certainly due to carelessness or lack of road sense.

Number Of Cars

There were 10,500 motor vehicles plying in Bombay, at present; 9,400 were private-owned, 910 taxis, 111 buses, 900 heavy motor vehicles, 79 lorries licensed for hire. In 1936, there were 112 fatal accidents as against 86 the previous year.

The non-fatal cases in the year 1935 were 1,992 of which 1,250 were through private cars, 388 by taxis, 86 by buses, and 260 by lorries.

Of the fatal cases in 1936, 64 were through private cars, 7 through taxis, 9 through buses, and 32 through lorries.

Nearly all non-fatal accidents were reported. Rules however required that persons in charge of the vehicles should report to the Police.

In most cases of accidents compensatory payment were paid to parties without the intervention of the Courts.

Two cases for claims of damages were filed before the Bombay High Court in 1933 of which one was disallowed and in another Rs. 2,000 was awarded.

In 1936 there were five such cases.

The duty of the Motor Vehicles Department was to see to the proper upkeep of vehicles. Commercial vehicles were inspected at least once a year and public motor lorries twice.

One of the duties of the officers was to be on the look out for mechanically unfit vehicles plying on roads and take action in such cases.

There were 114 accidents in the Bombay City in 1935 caused by mechanical defects.

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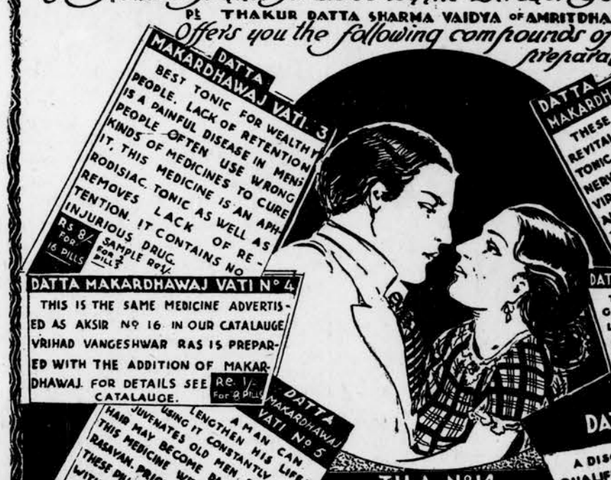

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THIS IS THE SAME MEDICINE ADVERTISED AS AKSIR No 16 IN OUR CATALAUGE VRIHAD VANGESHWAR RAS IS PREPARED WITH THE ADDITION OF MAKARDHAWAJ. FOR DETAILS SEE CATALAUGE. Re 1/- for 8 Pills

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THESE PILLS CONTAIN BHASMAS OF GOLD, IRON, MUSK AND OTHER VALUABLE DRUGS AND ARE A GREAT BRAIN, HEART AND LIVER TONIC. THEY IMPROVE VIRILITY AND CURE PREMATURE EJACULATION. PRICE Re 1/ FOR 5 PILLS.

DATTA MAKARDHAWAJ VATI No 5
A MAN CAN LENGTHEN HIS LIFE BY USING IT CONSTANTLY. IT RESTORES OLD MEN EVEN GREY HAIR MAY BECOME DARK BY USING THIS MEDICINE WITH DATTA MAKARDHAWAJ. PRICE Re 1. FOR 3 PILLS. THESE PILLS CAN ALSO BE PREPARED WITH THE ADDITION OF BHASMAS OF DIAMOND ETC., FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN. THEN IT WILL COST Rs 3 FOR 3 PILLS. THESE PILLS CONTAINING DIAMOND ARE VERY BENEFICIAL IN CASES OF CONSUMPTION.

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IS FOR EXTERNAL USE IN LOCAL EFFECTS. IT IMPARTS NEW LIFE TO THOSE WHO HAVE SPOILED THEMSELVES BY ABUSE. THIS IS THE BEST TILA WE CAN HAVE. PRICE Rs. 6/ PER PHIAL. HALF Rs 3/-

Dear Sir, your kiran-jawani really gives great strength. Tila No 14 is also very efficacious yours faithfully PARTAP SINGH "NISSAR"

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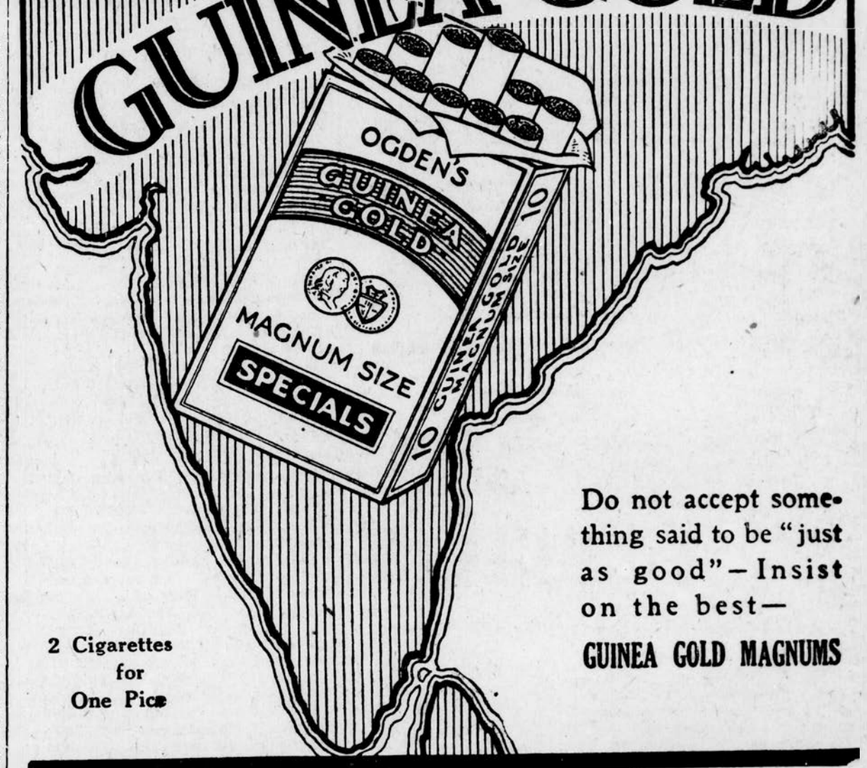

2 Cigarettes for One Pice

Do not accept something said to be "just as good"—Insist on the best—
GUINEA GOLD MAGNUMS

INSIST ON THE BEST

GG/28

IS IT ASPHYXIATION?

Servant Found Dead In Bathroom At Khetwadi

BOMBAY: Thursday.

Dhondu Gopal, a servant of Mangaldas Thakurdas residing at Motilal Engineer buildings, at 2nd Khetwadi was found lying dead in the bath room this morning.

The door and windows of the bath room were fastened from inside; cold water was running from the tap. charcoal was burning in the boiler, and there were no clothes on the body. Apparently he was preparing to take a bath and had been asphyxiated.

The inquest has been fixed for Friday.

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AT MAHALAXMI
TO-DAY

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ANNOUNCE NEW
GREATLY
IMPROVED
Quality
NO EXTRA COST

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Membership admitted upto August, 1936	..	2,01,280
Reserved Fund	.. Rs.	9,97,175
Stability Fund	.. Rs.	2,31,028
Equalization Fund	.. Rs.	53,883
Deposit with Government	.. Rs.	2,00,000
Claims paid and provided upto March, 1936	.. Rs.	37,38,892

For further particulars apply to:—
DURGDAS B. ADVANI,
SERAI ROAD, KARACHI. Managing Director.

Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi

Mas D'Antibes And Cotys In Fine Trim

Titanium, Tetrazone And Zuyder Zee Promise Well—Al Muqbil, Burgess And Al Ghazi In Good Fettle

(By Our Special Track Correspondent.)
The following gallops were noted through the week:—

COTYS (R. Boy) and MAS D'ANTIBES (Munro) moved well over a brisk mile. They are in nice racing trim.

ROMNEY (Donoghue) outpaced ROUGH SEA (Selby) in a rattling mile gallop on the tan. The former has come on in recent weeks.

HESPERITUS (Northmore) bowled along over nine furlongs at a good pace. Has never been better.

WHY (Read) and PIN MONEY (Selby) travelled well over a fast nine on the race track. They are well.

TITANIUM (Dillon) had ARGO'S HEIR (Marrable) for company in a fast six. A forward pair.

ZUYDER ZEE (Munro) had the measure of CARDINAL (R. Boy) in a dash over the six. Former must score in Bombay.

TETRAZONE (Smirke) had BLACK PERIL (Burn) on the stretch over six furlongs. The first named must win some nice races on this side. He is a smasher.

BAY MONK (Dillon) was assisted by a stable companion in a fast six. He retains his form.

POUGATCHEV (R. Boy) held LIGHT SUSSEX (Sibbritt) in a run over seven furlongs.

REACTION (Selby) went a brisk seven furlongs on the grass track in a manner suggesting that all is well with him.

KIRKIBOST (Simmons) was sent over the mile and a quarter—moved well.

VIJAYKUMAR II (Britt) strode out freely over the tan. He is in good fettle.

JILL'S FIRST (Evans) had SUNDOWN (Sibbritt) beaten in a rousing mile spin. Watch the former.

THE NUN (Munro) and SHELL OUT (O'Neale) jumped out together over a fast six. Both moved well.

CARTOON (Munro) showed plenty of speed for six furlongs. Has retained his form.

HIMAT (Donoghue) went six furlongs in fine style.

ALL AT SEA (Britt) accounted for a stable companion in a run over the six.

REDRESS (Sibbritt) gave a speedy display for six furlongs. Follow this one.

DANNY BOY (Sibbritt) covered the six at a very fast pace. Has never been better.

AL MUQBIL (Burn) came along very fast over ten furlongs. Retains his form.

SAMRA LAYALI (Evans) easily held MAMLUK AL IRAQ (Britt) in a rattling ten furlongs gallop. A smart performance.

NASSIRWAN (Selby) showed up well in a brisk ten furlongs gallop.

FIRPO (Dillon) had THE VICEROY (Hutchins) for company in a run over the mile and a quarter when both moved well.

JAHAN ARA (Munro) traversed ten furlongs in excellent fashion.

ADHBA II (R. Boy) beat DESERT PRINCE (R. Boy) in a six furlongs gallop.

AL GHAZI (Sibbritt) had his head in front of AMIR (Burn) at the end of a six furlongs dash. A likely winner before long.

RAJPUT (Mendoza) disposed of SUHAMA (R. Boy) very easily in a six furlongs' dash.

AZIZA (R. Boy) moved like a fit horse in a six furlongs gallop.

BURGESS (R. Boy) went really well for six furlongs. A fit horse.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

First Race: 2-0 p.m.

THE FORT PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for horses in Class III.

Rigoletta 9-1, Natbay 8-11, Oasis 8-7, Jill's First 7-13, Royal Task 7-9 and Parknasilla 7-4.

Second Race: 2-30 p.m.

The FORT PLATE. Div. II.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for horses in Class III.

Mr. Pip 9-0, Sundown 9-0, Myron 8-12, Solar Barn 8-3, Alienist 8-2, Ashvaraj 8-1, Grenadier 8-0, Sanker 7-13, Heremia 7-13, Perrier 7-9 and Leicester Lady 7-6.

Third Race: 3-0 p.m.

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE. Div. II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

King Ghazi 9-4, No Limit 9-4, Amir 9-2, Happy King 9-0, Advocate 8-11, Walk Over 8-11, Argonaut 8-9, Orient 8-7, Cleopatra 8-7, Riyad II 8-5, Wardat Saamarra 8-5, Full Moon 7-13, Shara'a al Jamil 8-5, Mijlat 8-0, Taj Subhan 7-12, Mulzoom 7-12, High Flier 7-9, Desert Prince 7-9 and The Leader 7-7.

Fourth Race: 3-30 p.m.

THE IMPORTERS' PLATE.—Distance About 1½ miles.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for all Horses.

Cotys 9-12, Carioca 8-7, Ringsend 8-5, Argyll 8-5, Corcy 8-2, Vijaya Kumar II 8-2, Pompidhor 8-2, Wagon Hill 7-4, Kirkibost 7-11, and Ballylinch 7-7.

Fifth Race: 4-0 p.m.

THE GENERAL OBAIDULLAH KHAN MEMORIAL GOLD CUP.—Distance 1½ miles.

A Gold Cup value Rs. 3,000, presented by the Nawabzadas of Bhopal and Rs. 12,000, from the fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 8,000; second Rs. 3,000; third Rs. 1,000.

For Arabs 4 years old and upwards. Arabs, 6 years old and upwards, to carry 8st. 7 lbs. Arabs 5 years old, to carry 8st. 5 lbs. Arabs, 4 years old, to carry 8 st. Penalties.—Winner of a race value Rs. 3,000, or over, 7 lbs. extra. Allowances.—Arabs in Classes II and III, 7 lbs. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions will not apply).

Al Hamil 9-0, Samra Layali 9-0, Legion of Honour 9-0, Jahan Ara 9-0, Krishna 8-12, Nassirwan 8-12, Al Muqbil 8-12, Al Hazar 8-7, Golden Crown 8-7, Firpo 8-7 and Taj Shamama 8-7.

Sixth Race: 4-30 p.m.

THE ADELAIDE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

The Nun 9-4, Himat 9-3, Glanely 9-3, Melason 9-0, Vermeil II 9-0, Dinos 9-0, All at Sea 8-12, Thermometer 8-5, Redress 8-11, Dopatta 8-11, Danny Boy 8-10, Shell Out 8-9, Masquerader 8-7, Swift Reynard 8-5, Kilfinane 8-4, Masticate 7-13, Question Mark 7-12 and Mythical Monk 7-11.

Seventh Race: 5-0 p.m.

THE GRAND WESTERN HANDICAP.—Distance 1¼ miles.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000, or in specie at the option of the winner, and Rs. 19,000 from the fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 12,500; second Rs. 4,000; third Rs. 2,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Mas d'Antibes 9-12, Synagogue 9-7, Hesperitus 8-7, Cotys 8-7, Shivaji the Great 7-11, Why 7-9, Pin Money 7-7 and Romney 7-4.

Eighth Race 5-30 p.m.

THE CHIEF OF KAGAL MEMORIAL PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,500; third Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Synagogue 9-4, Cercello 8-0, Zuyder Zee 9-4, Multissimo 9-2, Cardinal 9-0, Diamond Shower 8-12, Pougatchev 8-9, Titanium 8-7, Bay Monk 8-7, Heritage II (late Heritage in New Zealand) 8-5, Tetrazone 8-2, Teller 7-10, Cartoon 7-7, Reaction 7-7, Shahali 7-4, Sarason 7-4 and Bachelor's Bard 7-4.

Ninth Race: 6-0 p.m.

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

White Flower 10-0, Yawir Awar 9-6, Vershan 9-1, Burgess 8-13, Violence 8-13, Funny Face 8-4, Mujbil Hatim 8-4, Baden 8-3, Al Saffah 8-0, Imperial 7-13, The Duke 7-13, Amirulmuik 7-12, Aziza 7-10, Queen Singer 7-10, Green Lawn 7-9, Adhba II 7-9, Al Ghazi 7-9, Blanche 7-6 and Rajput 7-4.

WOMAN ASSAULTED ON REFUSAL TO PAY MONEY

Gallant Rescuer Receives Injuries: Accused Remanded Into Custody

BOMBAY: Thursday.

Picking out women as victims for purposes of alleged extortion, Maling Naik Ram Naik was stated to have assaulted a woman last night, when he could not achieve his object.

Soon he was stated to have turned to another woman and, when he was threatening her in the same way with a knife, another man intervened.

SCUFFLE FOLLOWS.

Then followed a scuffle between the two men, one of them trying to snatch the knife from the other, while the other trying to get away with the knife.

In the end, the accused was stated to have bitten the man who had come to the woman's rescue. The latter lossened his grip and the accused ran away with his knife.

Then Lilabai Anant, residing at Vithalbhai Patel Road, who was picked out to be the second victim, went to the Lamington Road Police station and lodged a complaint.

Ramappa Kumar who sustained four injuries in his attempt to save the woman by challenging the accused, accompanied the woman to the police station and showed them his injuries.

The police arrested Maling Naik and, in the course of their inquiries, they learnt that the accused had gone to the house of a prostitute some hours earlier to his later escapades and demanded two rupees from her.

"Sushilabai, the prostitute, asked it appears, 'Sir, why she should part with the money,'" added the police officer, in his evidence before the Girgaum Court to-day.

But the accused, the officer stated, did not give any reasons and when the woman ultimately refused to part with the money, he was stated to have assaulted her and turned towards other victims.

The accused was ordered to be remanded to custody for a period of 11 days.

BILLAWARS ASSN. CONDOLES SADASHIV RAO'S DEATH

At a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Billawar Association of Bombay, the following resolution was passed:—

The Committee deeply regrets the sad and premature demise of Mr. Sadashiv Rao Karnad who sacrificed his all and literally died in the service of the Motherland; and offers its sincere condolences to his bereaved family. May his soul rest in Peace.

VILE PARLE CRICKET TOURNEY

The following will represent the Young Sportsmen's C. C. Vile Parle versus The Catholic Gymkhana, Vile Parle in the final of the Young Sportsmen's Cricket Tournament on Saturday and Sunday next on the Tournament Ground, Ghod Bunder Road, Vile Parle.

Louis F. Misquitta, (Capt.) Tom Misquitta, Aveline F. D'Souza, Joe A. D'Souza, Johnie D'Souza, John B. D'Souza, Cyril Creado, Sebastian Govria, Anthony D'Souza, Sebastian D'Souza, Pascol D'Souza.

Reserve: C. A. D'Souza.

Mr. P. J Misquitta, Councillor of the Vile Parle Municipality will preside and distribute the prizes.

PERRY ONE UP AGAIN

A Reuter's message from Buffalo (New York), under to-day's date, states that Fred Perry beat Vines by 6—4, 6—8, 6—2 in a match of three sets. Perry played a more brilliant game than recently.

Col. A. F. Chater has been appointed Assistant Quatermaster-General Northern Command, India.

Lt.-Col. G. S. King has been appointed Deputy Chief-Engineer, Quetta.

It is understood that Lt.-Col. H. W. C. Robson of the Political Department will officiate as Agent to the Governor-General, Eastern States, vice Lt.-Col. A. F. Meek, who is proceeding on leave in March next.

Invitations for the ex-Kaiser's seventy-eighth birthday on January 27 have been cancelled. It is stated that no anxiety is felt regarding his health following an attack of influenza, but the step has been taken as a precaution.

Quick Help For RUNDOWN THIN, NERVOUS, WEAK Women!

How Amazing Sea Plant from Pacific Ocean Feeds MINERAL and FOOD IODINE STARVED GLANDS Quickly, RENEWS ENERGY, builds Glorious NEW STRENGTH, Rejuvenates the Body and ADDS AT LEAST LBS. IN TEN DAYS —without the use of drugs!

Here's new hope and encouragement for thousands of ill, even "Naturally thin," tired, weak, worn-out, prematurely ageing, haggard-looking women whose energy, health and strength have been sapped by office or house work—women who are nervous, worried, irritable, always half-sick and ailing. The latest discoveries in nutrition show that the principal cause of underweight and dangerous run-down conditions is GLANDS STARVING FOR MINERALS AND FOOD IODINE. When these glands don't work properly all the food in the world can't help you. It just isn't turned into flesh. The result is you stay thin, run-down, ailing—you "age" before your time.

These glands—particularly the Thyroid and other tiny hidden glands which actually control body weight and strength, need a regular, evenly balanced ration of the 12 life-giving MINERALS and FOOD IODINE all the time—Natural Assimilable Iodine (not to be confused with chemical iodides which often prove toxic nor mere iodine fumes). Only when the system gets an adequate supply of these minerals and food iodine can you regulate metabolism—the body's process of converting digested food into firm flesh, new strength, health and energy.

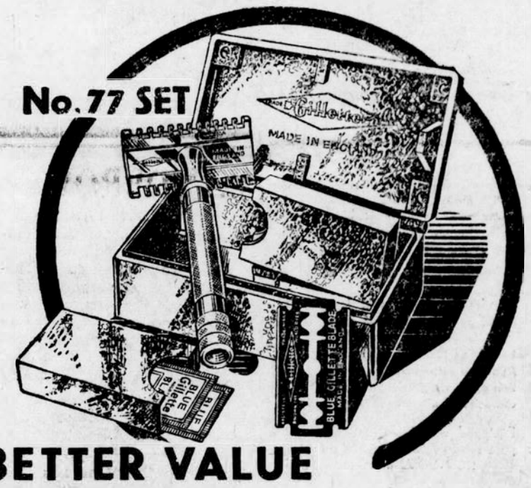
To get in convenient assimilable form this FOOD IODINE and the 12 essential life-giving MINERALS needed by the body so sadly lacking in the everyday cooked food we eat—take "VIKELP" Tablets, made from a remarkable Pacific Ocean sea plant, now recognized as the world's richest source of these precious substances. They contain 689 times more Iron, 213 times more Calcium, 171 times more Potassium than White Rice; 6 tablets alone contain more natural FOOD IODINE than 486 lbs. of Spinach or 1,378 lbs. of Lettuce. Absolutely free from drugs. Wonderful for children.

Whatever you've tried before, try "VIKELP" Tablets today. See flattering extra pounds appear in place of scrawny hollows. Notice how much better you feel, eat and sleep. Your body is not only rejuvenated, but premature impotency, sterility, malnutrition, faulty metabolism, constipation, gastritis, goitre, rheumatism and other systemic illnesses as shown in the panel on the right are corrected or disappear entirely. Resistance is built up against malaria. Gains of at least 5 lbs. in 10 days reported regularly (30-40 lbs. a month not uncommon). They cost but a few annas a day to use. If your dealer cannot supply you send Rs. 2/12 for 100 tablets or Rs. 5/4 for the more economical 225-tablet size to Dpt. B/1/3, Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay.

VIKELP
Brand
HEALTH and BODY BUILDING Tablets

HOW "VIKELP" TABLETS' PRECIOUS MINERALS INCREASE WEIGHT AND IMPROVE HEALTH

Its rich supply of	Corrects
Iodine ..	Goitre, skinniness, low vitality, bad skin, faulty metabolism, nerves.
Iron ..	Anæmia, headaches, weakness.
Copper ..	Anæmia, loss of vigour.
Calcium ..	Stomach trouble, rickets, eczema impaired teeth during pregnancy.
Phosphorus	Mental exhaustion, subnormal growth.
Sodium ..	Stomach, kidney and bladder disorders, rheumatism.
Potassium ..	Acidosis, bad heart, constipation.
Magnesium	Underweight, skin diseases.
Sulphur ..	Constipation, blood and liver disorders, nervousness.
Manganese	Anæmia, gout, general debility.



BETTER VALUE THAN EVER

The Gillette No. 77 Set illustrated here, which contains the latest Gillette razor, three Blue Gillette slotted blades and two blade holders in a new type of moulded box, has these definite advantages.

The razor is made in two pieces instead of three, as formerly, thus making it easier and quicker to clean, assemble and use.

The blades are made by the new electrical-tempering process. They give not only closer, cleaner shaves than you have ever had before, but also more shaves per blade.

The case is ideal for hot and humid climates as it is so easy to keep clean.

Ask your dealer to show you a No. 77 Set—one of the most popular that Gillette have ever made. It sells for the very low price of **Rs. 2.12**

TRADE Gillette MARK
MADE IN ENGLAND

BLUE GILLETTE BLADES
12 ANNAS FOR 5

LG.77

THE BANK OF HINDUSTAN, LTD.
Head Office: MADRAS.
Bombay Office: 36, Churchgate Street, Fort.

Branches: Bezwada, Calicut, Cannanore, Coimbatore, Madura, Pollachi, Tellicherry, Tiruppur, Triplicane (Madras) and Payyanur Pay Office (Malabar).

SAVINGS BANK

THE RATE OF INTEREST WILL BE 2-1/2 per cent on the monthly minimum balance from the 16th December, 1936,

and

WITHDRAWALS can be made twice by cheques up to Rs. 1,000 in a week without the production of the pass-book.

Apply for copy of the new "Rules of Business."

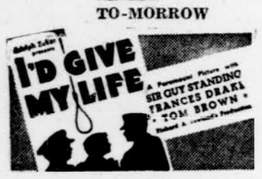
C. H. DIVANJEE,
Secretary.

PATHE

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Ph. 41561.
LAST DAY!

Warner Bros. Present
ANTHONY ADVERSE
by HERVEY ALLEN
Starring FREDRIC MARCH
with Olivia de HAVILLAND
DON'T MISS IT!

TO-MORROW



CAPITOL
LAST DAY TO-DAY
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
JAMBOREE OF MELODY
MIRTH AND ROMANCE!
Whooping with laughs!
Tingling with tunes!
GRAND ANNIVERSARY ATTRACTION
SING, BABY, SING!
SING, BABY, SING!
(A 20th Century-Fox Picture)
with
Alice FAYE
Adolphe MENJOU

REGAL
LAST DAY TO-DAY
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
COLOR
GLORIFIES THE WORLD'S GREAT LOVE STORY!

RAMONA
in the new perfected Technicolor

KHARJURASAV
Date syrup
BEST & POWERFUL TONIC
CURES PERTICULARLY—
ASTHEMA, CONSTIPATION
WEEKNESS OF HEART &
ALL OTHER DISEASES
Manufacturers
KANETKAR & CO.
MAIN RD DADAR Bom 14.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Shud 11, 1993
Muslim: Jilkhad 8, 1355
Parsi: Amardad 19, 1306
Hightide: 6-56; 21-14
Lowtide: 1-40; 14-02
Sunrise: 7h. 15m.
Sunset: 6h. 27m.
Bombay Art Society: Annual Exhibition, Town Hall, open from 9 a.m. to 7-30 p.m.
Stock Exchange Inquiry Committee, Secretariat, 10-30 a.m.
Western India Polo Championship, Race Course, Mahaluxmi, about 3-45 p.m.

Saturday, January 23.

Bombay Art Society: Annual Exhibition, Town Hall, open from 9 a.m. to 7-30 p.m.
S. S. "Ranpura" with mails for London sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: Big Meeting: First Day.

B. P. OLYMPIC GAMES

To-day (Friday), at 7 a.m. Heats for men's events at the co-operage.
At 4 p.m. Heats for women's events Co-operage.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Professor S. W. Shukla will meet his students in Education to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Offices of the Association.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O.S.K. Steamer "Celebes Maru" left Colombo on January 19 and is due to arrive in Bombay on January 23.

J. KRISHNAMURTI

Mr. J. Krishnamurti will deliver a series of Talks at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m.

LENIN DAY CELEBRATIONS

In order to celebrate Lenin-Day a workers' meeting will be held to-day (Friday) the 13th anniversary of Lenin at 5-30 p.m. on Fergusson Road (Pimple Maidan) under the auspices of Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress. Messrs. Jhabwalla Nim Dange, Mrs. Manibén Mulji, M. Randive, Bhogle and other will address the meeting.

TO-MORROW
MUCH-AWAITED PREMIERE OF BOMBAY TALKIES NEW FILM
IZZAT
starring
DEVIKA RANI

with
ASHOK KUMAR
AT
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily at:
5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m.
On Saturdays, Sundays and Bank Holidays.
Rs. 2-4 and 1-8 seats may be Booked in Advance.

THE EXCELSIOR
At 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Immortal music, a human story and a galaxy of stars make
"CALLING THE TUNE"
A film that will suit all tastes and delight everybody.

PLAZA
To-night 6-30 & 10 p.m.
"UNDER TWO FLAGS"
TO-MORROW
LAUREL & HARDY
In latest Full length comedy
"OUR RELATIONS"

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Sing Baby Sing". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Dodsworth". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Calling the Time". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Vengeance is Mine." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m
IMPERIAL—"Sarla". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Awakening." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Dharmaveer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Prem-ki-Ag". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Janma Bhoomi." Time as usual.
PATHE—"Anthony Adverse." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Under Two Flags" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Ramona". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Village Girl." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m
SUPER—"Mustana Mashuk." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Dharmaveer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m
WEST END—"Gay Prince." Time as usual.

CONGRESS ELECTION OFFICE

Opening ceremony of the Congress Parliamentary Board's Office at Andheri, will be performed by Mr. B. G. Kher, Congress candidate, to-day (Friday), at 8-30 a.m. at Sjt. Shantaram Patil's Chawl, Ghod Bunder Road, Andheri

MODEL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL EXHIBITION

From to-day Friday to 30th instant, time 4 p. m. to 9 p. m. at the Model Industrial School, Tara Temple Lane, Lamington Road, Bombay. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mayor of Bombay will perform the opening ceremony.

SIR A. M. K. DEHLAVI'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board, a public meeting will be held at Muzaffarabad Hall, Proctor Road, (near Grant Road Bridge) to-day (Friday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.) when the Hon. Sir Ali Mohamed Khan Dehlavi will speak on the present political situation and Mr. T. T. Barodawalla will preside.

CITY FATHERS' ROUNDS IN "G" WARD

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of 'G' Ward will meet near the Western Approach to the Tilak Bridge to-morrow (Saturday), at 7 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward.
Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

B. P. WOMEN'S COUNCIL

Conference And Exhibition

The Bombay Presidency Women's Council is holding its 18th annual meeting and 2nd Conference from the 26th to 29th January, 1937, at the University Convocation Hall.
The Conference commences at 5-15 p.m. on the first day. Lady Brabourne will be present. On the other 3 days the time of the sessions will be from 10-30 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 2-30 to 6 p.m. Subjects of interest to women and children will be discussed at the Conference, when all women will be welcome to attend.
An Exhibition and Sale of Women's Work will be opened by Lady Brabourne on the first day of the Conference. The Exhibition continues till the 30th instant.
There will be no Tea-Stall in the University Gardens in connection with the Exhibition and Sale of Women's Work organised by the Bombay Presidency Women's Council.

GHEE FAKER FINED

Mr. Murji Gopalji, owner of the shop at Nos. 27—29, Rajwadekar Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 15 on the 11th instant, by the Municipal Court of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Fort, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 27.2 per cent.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY

During the third week of 1937, the week ended 16th January, the total mortality 608 was 33 more than that of the last week and the death rate registered was 27.2 on the Census population of 1931, as against 560 the mortality and the death rate 25.1 for the third week of 1936. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinqennium was 559 and death rate 25.0.
Out of the total deaths, 147 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, small-pox caused 5 attacks (including one imported from Peshawar) and 3 deaths. Cholera and plague were absent during the week. There were 4 deaths from typhoid. Cerebro-spinal fever caused 6 attacks and 4 deaths.
The number of live births registered during the week was 750 which compares favourably with that for the third week of 1936 viz., 702 and 649 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years 1932-1936.

PARSI GYMKHANA TENNIS TOURNAMENT

Results Of Preliminary Round Matches

BOMBAY, Thursday.
According to the decision of the Tournament Committee, the preliminary round matches of the Parsi Gymkhana Open Lawn Tennis Tournament were played this afternoon, otherwise the tourney was to start from Saturday, January 23.
The following are the results of the matches played this afternoon:—
P. R. Shivjiani beat Rajabally (6—0) (6—3).
T. Shibata beat T. V. S. Ratnam (8—6) (1—6) (6—3).
G. D. Bhagat got a walk over H. M. Vakeel.
M. S. Nemani beat T. D'Monte (6—2) (6—2).
C. N. Chak got a walk over H. P. Hughes-Hallett.
J. M. Lee beat M. I. Lalljl (6—1) (6—0).
S. S. Indulkar beat S. F. Karaka (6—0) (6—4).
N. L. Divekar beat B. D. Dhalla (6—2) (6—4).
N. R. Suvarna beat R. N. Gundil (6—2) (6—2).
F. R. Ratnagar beat A. J. Wadia (6—2) (6—1).
R. M. Nadkarni got a walk over D. A. Fereira.
F. M. Billimoria beat M. M. Desai (6—4) (6—1).
I. H. Shivdasani beat J. R. Vimadalal (9—7) (4—6) (6—4).
H. N. Contractor beat S. K. Nathani (3—6) (6—2) (6—1).
J. E. Yorke beat M. N. Sidhwa (6—1) (6—4).
O. Stevens beat S. A. Moloobhoy (6—1) (6—0).

Y. M. C. A. HOCKEY CLUB

The Central Y. M. C. A. Hockey Club had its first meeting of the season this evening, at the Y. M. C. A. building, Wodehouse Road, and the following office-holders were nominated for the season 1937-38:
1. Gidney (Captain).
2. E. V. Simpson VVice-Captain).
Besides these two office-bearers, two more members were nominated on the selection committee, which would select the team for every match. This committee consists of the following:
1. Gidney (Captain).
2. E. V. Simpson (Vice-Captain).
3. P. N. Bhatia.
4. E. Lewis.
The meeting was then adjourned with a vote of thanks to the chair.

'Parle XI Beat Bandra Chapel Road

The Vile Parle XI beat the Bandra Chapel Road C. C. (Cupholders) in the semi-final of the Bernard Gomes Cricket Tournament at Juhu by seven wickets on Sunday last.
A good bowling performance of Joseph D'Souza was witnessed, he having captured 9 wickets for 10 runs.
The scores are as follows:

BANDRA CHAPEL ROAD C. C.:	
1st Innings	38
2nd Innings (declared for 7 wickets)	65
VILE PARLE XI:	
1st Innings	54
2nd Innings (for 3 wkts.)	49

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

Mr. Collingwood Ingram arrived at Government House on Thursday.
H. H. The Raja of Sawantwadi and Staff Officer and Miss M. Trevelyan lunched at Government House on Thursday.
The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne dined with the Rt. Revd. The Bishop of Bombay on Thursday.

NO BARTERING AWAY OF THEIR VOTE

Congress Leaders' Appeal At Tardeo Meeting

"Franchise is a valuable political right. It cannot be bartered away for a paltry sum.
"There may be unscrupulous persons who offer money for your votes. To them the only reply will be a vindication of the self-respect of each voter".
In these words, Mr. S. K. Patil appealed to the electorate at a public meeting held on Thursday night at the New Chikalwadi, Tardeo, under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Election Propaganda Committee. Mr. K. F. Nariman presided and Mr. Nagindas T. Master was present besides other Congress workers of the Ward.
Mrs. Annapurnabai Deshmukh who is the Congress nominee for the Women's (reserved) constituency in D (Girgaum) Ward, appealed to the voters to stand by the Congress and resist all sorts of temptations offered by some people.
Mr. S. K. Patil exhorted the audience to uphold the glorious traditions of Shivaji who considered patriotism and national honour supreme over every other consideration.
They should remember, Mr. Patil continued, that as a result of the strenuous fight put up by the Congress nearly 3½ crores of people were enfranchised recently. On account of the policy adopted by the Congress in the past, the Harijans and women too were able to secure their right of franchise to a greater extent than hitherto. If they understood the significance of the fight of the Indian National Congress, they would not even think of bartering away their valuable political right, for a pittance. Their aim ought to be towards attainment of political independence and viewed in this light, the "selling" away of their votes for money would be tantamount to selling their own self-respect.
He appealed to the voters to go to the polling booths by whatever conveyance at their disposal and record their vote without fail. He urged the voters to vote solidly for Mrs. Annapurnabai Deshmukh for the women's constituency. Messrs. Khadilker and M. R. Jagtap also spoke.

HOLIDAYS FOR POLLING

Schools To Be Closed On February 15 And 17

The 15th and 17th February, 1937, which are the days fixed for election in all constituencies of the Bombay Legislative Assembly except Women's Constituencies have been declared by Government public holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act. School buildings may be required by Returning Officers as polling stations and it is, therefore, desirable that all schools and colleges should be closed on the 15th and 17th February.
According to the rules of the Educational Department all Government Colleges and Schools will remain closed on these two days, which have been notified as public holidays. The Honourable Minister for Education requests all Local Authorities and school boards and all governing bodies of schools and colleges in the Presidency to issue orders regarding the closing of the institutions under their control on the 15th and 17th February, 1937.

POONA RIOTS ECHO

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, Jan. 20.
Application for the transfer of the appeal to some other court having been rejected by the High Court, hearing was commenced to-day in the court of Mr. T. E. Waterfield, Additional Sessions Judge, of the appeal preferred by 51 accused in the main Sonya Maruti riots case against sentences passed on them by the City Magistrate.
Mr. A. A. Khan on behalf of 41 appelents has begun his arguments.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

As in most of the municipalities in India, the growing arrears of Suburban Municipal taxes are on the increase. In very many cases the arrears are due from municipal councillors themselves. These councillors, instead of proving exemplars to the citizens, are displaying a regrettable lack of civic responsibility.
I understand in respect of arrears, in the suburbs, Kurla enjoys the unenviable distinction of heading the list, while our leading suburban area, Bandra, is ranked just somewhat lower down, Vile Parle and other municipalities following suit.
What is needed in the administration of these suburban municipal bodies, is men who will take a more active, intelligent and earnest interest in the affairs of the areas whose care they have been entrusted with. I, therefore, think it would not be out of the way if I appealed to rate payers of our suburbs that in the forthcoming elections good care should be taken to see that the proper men are chosen to represent their respective wards. Then and only then can we hope for improvement in our present state of municipal administration.

ANNUAL SPORTS AT BANDRA.

Bombay has nearly gone crazy over the Bombay Olympic games. A few days ago Bandra was the venue of a marathon cycle race and now on Sunday is to be held the annual sports of St. Andrew's High School, Bandra.
This promises to be of a very high standard, I mean among schools, for the little I saw of the heats yesterday in which nearly 200 pupils were engaged has given me this opinion.
They are to start at 3 p.m. and are being held on the school ground, which, I must say, is the best play-ground the suburbs can boast of.
I am told that Mr. S. H. Prater, M.L.C., is to preside and Mrs. Prater to distribute the prizes.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 22, 1937

CONGRESS VICTORIES

Polling for the elections having already commenced in Bengal, Assam and the Punjab and full lists of candidates in other provinces having been published, the prospects of the various parties are being warmly discussed everywhere. And it is at last being admitted by all that the Congress is sweeping the polls almost everywhere. The Secretary, Assam Provincial Congress Committee, wires that polling in 22 constituencies is over and that "telegrams indicate Congress victory everywhere". The result of the first election contest in Bengal is a thumping victory for Congress, in which Mr. Santosh Kumar Basu, the Congress candidate secured 7,957 votes as against only 1693 polled by his opponent, Mr. H. K. Mitter of the Nationalist Party, in the Calcutta East Urban General Constituency. This victory is important as being indicative of the general trend of feeling with regard to the communal feeling. It is a decisive triumph of nationalism over communalism.

Congress And Nationalists

A similar triumph is being witnessed in the Punjab. In the typical contest between Dr. Gopichand of the Congress Party and Rai Saheb Ramajaya, the decision success of the former is said to be all but certain. The enthusiasm of the voters for the Congress was so great in Lahore that in obedience to the President's slogan "On Foot To The Polling Booths" numerous voters refused to have any conveyances and went to the booths on foot in processions and voted solid for Congress. Reports from Madras show that five Congress candidates have been returned unopposed to the Assembly and two to the Upper House. All these victories in various provinces confirm the general feeling that the Congress Party is sweeping the polls The success of Congress candidates against Nationalists in several places is likely to persuade many of the latter to withdraw in favour of the Congress while there is yet time. Some Nationalists have already arrived at a settlement with the Congress and it will be excellent for the very cause which they represent, namely, complete independence and the ending of the new Constitution together with the Communal Award, if more of them make common cause with the Congress.

Congress And Labour

The same may be said of the Labour Party and, indeed of all those who realise the need of a united front against imperialism. It is a pity that just when the mutual relations between the National Congress and the Trade Union movement in this country have been getting closer and closer and the joint anti-imperialist front developing with added vigour, some leaders of the movement should have created a situation in this City which, if pursued in, can only result in disaster to Labour and the Trade Union Movement. The campaign that has been started in the name of the Trade Union Congress in support of Mr. Joglekar's candidature to the Bombay Legislative Assembly has led to faction fights among Labour ranks themselves. It has also led to internal defections which threaten to disintegrate the individual Unions. Such a situation is, frankly, not at all creditable and leaders who have the interests of Labour and the Trade Union Movement can ill-afford to persist in a senseless and futile course of action which can in the end, only lead to the complete isolation of the Labour movement from the active field of anti-imperialist struggle. We wish that the Labour leaders who are now engaged in a campaign against the Congress realised the folly of their action. The points of agreement between the Trade Union Congress and the National Congress are to-day more than ever before. The Trade Union Congress has endorsed the Congress Election Manifesto. Both the organisations are pledged to end the New Constitution. Both are agreed on the need for adical changes in the existing social relationships. Both stand for the convoking of a Constituent Assembly as the only authority competent to determine the nature of the Constitution for India. The Congress is fighting the elections on these fundamental principles. In such a fight all the progressive forces in the country must join in the mighty endeavour to defeat the forces ranged against it in the elections. Labour cannot afford to fritter away its energy in opposing the Congress. Such opposition can only strengthen the enemies of the Congress and consequently of those principles on which both the Congress and Labour movement are united. The interests of Labour are best served by whole-hearted co-operation for the complete victory of the Congress at the polls.

Settle The Strike

It is gratifying to note that the latest reports about the B. N. R. strike are more optimistic than they have been during all these weeks. The terms recenty offered by the Agent, though they can by no stretch of imagination be called generous, at any rate indicate a welcome departure from the typical bureaucratic attitude so long displayed by that official. It is to be hoped that the present deliberations between himself and Mr. Giri will afford a reasonable basis for the calling off of the strike, the prolongation of which would only mean a further fall in the railway revenue as also further hardships for the strikers, apart from the continued inconvenience caused to the public. In this connection we would very much wish that instead of entrusting the negotiations on the official side solely to the Agent, the Railway Board, if not the Government of India, should take a direct hand in bringing about a speedy termination of the unfortunate crisis.

The Government of India cannot certainly shirk their responsibilities in this matter, as it is evident from the reply given by Sir M. Zafrulla Khan to Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, that they desire to do. Meanwhile Mr. Kalappa, the General Secretary of the B. N. R. Workers Union, has done well to state the minimum terms, which the Union considers as the 'sine qua non' of an amicable settlement. The unconditional re-instatement of all dismissed workers is naturally the foremost demand of the strikers, and none can say that it is unreasonable on the part of the strikers or impossible of fulfilment by the railway management. We are convinced that, provided there is a right approach, a 'via media' can certainly be found for calling off the strike.

Indo-British Trade Pact

The Secretary of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has done well to issue a statement replying to the observations recently made by the Chairman of the Indian Section of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce. A perusal of the latter is likely to lead one to the conclusion that India's denunciation of the Ottawa Pact is merely a manoeuvring for favourable position. That it is nothing of that sort and is solely prompted by a desire to safeguard her own vital interests is abundantly clear to anybody who has followed the chequered controversy on this subject. The issues, which have been clouded by a number of extraneous considerations, have been once again clearly and categorically expressed by the Federation. Their statement refers to the recent trade treaty between the United Kingdom and the Soviet, and wholeheartedly endorses the principle underlying that treaty, viz., that in a truly reciprocal and 'quid pro quo' trade agreement between any two countries, both visible and invisible imports and exports must be taken into account. Indian commercial opinion would heartily welcome the application of this very salutary principle in arriving at any new trade agreement between Britain and this country.

The Federation, however, has rightly warned that "it is necessary that these trade negotiations should be free from all the political domineering which the U. K. is tempted to exercise in the interests of its own industrial interests." How timely and essential this warning is, is proved once again by the latest decision of the Commons' Lancashire Conservative Members' Committee to take Parliamentary action to impress upon Government the urgent need for ensuring adequate provision for Lancashire trade in any future trade agreement with India. In other words it is proposed to exert political pressure to drive one more unconscionable bargain with this country It is very evident that no fair and lasting trade agreement between India and Britain can be arrived at as long as British businessmen display such a domineering mentality.

Our Readers' Views

Nehru-Jinnah Controversy

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Intelligent repartee is always entertaining and when the parties to the combat happen to be persons no less than the vehement Pandit Nehru and the dexterous Mr. Jinnah, it becomes doubly so. I shall, therefore, be excused for having drawn my share of entertainment from the statements of both. But it would be too selfish not to wish to share with the readers of your esteemed paper the amusement which Mr. Jinnah's reference to the "full-blooded nationalist programme" of the Muslim League produces.

Mr. Jinnah advises the soaring Pandit to come down to earth and fails to see that he himself is busy performing the dangerous trick of crossing the seas on a toy paper boat. For what is Mr. Jinnah's full-blooded nationalist programme but a piece of paper? It is amusing to see Mr. Jinnah who prides himself on being of this earth earthy hug that piece of paper with such pathetic fondness and parade it with such pompous pride. For who shall put that programme into force? Where is the League? Where is even the semblance of an organisation? Are the League nominees to the Legislature men who could stand by that programme? Will Sir Currimbhoy, Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi and Mr. Muhammad Ali Alabuksh, to cite only a few of the eminent League candidates convert the Government of Bombay into a "full-blooded Nationalist Government? Will they effect the repeal of the repressive laws? Will they be able to protect the fundamental liberties of the people?" Can one put one's trust in them and their like to secure the relief of agricultural indebtedness, the nationalisation of the Indian Army and the economic betterment of the people? These are only a few items of the big programme put forth by the League. What is the record of work of these candidates?

A programme without an organisation and a party whose members all pull in different directions can be a solace and a source of strength only to Mr. Jinnah. The Mussalmans can see this farce ending in a chaos of conflicting self-seeking interests. If Mr. Jinnah hopes to achieve anything with this material he is an optimist indeed but he is not on the earth to which he invites the flying Pandit?—Yours etc.,

JALALUDDIN.

Bombay, Jan. 20.

Presidentship Of Indian Merchants' Chamber

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—You have published this morning in the issue of your paper a letter from Mr. L.R. Tairsee in which he first harps upon a convention and then complains of my breaking it by contesting the election for the Presidentship of the Indian Merchants Chamber. I had dealt with this question in my very first letter dated the 13th instant addressed to the members of the Chamber, one of which I believe Mr. Tairsee too has received and read. The point has been subsequently answered by you and many others, yet Mr. Tairsee harps upon it without referring to the answers and completely ignores what the other side has to say. I think Sir, the point has been sufficiently answered and disposed of, yet for Mr. Tairsee's benefit, I may say briefly what my reply to him is. Whoever dispassionately surveys the record of the Chamber must come to the conclusion that the convention is subject to the proviso that when an appropriate occasion arises, it may be set aside and no qualms of conscience were allowed in the past to come in the way of its supercession.

I would dispose of Mr. Tairsee's second point in a few words. The

(Continued On Page 8—Col. 5)

Reform Of Bombay Stock Exchange—II

Survey Of Some Foreign Exchanges

By
M. N. HEBLE, M.A.
(Bom.) B.Sc. (Econ.)
London.)

I stated in my last article that a brief survey of some of the principal Stock Exchanges of the world might enable us better to realise the imperfections of our local Share Bazar and to suggest possible improvements in its organisation.

We shall begin, as is proper, with a survey of the London Stock Exchange. It is easily the leading stock exchange in the world. Further, the Britisher alone seems to possess that capacity for self-discipline which obviates the need for restrictions imposed by an external authority. For instance, the London Stock Exchange is completely self-regulated and there are no legal statutes, so far, dealing specifically with it. Admission, except rarely for those who have served as authorised clerks on the Exchange for four or more years, is only granted on nominations by retiring members in favour of the prospective entrants. The cost of a nomination varies from time to time and has even been known to be as high as £2,000. In addition there is an entrance fee of £600. There is also an annual subscription which is fixed by the committee from time to time. At present it is 100 guineas for most. The members must also provide 3 sureties. The members are elected only for one year and must be re-elected annually. Admission to the Exchange is restricted to the members and their "authorized" and "unauthorized clerks". The former category consists of clerks authorized to deal on behalf of their employers, the latter have no such authority. An admission fee of 30 guineas and an annual subscription of 100 guineas is payable for each authorized clerk; an admission fee of 15 guineas and an annual subscription of 30 guineas for each unauthorized clerk; an annual subscription of 10 guineas for each other clerk.

Interests Of Investing Public

How does the London Stock Exchange try to safeguard the interests of the investing public? In the first place, there is a dual organization of members of the Stock Exchange. On the one hand there are brokers whose function it is to buy or sell securities on behalf of their clients; on the other hand there are jobbers or dealers whose function it is to buy from or sell to the brokers. The jobbers or dealers specialise in certain classes of securities, such as Gilt-edge, Kaffirs. Industrials, Oil, etc. By custom the market for each section is concentrated in some particular part of the Stock Exchange building and is thus easy to locate. The jobbers have no direct relations with the public. It is only the brokers who come in contact with it. The brokers, as a rule, are only the agents of their clients. They cannot act as principals. In the rare cases when they can satisfy their clients' requirements from their own holdings, they must disclose the fact to those clients, and even such deals are negotiated through some jobber. For otherwise, the broker would not be entitled to any commission. Thus the broker's interests as an agent of the client are not allowed to clash with his personal interests as a principal. Brokers and jobbers may not become partners in the same firm. Their mutual relations are governed by regulations of the Stock Exchange. Further, the scale of commission chargeable by the brokers is also fixed.

Control Of Speculation

Speculation, that is to say, buying on margin and selling short, is not taboo. But it is not allowed to reach excessive levels by the brokers themselves, who insist on definite margin requirements. The brokers would hardly undertake to deal on behalf of clients before they have satisfied themselves about their credentials. A high standard of professional conduct has been built up to which the members of the Stock Exchange must adhere to assure themselves of re-election every year. Gilt-edge are dealt on a cash basis. There is fortnightly settlement for others.

Berlin Exchange

We shall turn next to Berlin, not because it is the second in magnitude but because it is among the most closely regulated Stock Exchanges. There are no entrance fees for new members. Here, we are told, in the admission of members, greater regard is paid to their character rather than to their resources. It would seem stock-broking is quite a respectable occupation in Germany. The annual subscription is not the same for all, but varies with the amount and volume of business for each firm. Admission to the House is restricted to brokers and their authorized employees for whom fees are payable. There is no distinction between jobbers and brokers. But the investor is protected in other ways. Orders to buy, and orders to sell are not at prices quoted by the broker. At the end of a session, the orders to buy and the orders to sell a particular scrip are "married." The price, for the day, is fixed by official brokers appointed for that purpose, and depends on the relation of demand to the supply of particular scrips on any one day. There is only one price for all the transactions of a similar nature in a given Scrip, and the investor can easily verify that price. Thus there is no danger that the broker may subordinate his interests as an agent to his interests as a principal in any given deal.

Most transactions are on a cash basis. Each transaction is finally settled two days after it has been entered into. There is no "trading for account" and speculation is definitely frowned upon. The Stock Exchange is more of national than international importance.

The system is similar on other German Stock Exchanges. In some the provincial governments appoint an official to watch over the transactions. This official or commissioner has the power to attend all the meetings of the Stock Exchange Committees.

The other Stock Exchanges may be briefly dismissed. Since 1934, all United States Stock Exchanges are governed by the Securities Exchanges Act of 1934. There is a Securities Exchange Commission consisting of five members appointed by the President of the United States, on the advice and consent of the Senate, whose duty is to supervise and regulate all the Stock Exchanges over which it has jurisdiction. Short selling and deals in options, except as provided for in the regulations issued by the commission from time to time are prohibited. Brokers must insist on the margin requirements being fulfilled before putting through any deals. The Federal Reserve Board has authority to vary the margin requirements from time to time. There is no "dealing for account." Bargains entered into on any one day are carried out on the next day but one.

Similarly, there is no "trading for account" in Amsterdam, except in the shares of the Netherlands India Trading Co., for which there is a monthly settlement. Nor is there any trading for account on the Paris Parquet market, though it is rampant on the less organised and the less exclusive Coulisse.

This leads us to the question—How are things managed on the Bombay Stock Exchange at present?

FRANKLY SPEAKING

HOSTILITIES IN CHINA

Hostilities have begun between the Chinese Government forces and Shensi rebels under General Yang-hu-Chen on the expiry of the Armistice. It is tragic, but happily the Civil War is limited in its scope. The Communists, it is significant to note, are not taking part in the quarrel although large detachments are reported to be astride the railway between Huahsien and Sianfu. The so-called Communists being essentially Nationalist patriots concerned mainly with rescuing China from the Imperialist grasp of Japan, their attitude may well mean that the rebel General is interested more in self-aggrandisement and has tacked on the anti-Japanese demand in his conditions to Nanking for mere tactical reasons. If that is so, he deserves to be beaten thoroughly. But the duties of Nanking will not end by overcoming the rebel General. They will only begin—if Nanking is genuine.

ROOSEVELT'S PLEDGE

In his election to the Presidentship of the U. S. A. for the second term, Franklin Roosevelt was supported, on the basis of his record not so much of achievement as of effort, by the poor and those who were genuinely interested in the urgent problems of poverty. But they wondered if he would manage to remember his sympathies after his election. His inaugural address will still make them wonder, but with less apprehension and more optimism. The address does not give any concrete pledge, but it does hold out some hopes. Much of it is, of course, platitudinous. But the recognition of the "cancers of injustice causing want in the midst of plenty" is welcome. So is also the truth that "the challenge to American Democracy was the tens of millions of citizens, who this very moment, are denied the greater part of what the very lowest standards to-day call the necessities of life.' Mr. Roosevelt is no Socialist, but if he means to face the implications of his own "pledge" he will have to fight American Big Business and vested Interests.

THE REAL ISSUE

Sardar Sant Singh has issued a sharp rejoinder to the warning administered to him by the Punjab Government for the unanimous resolution of the Lahore Municipal Committee to present an address of welcome to the President of the Congress at their own expense. He very rightly reminds the Government not to forget the real issue, namely whether the Deputy Commissioner has any jurisdiction to suspend a unanimous resolution of the Municipal Committee. If local self-government has any meaning such an order should be 'ultra vires.' But such anomalies and "legal" illegalities are a daily feature of the bureaucratic rule in India. They only help to remind us of the essential absurdity of the entire system which has the sanction of Imperialist law in this country. Incidentally, the rousing reception which Pandit Jawaharlal got everywhere in Punjab ought to be an eye-opener to the Lahore Deputy Commissioner if he has still any illusion that his petty bans can in any way minimise the Congress President's prestige and popularity.

A TOUCHING APPEAL

With feeling and sincerity which no sane person can doubt Coroner Athavle has "in the name of God" made yet another fervent appeal to the Gujarati community to take precautions against the stove-tragedies. It is a painful experience for him, indeed, as he observed, to see the charred remains of young victims day after day and if on previous occasions he has used language which was too harsh or too sweeping in its generalizations it was, no doubt, prompted by an accumulated anguish at the persisting tragedies. On the present occasion Mr. Athavle exercised commendable restraint and made a pathetic plea for the exercise of necessary caution to avert such tragedies. Let us hope his words will not go in vain.

Muslims And Assembly Elections

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—A 'Muslim Voter' has rightly said in the "Chronicle" that Mussalmans of Bombay City South Mohammadan constituency should vote for Mr. Syed Abdullah Brelvi and should make his candidature successful for the forthcoming Assembly election.

Musalmans are aware of the fact that Mr. Syed Abdullah Brelvi is a silent and sincere worker in the cause of his community and country at large.

Mr. Brelvi, as every Musalman knows, is a man of unassuming character and with no desire to come into the limelight of publicity and the press.

Mr. Brelvi has stood on Congress Ticket from A,B,C and D Wards. It is the duty of every young man without any consideration of the League and the Congress to vote for him as the man who did so much in the past and will do much more in the future and who undoubtedly is the ablest of all the candidates standing for election from the Muslim constituencies.—Yours, etc.,

MOHAMMAD ABDUL HAFIZ
Bombay.

A Lucknow candidate, who is not a Congressman, and is, in fact, opposing the Congress nominee, says apropos of his use of the National Flag in his campaign, "I adhere to the view that every Indian is entitled to use the National Flag."

Good. This establishes the National universality of the Congress Tricolour (with due and humble apologies to Sir Robert Bell and the bureaucracy).

* * * *

The London "Daily Herald" says, "The closing passage of Mr. Eden's speech was at once an offer to Germany and a warning. Neither should be disregarded."

And, if it is, Mr. Eden will disregard the latter half of the closing passage.

* * * *

The world, said Mr. Eden, cannot be cured by pacts and treaties or by political creeds, no matter what they may be."

Eden himself has been trying to cure the world by submitting to rapes on pacts and treaties and breaking them himself too

* * * *

Having damned pacts and treaties Eden concluded by appealing for the acceptance "of such international machinery for settlement of disputes as will make the League of Nations a benefit to all and a servitude to none."

It is rumoured that the Emperor of Abyssinia read the speech in his retreat and Marshal Chiang Kai Shek in his bureau, and both loudly shouted, "Hear, hear."

It is also rumoured that Signor Mussolini and General Goering, on behalf of Herr Hitler, exchanged winks while choking with efforts to suppress loud laughter.

* * * *

Germany, says the official organ of Wilhelmstrasse, is ready to collaborate with all States which want to fit into the community of nations and do not display the instincts of beasts of prey towards the community.

Isn't that a delightful example of self-exclusion and won't it embarrass Goering at Rome?

* * * *

Marshal Graziani's move from Addis Ababa to Irragalou portends the most exhaustive military operations since the occupation of Addis Ababa, etc., etc., says a Rome cable.

What does the Right Honourable Anthony Eden say to the morality and legality of all this?

* * * *

"Berlin: Jany. 20.

As the outcome of the Japanese-German anti-Communist agreement, a joint commission has now been established 'to consider necessary defensive measures to combat the disintegrating work of the Comintern.' "—Reuter.

Is it not time for the "Democracies" of Europe to establish a joint commission and devise defensive measures to combat the disintegrating work of the Comintern? Its legality even, *a la* Eden would be unquestionable. And, of course, its urgent morality is obvious.

But we doubt if Eden will dare. Being a very British statesman, he will solemnly advocate the demands of "Reality."

* * * *

We have received the following letter from Reuters:—

"In this morning's issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" in the column headed 'Tete-a-Tete' you write: 'Reuter, believe it or not, did India the honour of reporting her opinion by quoting the views of three representative Indian papers: The "Times of India," the "Statesman" and the "Star of India."

Since the implication appears to us to be that we quoted only these newspapers as illustrative of the opinions held in India, we shall be obliged if you will inform your readers that we also telegraphed to London comments from the "Bombay Chronicle," the "Bombay Samachar," the "Bombay Sentinel," the "A. B. Patrika," the "Hindu" and other Indian newspapers, which were prominently published."

Our mistake, which lies in being led by the report in that great organ of British Democracy and Socialism, the "Daily Herald."

* * * *

"He that courts and runs away may live to court another day,"

"But he who courts and does not wed may find himself in court instead."

Standing Finance Committee Walk-Out

ASAF ALI'S PROTEST TO GRIGG

Foretaste Of Spirit In Which Reforms Would Be Worked!

NEW BELHI: January 21.

At to-day's meeting of the Standing Finance Committee of the Legislative Assembly, over which Sir James Grigg presided, Mr. Asaf Ali, the Congress Whip, walked out protesting against the alleged refusal of Sir James Grigg to postpone the consideration of the memorandum on the functions of the Standing Finance Committee in view of the absence of Pandit G. B. Pant, Deputy-Leader of the Congress Party, who, Mr. Asaf Ali said, was particularly interested in the matter.

Mr. Asaf Ali interpreted this as disregard of the chief Opposition Party and a foretaste of the spirit in which the much-advertised reforms would be worked. Enquiries made showed that other members of the Committee considered Mr. Asaf Ali's action unwarranted and business was proceeded with. Coming out, one member jocularly remarked: "Perhaps the incident is a dress rehearsal of what is designed for the meeting of the Assembly proper on Monday next."—A.P.

ASAF ALI EXPLAINS

NEW DELHI: Jany. 21.

The reason why he walked out from the meeting of the Standing Finance Committee was explained by Mr. Asaf Ali, in a statement to the Associated Press.

Mr. Asaf Ali writes that he had been advised by Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant that owing to his absence on election tour, he had not received the agenda of the meeting. Mr. Asaf Ali doubted whether several other members of the Committee received the agenda. He, therefore, communicated the request of Pandit Pant to Sir James Grigg that, apart from the non-receipt of the agenda, since the agenda contained a very important memorandum regarding the functions of the Standing Finance Committee in which the Congress Party and particularly, Pandit Pant, were specially interested, Sir James Grigg should postpone consideration of the memorandum to some other day.

Mr. Asaf Ali further writes that, so far as he could gather Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed was of the same view but the Chairman and the remaining members of the Committee opposed the postponement.

"There was nothing else left for me after this but to mark my protest by leaving the Committee to continue its deliberations, to which it was perfectly obvious that my participation could not make the slightest difference."—A.P.

"UNWARRANTED"

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, January 21.

With reference to the incident at the meeting of the Standing Finance Committee this morning, enquiries made from different sources indicate that notice to members of the Committee as to the date of the meeting with the connected papers was sent to them over a week ago. The memorandum in question was in the possession of all members in the Simla session and attempts to hold an early meeting of the Standing Finance Committee was not possible owing to the pre-occupation of the members.

The meeting this morning was representative which, however was not attended by the Congress members. In view of the Committee, the memorandum in question was a little more than a restatement of the present state of affairs and no radical change of procedure was proposed.

The members present strongly felt that there was no necessity for any postponement and any request to that effect was unreasonable at this stage. The members of the Committee were of the opinion that the walk-out of Mr. Asaf Ali was unwarranted. Two members stated that little importance was attached to the incident, which was in fact regarded as merely a dress rehearsal of what was designed for the meeting of the Assembly proper on Monday.

TRAM LINE IN ANDAMANS

Bombay To Have Office And Studio For Broadcasting Station

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

Tram line through Andaman forests, new office and studio building for Bombay Broadcasting Station and new Customs House Office at Chittagong are among the schemes, for which the Standing Finance Committee of the Assembly has approved an expenditure totalling several lakhs of rupees. In Andamans tram lines will be built to carry timber to the coast. The Chittagong Customs House, which was originally a military godown is on the point of collapse. It is intended to build a bungalow at the cost of Rs. 1,20,000.

In Delhi, quarters will be built for the staff of Government Press at a cost of Rs. 4,00,000 which is eventually recoverable in the form of rent for the quarters; also quarters will be built for the staff of the Federal Court at an expenditure of Rs. 2,90,000, which is also recoverable as rent.

A building will be acquired in Bombay to accommodate the Mercantile Marine Department Embarkation Office, Broadcasting Office and studio at Bombay at a cost of over Rs. 3,00,000.—A.P.

OUTLAY ON 'PHONE EXCHANGES

Many Lines To Be Extended

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

Considerable improvement and erection of telephone exchanges and circuits would result from the expenditure of over Rs. 70,80,000 which the Standing Finance Committee of the Assembly approved to-day while most of the expenditure would be on extension of telephone system. Certain amount is proposed for building.

Among important schemes will be installation of automatic exchange at New Delhi at a cost of over five lakhs of rupees, installation of multi-channel equipment between Bombay and New Delhi (Rs. 5,45,000), installation of multi-channel carrier between Bombay and Madras (Rs. 4,28,000), trunk telephone facilities from Poona (Rs. 1,00,000), installation of two copper wires between Bombay and Poona for alternative circuit (Rs. 48,000), extension of Karachi General Post Office building (Rs. 1,00,000), erection of telephone line between Chakdara and Citral (Rs. 2,00,000), and new departmental exchanges at Dholka and Dhandukha and additional cables for Lucknow telephone.—A.P.

ARYA MARRIAGE VALIDATION BILL

Govt. Not Interested If Sponsor Remains Absent

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

The Associated Press understands that Mr. G. S. Gupta, M.L.A., has informed the Leader of the House that owing to Party whip, he will not be able to attend during the first week of the Assembly session, when the Arya Samaj Marriage Validating Bill will be discussed. Mr. Gupta, therefore, has requested the Leader of the House to get the Bill passed.

It is understood that he has been informed that if the sponsor is not sufficiently interested in the Bill, Government cannot undertake to fight his battle.—A.P.

JYOTIRMOYEE GANGULY RESIGNS

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

Miss Jyotirmoyee Ganguly, whose request for nomination as a Congress candidate had been turned down, has written to the acting President of the Committee resigning her membership of the Congress "till the time comes for faith to be revived and justice to be restored."—A.P.

BRITISH CREDIT TO FRANCE

Doubts Regarding Present Level Of Franc And Flight Of Gold

LONDON, Jan. 21.

Reuter learns that the new British credit to help the French Treasury over the lean period, until tax revenue responds to the expected trade recovery, is now entering a practical stage. The total assistance may even exceed the previous 40 million sterling credit. It is considered possible that Holland and Switzerland will participate.

The principal obstacle appears to be British insistence on gold backing, which the French are reluctant to provide.

Robert Benson Company, Limited, in its bankers' monthly letter doubts the permanent maintenance of the franc at the present level, in view of the failure of the Blum Government to secure the confidence of the Rentier Class and bring about large-scale capital repatriation. Benson estimates French gold loss, for the last two months, at the least at 50 million sterling, which, except for the receipt of Spanish Government gold, would probably have forced. M. Vincent Auriol to further devaluation or at least to lower the permissible limit.

The letter admits, however, that it is indisputably true that there are clear signs of commercial and industrial improvement in France which the unemployment figures fully reflect.—Reuter.

NO CHANGE IN ASSEMBLY DATES

Desai And Pant To Meet Sir A. Rahim

NEW DELHI: Jany. 21.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Leader of the Opposition in the Assembly, arrived here this evening. Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant arrives here to-morrow morning. Mr. Asaf Ali was present at the station to meet Mr. Desai.

The Chief Whip of the Congress Party will apprise the leaders of the talks he had with the President of the Assembly about the alteration of dates of business in the Assembly to accommodate a large number of absentees among the Opposition.

Mr. Desai and Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant will meet Sir Abdur Rahim and discuss the situation. Present indications, however, suggest that there is little likelihood of dates even for non-official days being changed.—United Press.

PARTY LEADERS' CONFERENCE

NEW DELHI: Jany. 21.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly arrived here this evening.

Interviewed by the Associated Press he expressed his inability to say anything about the Party's Assembly programme before discussing with Pandit G. B. Pant, who is arriving to-morrow, such matter relating to business in the Assembly as required immediate attention. He attached no importance to the conference of the Party leaders called by the President of the Assembly on Jan. 25, as, he said, there was nothing unusual or unprecedented about it. He would not be here on Jan. 25. Otherwise he would have attended it.

Mr. Desai declined to make a statement regarding the incident this morning at the meeting of the Standing Finance Committee, leading up to Mr. Asaf Ali's walk-out. He said that, after consultation with Pandit Pant, he will settle the details of his election tour in U.P. He will be probably leaving Delhi on Jan. 23. Mr. Desai is due in Calicut on Jan. 29 for the Kerala Provincial Conference which starts on that date.—A.P.

"Our Stock Exchange"

Correction

In the fourth article appearing in our issue of the 20th inst. by G. V. Patel, there are some misprints, which should be read as under:—

Para 3—"Stop our trading"—should be "stop over-trading."

Para 9—"Price fluctuations must be limited to 30 per cent. on the upward side,"—should be "Price fluctuations must be limited to 20 per cent. on upward side."

IRAQ PREMIER DEAD

BEIRUT: Jany. 21.

The death has occurred of Yasin Pasha Al Hashimi, the Premier of Iraq, at the time of military 'coup' in October last.—Reuter.

Railway Board's Denial

No Communication To B. N. Railway Regarding Strike Settlement

HOPES OF GIRI MEETING AGENT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

Hopes of a settlement of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Strike have been raised by reports that meeting may shortly take place between Mr. V. E. D. Jarrad, Agent, B. N. Railway, and Mr. V. V. Giri, the Workers' representative.

TO INTERVIEW AGENT?

It is understood that prior to his departure from Delhi last night Mr. Giri stated he was returning to Calcutta with the object of asking the Agent to grant him an interview. If the Agent believes that any useful purpose would be served by granting an interview, he will do so.

RAILWAY BOARD'S DENIAL

With reference to the statement which appeared this morning that the Railway Board have communicated to the B. N. Railway, urging the desirability of an early settlement, the Associated Press is authoritatively informed that the Railway Board, while hoping that a way out may be found have made no such communication and that a settlement of the strike question has been left to the Agent.—A.P.

COLD SHOULDER TO MINISTRY

Angry Scenes On Opening Day Of Japanese Diet

TOKYO, January 21.

The Ministers had an unenthusiastic reception when the Diet reassembled to-day. The House of Peers greeted the Ministerial speeches with deal silence, while in the Lower House, speeches were interrupted by jeers, laughter and cries of "No."

The voice of the Premier when he tried to reply to an interpellator was drowned by interruptions and he finally left the rostrum angrily.

The session is attracting close attention. The recent rapid increase in commodity prices is causing uneasiness throughout the nations and the question is likely to become a vital political issue. It is believed that the chief political parties demand protection of Parliamentary Government, rejection of Fascist tendencies and prohibition of military interference in politics and foreign policy.—Reuter.

"INSULT TO ARMY"

Diet Session Suspended For Two Days

TOKYO, January 21.

At the request of Mr. Hirota, an Imperial Rescript has been issued suspending the Diet session for two days in the hope that meanwhile political parties will alter their hostile attitude to Government.

The position in the Diet is reported to have developed seriously owing to a statement by Mr. Hamada, a veteran member of the Seiyukai Party, which the Minister for War, General Terauchi, alleged was an insult to the Army.—Reuter.

"NO SPECIAL ENQUIRY"

Butler's Reply To Justice Cunliffe's Remarks

LONDON: Jany. 21.

Asked in the House of Commons by Mr. Thomas Williams whether an inquiry had been or would be made by the Bengal Government into the Administration and application of Criminal Law in Bengal by Magistrates and Judges in view of the observations of Justice Cunliffe, Mr. Butler in a written reply said that Justice Cunliffe's remarks referred to a particular case and were not of general application. It was not proposed to hold any special enquiry as the High Court had already dealt with the case in question.—Reuter.

"Hsin-Peking's" Crew Safe

SHANGHAI, Jan. 21.

The destroyer "Dainty" proceeded on her voyage to Weihaiwei, after leaving an armed guard aboard the "Hsin Peking", whose passengers have been transferred to rescue ships.

All hands are reported safe.—Reuter.

MAHATMA'S TRIUMPH

(Continued From Page 1)

left for Madras to-day 'en route' to Wardha.

He boarded the train this morning at Kottarakara, 56 miles from Trivandrum and was seen off by Mr. Changanacherri K. Parameswaram Pillai, President, Kerala Harijan Sevak Sangh and other leaders of the Harijan Sangh.

The Temple-Entry Proclamation has thrown open all State-controlled temples to Harijans and now a large number of private temples have also been thrown open to Harijans. This morning a prominent Nanbudiri (which community is the most orthodox), announced that 16 private temples had been thrown open to Harijans.

At all the temples, which Gandhiji visited large numbers of Harijans worshipped with him.—A.P.

IMPLICATIONS OF PROCLAMATION

Mahatma On Maharaja's Responsibilities

KOTTARAKARA (Travancore) Jan. 21.

The whirlwind tour of Mahatma Gandhi in Travancore concluded to-day. Addressing huge meetings at the places visited, he exhorted people to live upto the implications of the proclamation on temple entry. He addressed over 30 meetings and worshipped in all important State and private temples.

The last day of the tour was a strenuous one. He motored over 50 miles and addressed 6 meetings.

At Pandalam, he addressed a large gathering sketching out a four-fold programme for the uplift of Harijans and appealed to the Maharaja and his advisers to consider the programme and give effect to the same.

Said Gandhiji:—

"Great as the proclamation is and great as its merits are, greater still is the responsibility which the Maharaja has taken upon his shoulders and so also his advisers. Without any effort of even a single Savarna Hindu, the proclamation can undoubtedly be rendered ineffective. I may almost say that the proclamation would not have the full effect unless, it is backed in ample measure by the State Acts. So far I can see the proclamation demands State activity in all departments of life.

"I venture to suggest that it is the duty of the State to see that the temples are renovated spiritually. I believe this can be done, if they are in charge of the priests who know what they have got to do and who know something of the sanctity of temples. They ought not to be ignorant of people following occupation for getting mere livelihood. They should be men who should be proud of that privilege of bringing the message of God to temple-goers.

"Temples have got to be abodes of real God, and not abodes of gold and metal-worked figures."

Proceeding Mahatma Gandhi said that the State should undertake the economic uplift of Harijans, as well as their social and educational improvement.

Concluding, Gandhiji said that he had been enjoying the greatest happiness of soul during the nine days of pilgrimmage and he prayed that God would make communion between the people of Travancore and Him, daily stronger.

Mahatma Gandhi leaves for Madras, reaching there on Friday morning.—United Press.

MAHATMA TO VISIT GUNTUR

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

After finishing his Travancore tour, Mahatma Gandhi is arriving here to-morrow morning by the Trivandrum Express. He leaves for a short tour in the cyclone-stricken area in the Guntur district to-morrow night by the Calcutta Mail.

He stays at the Kodambakam Harijan Industrial Training Centre during his short sojourn in Madras.—United Press.

FREE CHURCH AND CORONATION

LONDON, Jan. 21.

It is officially announced that in view of the nature of the service, it is found impossible for Free Churchmen actually to participate in the Coronation service itself, but six representatives of Free Churches will be given places in the great procession and in the Sanctuary, where the Coronation takes place.

The representatives comprise the Moderator of the Federal Council, Presidents of the Free Church Council, the Methodist Conference and the Baptist Union the Moderator of the Presbyterian Church of England and the Chairman of the Congregational Union of England of Wales.—Reuter's Special.

1,000 Students Strike In Protest Against Professor

Three Persons Arrested: Sensation Throughout Amritsar

AMRITSAR, Jan. 21

Election fever is at a high pitch in Punjab.

To-day's polling for the Sikh constituency has led to a serious clash between supporters of rival groups resulting in serious injuries to several persons and a strike by students of Khalsa College.

It is alleged that a party of Khalsa College students who were supporting Congress candidate, Sardar Mohan Singh, after visiting various polling stations were passing by the camp of the rival candidate, Sardar Santokh Singh, in a procession, when supporters of Sardar Santokh Singh apparently enraged at this demonstration attacked the students. A hand-to-hand fight ensued resulting in injuries to several persons.

A fourth-year student of Khalsa college is reported to have been removed to hospital in a serious condition.

Police arrived at the scene and restored order after effecting three arrests. The arrested persons were enlarged on bail.

The incident had its immediate sequel.

Students of the Khalsa College have gone on strike as a protest, it is alleged, against one of their professors joining hands with the rival group in assaulting them.

One thousand students have gone on strike as a sequel to this and a large number of boarders in Khalsa College hostels have refused to take food. Students are vigorously supporting Congress nominees.

It is apprehended that students of other Amritsar colleges will declare a sympathetic strike soon.—United Press.

MAHARASHTRA MUST VINDICATE HERSELF

Vote For Congress And Show Up Pretence Of Unwanted Reforms Exhorts Sardar

POONA, Jan. 21.

A vast sea of hands was raised when Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the President of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee, after addressing for 75 minutes the biggest election meeting ever held in Poona City, asked the mammoth audience whether they would all vote for Congress. "Thanks! Now you have given your word and it is up to you to keep it and see that Poona votes 'en masse' for Congress." He said. "Can I count on it?" A thunderous 'yes' greeted the question.

Sardar Vallabhbhai, accompanied by Miss Maniben Patel, arrived by the Madras Express and detrained at Bambudha station where he was received by Shankarrao Deo, Mr. Deogirikar and many other Congress leaders. He motored direct to Shanwar Wada where he was enthusiastically welcomed by the large audience, which was comprised of Brahmins, non-Brahmins, Muslims and Christians.

NEED FOR UNITY.

Although he looked weak and unwell Sardar Patel spoke vehemently for an hour and a quarter, making an impassioned appeal to his listeners to vote Congress. He said that it was the special obligation of Poona and Maharashtra to vote for Congress for it was the late Tilak who first gave the present reorientation to Congress politics. It was their duty to see that Congress succeeded. He said that he had not come to preach hatred of anybody, least of all of their own brethren, but to teach them to love unity. "Remember that those opposing us to-day will have to work with us to-morrow." Our greatest need is unity; our subjection is due to our weakness; our weakness is due to disunity."

Speaking of the Councils, Sardar Vallabhbhai said that the Councils would not bring Swaraj. "These Councils are utilised to our disadvantage and we are sending our men to the Councils to guard against the misuse of the name of the people for Government's action. Councils were only meant for this Seva (service) not for Savari (Parading).

VOTE FOR FREE INDIA.

Concluding, he asked: "Will Poona and Maharashtra acquesce in Government's plans and endorse its actions, or will they help the country to show up the pretence of the unwanted reforms and demonstrate the country's right to self-determination to govern herself. Let Maharashtra vindicate itself; let it show that it is solidly for a free India. Why fight amongst ourselves and help to make stronger and more secure the position of the third party? Let us sink our differences and unite to become free" (Cheers). When he asked how many were voting for Congress, hands on all sides were raised when he asked if anybody was against the Congress, four hands were raised. And when asked of anybody was neutral laughter rang out with cries of no, no. He concluded "keep your word; vote for Congress; win over the stragglers who are bold enough to admit that they have not yet realised" (Cheers).—A.P.

WHY QUARREL OVER FALSE ISSUES

"Vote For Congress Is Vote For Independence"

POONA, Jan. 22.

"The guns and other weapons of the foreigners are not so fearsome as his wiles. We must beware of his tactics that create disunity and dissensions in our midst," declared Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel addressing another largely attended meeting to-night in Poona Cantonment.

The Sardar warned them that they should not be drawn into a quarrel over false issues. To fight over the reforms which were only one anna in the rupee of Independence they desired, was futile. It was better that they fight for the remaining 15 annas that had not been given them. The Congress was fighting for the complete rupee of Independence and a vote for Congress meant a vote for Independence, full and complete.

Criticising communal tendencies, he said that there was no greater shame than cringing before the foreigners for favours and decrying sister communities. They all should learn self-reliance.

Concluding, he exhorted them all to vote for Congress.

Mr. Patel is leaving for Ahmednagar this morning by car.—A.P.

SARDAR STARTS ON MAHARASHTRA TOUR

To Return After A Week

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Central Congress Parliamentary Board, who has been in the Nursing Home till three days ago started on his Maharashtra tour on Thursday. He left for Poona by the Madras Express. He will tour the whole Province of Maharashtra, accompanied by Mr. Shankerrao Deo, in connection with the Congress Election Campaign. He was accompanied by Maniben Patel from Bombay.

The Sardar, though just out of the Nursing Home, looked pulled down and has not yet got over his illness. He is returning to Bombay after a week.

HITLER'S REPLY TO EDEN

Speech To Be Delivered At Reich Meeting On Jan. 30

BERLIN, January 21.

It is expected in well-informed quarters that Herr Hitler will reply publicly to Mr. Eden's speech in the House of Commons, on January 19, where an appeal was made to Germany to co-operate with other nations for peace. Herr Hitler is at present studying the full text of Mr. Eden's speech at Berchtesgaden and the reply is expected to be delivered at the meeting of the Reichstag on January 30.

Meanwhile, further Franco-German talks have occurred and according to diplomatic circles, the question of negotiation is in the air.

It is believed that Herr Hitler is pondering in the Bavarian mountains on the advisability of making a definite statement as to whether and how Germany is prepared to meet a would-be negotiator halfway, provided the other side was ready to negotiate with Germany on a basis of perfect equality.—Reuter.

'VARSITY CONSTITUENCY MUST VOTE FOR MUNSHI

A Brilliant Record Of 20 Years' Service To City And Presidency

The Propaganda Secretary of the Bombay City Congress Parliamentary Committee in an appeal to University voters enrolled in the Bombay University Constituency says:

The Congress candidate for the Bombay University Constituency is Mr. K. M. Munshi. Please remember that your voting papers must reach the Collector of Bombay on or before 23rd January. You have to send the voting papers by Registered Post, which is the only method allowed.

Kindly note that the procedure for voting in your Constituency is different from that in General Constituencies and also from what it hitherto was in respect of this same constituency. You will kindly read the following hints and punctiliously carry out the instructions therein contained.

HINTS.

1. A ballot paper with counterfoil will be sent to you to the address shown in the electoral roll. If you have changed your address please keep the Post Office informed of the change.

2. Sign the counterfoil in the presence of a gazetted 'Revenue' or 'Judicial' officer, or of a Magistrate or Justice of Peace who has to sign the certificate on the counterfoil.

3. Please put one cross only against the name of Mr. K. M. Munshi in the ballot paper. You are not to do this in the presence of the Officer or Magistrate or J.P., who signs the counterfoil.

4. Separate the Ballot paper from the counterfoil; put the ballot paper in an envelope and close the same. Attach the counterfoil to the envelope.

5. Put the envelope with the counterfoil attached in another envelope and close that also.

6. Send the envelope by Registered Post to the Collector of Bombay so as to reach him before 23rd February, 1937.

7. With respect to hint No. 2 special attention has to be drawn to the fact that it is not any gazetted officer in whose presence the counterfoil is to be signed. The Gazetted officer must be a Judicial or Revenue officer. The other persons in whose presence the counterfoil may be signed are Magistrates and Justices of Peace.

HINTS TO VOTERS IN INDIAN STATES.

Attention has to be drawn to the fact that the University constituency is a non-territorial constituency and voters enrolled in this constituency are entitled to participate in the election of a member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly whether they reside in British India or any Indian States.

The voters, who are residing in any Indian State, have to take the trouble to find out some Gazetted Revenue or Judicial Officer of the British Government or a Magistrate appointed by the British Government or a Justice of Peace, because the counterfoil attached to the ballot paper must be signed in the presence of such an official.

Mr. KANIALAL MANEKLAL MUNSHI, (B.A., LL.B., (Advocate, Congress Nominee for the Legislative Assembly, from University Constituency).

Munshi Kanialal Maneklal, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, Bombay High Court was born in 1887 (29, Dec) M. Lilavathi Sheth, an authoress of repute in Gujarati Language. Educated in Dalal High School, Broach, Graduated from Baroda College in 1906; LL.B. of Bombay University in 1910. Enrolled as Advocate, Bombay High Court in 1913.

He was the Joint Editor of "Young India" in 1915; Secretary of the Bombay Home Rule League between 1919-1920. President, Sahitya Sansad, Bombay since 1922. Editor of "Gujarat" between 1922-1931. Fellow of the Bombay University since 1925; Vice-President of the Gujarati Sahitya Parishad (Literary Conference) since 1926. Member of the Syndicate of the Bombay University, 1932-1936. Served on the Baroda University Commission, September, 1926. Chairman of the Gujarati Board of Studies of the Bombay University 1927. Member of the Bombay Legislative Council for the Bombay University, 1927-1930.

He was Chairman of the Committee of the Government of Bombay to introduce compulsory physical training in schools, 1927. Served on the Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay on the reorganisation of the primary and secondary education. Was member of the Academic Council and Board of Post-Graduate Studies, Bombay University, 1929.

Arrested 21st April, 1930 for Salt Satyagraha and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. Substitute member of the Working Committee of the All-India Congress Committee, 1930. Member of the All-India Congress Committee 1930-36.

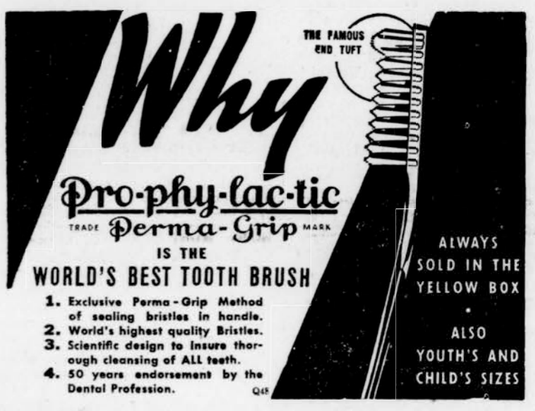
Was arrested again in January, 1932 and was sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment for Civil Disobedience. Secretary of the Congress Parliamentary Board in 1934. Reputed author and the publications are:—

Novels:—Prithvi Vallabh; Pattani—Prabhuta; Gujaratno Nath; Rajadhiraj; Bhagavan Kautilya; Verni Vasulat. Kono Vank; Swapna Drashta; Sneh Sambhram.

Pauranic Plays: Purandar Parajaya; Avibhakta Atma; Tarpan; Putra Samovadi; Dhruvaswamini Devi; Kakani Shashi.

Social Plays: Vava Sothnu Swathantrya; Be Kharab Jan; Ajnankit; Brahmacharyashram; Shishu and Sakhi; Thodank Rasa Darshena; Adi Vachano; Lopa Mudra. Parts. I.—IV; Gujarat and its Literature; etc. And also several other short stories, etc.

Address, 26, Ridge Road, Bombay—6.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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. V. S. Bhide, I.C.S., on return from deputation to the Indian Legislative Assembly, to be Collector, Dharwar, vice Mr. W. Dillon, I.C.S.

Mr. Shridhar Balkrishna Vaidya, on return from leave, to officiate temporarily as Collector, Dharwar, from the date on which he takes over charge from Mr. W. Dillon, I.C.S., till relieved by Mr. V. S. Bhide, I.C.S.

A temporary appointment of a Second Grade Deputy Collector is created for six months, and Mr. Murlidhar Krishnaji Deshpande is appointed to hold it and to do duty as District Deputy Collector, Sholapur, vice Mr. V. B. Raju.

Mr. A. D. Mufti, Assistant to the Divisional Forest Officer, Dharwar-Bijapur, to act as Divisional Forest Officer, E. D., Kanara, vice Mr. R. F. Sandeman.

Mr. A. D. Mufti, Assistant to the Divisional Forest Officer, Dharwar-Bijapur, to be Divisional Forest Officer, North Khandesh, vice Mr. V. N. Hasabnis.

The Governor of Bombay has appointed the Thakor of Kerwada Honorary Aide-de-Camp from 1st January 1937.

AGRA CIVIC ADDRESS TO JAWAHAR

AGRA CITY, Jan. 21.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, arrived here this morning and addressed meetings at Firozabad, Etmadpurbah and Fatehabad.

The Agra Municipal Board will present him with an address this evening.—A. P.

R. A. F. BOMBERS FOR SINGAPORE

CAWNPORE, January 21.

Eleven R.A.F. bombers and six Valencia troop-carriers left to-day for Singapore. One bomber was detained owing to slight damage to the wing and will return to Iraq. Three Wapitis, two of which were also detained owing to damage to the wing, will return to Kohat.

Three Valencia troop-carriers arrived this evening.—A.P.

RUIKAR'S APPEAL TO JAWAHAR

Cement Differences Between T. U. C. & Congress Candidates

CALCUTTA, January 21.

In the course of a statement to the "United Press" Mr. R. S. Ruikar, ex-President of the All-India Trade Union Congress who was released from the Alipore Central Jail yesterday made a trenchant criticism of the disciplinary action taken by the Congress President against Mr. S. A. Dange of Bombay for supporting the candidature of Mr. Joglekar as against an official Congress nominee.

Such actions, said Mr. Ruikar, disturbed the spirit of a united front which the working class was so willing to afford along with the Congress as also the harmonious relations between the Indian National Congress and the Trade Union Congress.

Mr. Joglekar has been set up as a candidate not by Mr. Dange but by the Trade Union Congress. Why not then Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, to carry his fiat of disciplinary action to its logical conclusion, takes similar action against the entire Trade Union Congress, asks Mr. Ruikar.

Mr Ruikar asks: "Why does not the Congress President take action against Pandit Malaviya who is a "greater sinner" by openly canvassing support for a woman candidate at Lahore who is a rival Congress nominee."

In conclusion, Mr. Ruikar appealed to the Congress President to make genuine efforts to make up the differences which have unfortunately arisen between the Trade Union Congress and the Indian National Congress in Bombay.—United Press.

WHY HE RESIGNED FROM A. I. C. C.

Mr. Dange Explains His Position To Congress President

BOMBAY, Jan. 21.

"Just as a vote for the Congress is a vote for freedom so also a vote for the Trade Union Congress, for Mr. Joglekar, is a vote for freedom. A vote for an internee, a victim of the Repressive Act, cannot be a vote for slavery. Even you would wish the Trade Union Congress success, had there not been a position of choosing this or that, a position of slight conflict, forced upon us by the attitude of the Congress Parliamentary Board. Hence, I wish to state frankly that I want success to the Trade Union Congressman and if he cannot get it, I want it for none else than the Congress nominee."

Thus concludes a lengthy communication addressed by Mr. S. A. Dange, Labour Leader, to the President of the Congress, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, replying to the latter's demand for an explanation from Mr. Dange for openly supporting Mr. Joglekar, T. U. C. nominee against the Congress official nominee.

It will be remembered that Mr. Dange has renounced his A. I. C. C. membership recently.

NIMBKAR'S CANDIDATURE.

Proceeding Mr. Dange deals at length with the various circumstances that have led him to take a decision in favour of the Trade Union Congress nominee as against the Congress nominee. He says that Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, who was the nominee of the Trade Union Congress, was not so bad as those who attacked the Congress in season and out of season and joined Government in all their doings and still succeeded in getting Congress ticket for elections. Mr. Dange bitterly deplores the attitude of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the B. P. C. C. and Bombay Provincial Congress Parliamentary Board. He says that Mr. S. K. Patil contradicted his own statements justifying Congress rejection of Mr. Nimbkar's candidature.

"ANOMALOUS"

Quoting Mr. S. K. Patil Mr. Dange says that if Mr. S. K. Patil's statement was to be accepted the position would be anomalous. Mr. S. K. Patil says: "The Trade Union Congress as such had no claim whatsoever, as a body, to a seat in the general constituency in view of the fact that Labour was specially provided for. It is simply ridiculous to claim an additional seat for Labour in a general constituency. As workers they have got special representation and surely they cannot have it both ways". If such be the attitude of the Congress, says Mr. Dange, then how can a united front be effected?—United Press.

Presidentship Of Indian Merchants' Chamber

(Continued from Page 6.)

proposition framed by him as emerging from my letter is not correctly stated. I have not said what he ascribes to me that a candidate for the Presidentship should not express the opinions of the members of the Chamber when they are not in agreement with the opinions of the Congress. So far as I know, no difference of opinion has arisen between the views of the Congress and the Chamber on any question of importance.

Mr. Tairsee's theory in effect is, however much one may go against the Congress, it should be no bar to his being placed on the helm of affairs in the Indian Merchants Chamber. Evidently such a theory is unacceptable to a large number of members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. To how large a number it is unacceptable, we have to wait for the answer till Saturday next.

I know when one differs from Mr. Tairsee, he must be prepared to be charged with ignorance and many other choice expressions of which he has been kind enough to spare me.

The talk of work in the Chamber is confusing the issue. In this connection, may I ask Mr. Tairsee one simple question. An ardent admirer of Mr. A. D. Shroff and his work, as he is, and one who has no difference of opinion on political questions with his hero, or is prepared to subordinate them on the issue of his election to the Presidentship, why is it that he is not supporting Mr. Shroff in the Assembly election? Some time back I received a letter in which Mr. Tairsee's name appears amongst others strongly exhorting the voters to vote for another candidate and in that letter none of the signatories including Mr. Tairsee take the voters into their confidence as to the period of active association of their favourite with the work of the Chamber. Yet today they seem to think that by this criterion, the issue should be decided largely,—Yours, etc.

GOVINDLAL,

II

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your issue of the 18th instant, you have published on page 7 a letter supporting the candidature of Mr. A. D. Shroff to the Presidentship of the Indian Merchants' Chamber of Commerce, Bombay. Among the signatories to this letter, we are surprised to see the name of our firm, Messrs. Tarachand Ghanshiyamdas. We have to inform you that our name has been included without our authority and against our declared objection. When Mr. D. D. Shroff a brother of Mr. A. D. Shroff approached us for our signature to this letter, we refused to give our consent and made it perfectly clear to him that we would support the candidature of the Hon'ble Mr. Govindlal Shivlal Motilal and not of Mr. A. D. Shroff. We have therefore to request you to publish this letter of ours as prominently as you published the other one.—Yours, etc.

TARACHAND GANSHAMDASS.

Mr. Shroff's Creed

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Apropos of the Presidential election to the Indian Merchants' Chamber it would not be inappropriate to draw public attention to the "patriotic" sentiments expressed by one of the candidates, Mr. A. D. Shroff in the course of a debate recently held at the Green's Hotel on the proposition moved by Sir Geoffrey Winterbotham that "Dominion Status is ultimately more in the interests of India than Complete Independence." In seconding the proposition Mr Shroff proudly declared "on behalf of the Commercial and Industrial Community of Bombay and India" that any day he would certainly prefer Dominion Status for India to Complete Independence. Mr. Nariman rightly echoed the Nationalist sentiment when he said that it was a misfortune of the country that there were still educated Indians who could have the temerity to utter such grossly anti-Indian views from a public platform. Such a political phenomenon would be impossible in any other country, Some of the Indians present, including even those of moderate persuasion had to hang their heads with shame when the large crowd of the Britishers present naturally cheered this Indian advocate of British supremacy over India. Thus, the question before the Indian mercantile community is not one of mixing politics with business but whether they are prepared to sacrifice the nation's self-respect in order to follow a convention which has been often observed in its breach. To vote for Mr. A. D. Shroff is to be a party to this stigma on the patriotic Indian business community of Bombay. Will the merchants who go to vote to-day please remember the issues?—Yours, etc.,

JIVAN KAUL.

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Lid Off "Ram Raj" In Mysore

KAMALADEVI EXPOSES HOLLOWNESS OF DEMOCRACY IN STATE

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya has issued the following statement:—

Mysore is the first Indian State to have the honour of having the Congress participate in the elections to the local State legislatures. Evidently the rulers of this "Ram Raj" could not bear such a demonstration of national awakening among its people and have decided that any such tide should be immediately dammed. So orders prohibiting Congress workers, not only outsiders, but even local ones, from making public speeches, are being widely served.

This perhaps should not surprise us very much, for Indian States have always been the repository of worn out, meaningless traditions, and as such been the willing and efficient tools and allies of Imperialism in India.

Those, who had erred in imagining that there can be exceptions and democratic responsible Government can exist under an autocratic semi-feudal regime, ought to set themselves right after the attitude taken up by a State like Mysore, which has tried to create an illusion in the minds of outsiders that it is progressive.

It is the inherent right of every people to strive through constitutional means for a democratic form of Government and any authority which interferes with such activity has hardly any right to call itself progressive.

MEETING HELD DESPITE BAN

Leaders Send Message To Audience

(From Our Correspondent).

MYSORE, (By Mail.)

Mrs. Kamaladevi, who arrived in Mysore on Sunday last to inaugurate the Mysore State Congress Parliamentary Board, was served with a Police order, issued by the District Magistrate, under I. P. C., 144, prohibiting her from addressing any public meetings within the city limits for a period of one month.

This order was served on her upon her arrival at a public reception arranged for her at Krishna Bhavan, where had gathered not only a large number of Congressmen but the *elite* of the City.

Mrs. Kamaladevi's first impulse was to disobey the order, as this was the second time such a notice was served on her in the course of two days. But as the reply to her telegram to the President of the Congress had not arrived and as similar notices were served on Messrs. K. T. Bashyam, Karmarker, and Tagadore Ramachandra Rao, she did not force the matter.

The meeting, however, took place at the Town Hall maidan attended by nearly a thousand people, when messages from Mrs. Kamaladevi, Messrs. Karmarker, and K. T. Bashyam were read, and several speakers including Messrs. Veerakesari Sitaram Sastri, Messrs. Aswathnarayan Rao, Narasinga Rao, Maddore Veeranna Gowda, and Rangaramia addressed the gathering. Mr. A. Venkatesia of the local Bar presiding.

Baroda College Historical Society

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, January 20.

The annual gathering of the Baroda College Historical Society was held on Tuesday last under the presidentship of Prof. J. M. Mehta when Mr. and Mrs. S. V. Mukerjee, Prof. A. K. Trivedi, and Mrs. Sarlaben Mehta were also present, besides a large number of the members of the Baroda Economic Association. Dr. Mehta presented a medal to Mr. Matadar, Hon. Secretary of the Association, for his efficient work.

B. S. N. Co.'s Pleasure Cruises

p.m. p.m.

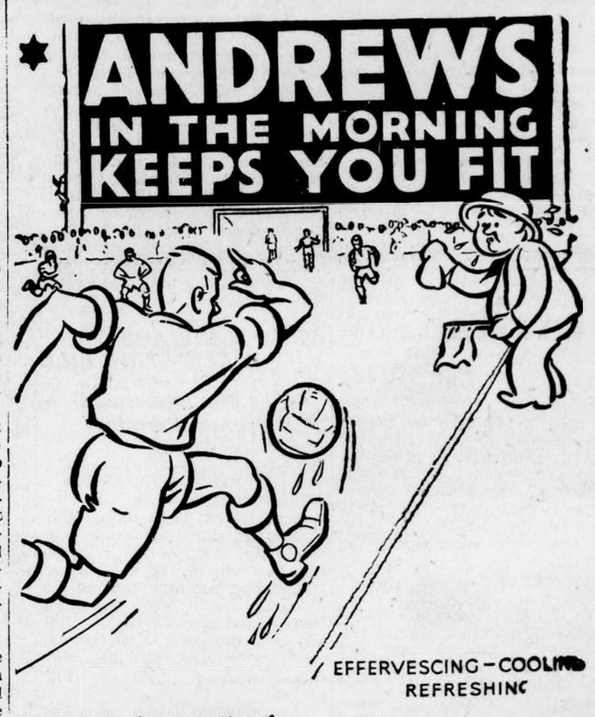
SUNDAY, 24th January, 1937 **Round the Harbour ... 3-30—7-30

FARE PER PERSON ** Rs. 1-8-0.

CHILDREN AT HALF RATES

MUSIC, DRINKS & LIGHT REFRESHMENTS AT TARIFF RATES.

Tickets will be sold at Apollo Bunder at the time of embarkation.



Fitness is not just a matter of luck. The machinery of the body needs a little regular care and attention. The best way to maintain its healthy rhythm is also the easiest way—the most pleasant way. Take a regular glass of sparkling Andrews. It gently cleanses the system of all impurities, cools the blood—invigorates, physically and mentally.

Andrews is an invaluable aid in cases of indigestion, heartburn and flatulence, besides being at all times a pleasant refreshing drink.

In The Corporation

Attempt To Increase General Tax Fails

Hornby Vellard Question Referred Back To Works Committee

An attempt to raise the general tax by one per cent moved by Mr. Meherally, in the absence of Mr. M. R. Masani, was thrown out by the Municipal Corporation on Thursday.

The House also sent back the question of restricting the height of buildings on Government of India lands lying between Queen's Road and New Marine Lines and on widening of the Hornby Vellard Road to the Works Committee.

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, Chairman of the Standing Committee, moved to fix ratable value on buildings in the City at 11 per cent for 1937-38 which would bring revenue to the Municipality to the extent of Rs. 1,25,63,900.

RAISE GENERAL TAX

Mr. Meherally, in absence of Mr. M. R. Masani, who had sent the notice of the motion, moved that the ratable value be fixed at 12 per cent.

Mr. Meherally said if the general tax was raised by one per cent, it would bring Rs. eleven lakhs to the Municipality which could be used for slum removal and in giving other amenities to the citizens.

He thought that if the general tax was raised to 16 per cent the municipality would get Rs. 45 lacs more as revenue, which could be utilised for giving free and compulsory education in all the wards of the city.

Dr. J. N. Choksy seconded the amendment.

Dr. M. C. Javle opposing the amendment said it was not speculators who built the City, as they saw it was to-day, but the landlords. He was surprised that "comrades" and Congressmen were out to increase the taxes instead of reducing the same.

Mr. K. F. Nariman also supported the amendment and said if the general tax was not reduced by one per cent last year, the scheme to clear slums and to give other amenities to the citizens, prepared by the Municipal Commissioner, would have been carried out.

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker opposed the amendment and said most of the buildings in the City were mortgaged and the landlords were hard hit.

The amendment was put to vote and declared lost only 12 voting for it and 39 against it.

HEIGHT OF BUILDINGS

At an earlier stage, the House considered the letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department, regarding restriction on the height of buildings to be constructed on Government of India lands lying between Queen's Road and New Marine lines. This letter is already published in these columns. Briefly, the Government of India regretted that they could not see their way to accede to the request of the Corporation that the height of the buildings should be restricted to 42 feet only. It would mean a loss of nearly Rs. 30 to Rs. 40 lacs to the Government.

Sir J. B. Boman Behram moved to record the letter.

Mr. K. F. Nariman suggested that similar facilities for raising the height of buildings should also be given to other owners at the back of Queen's Road.

Dr. J. N. Choksy said if the Municipality allowed buildings of 102 feet height in the city, they could not ask Government of India to impose restriction on buildings built on their lands.

On the motion of Mr M. E. Joshi the matter was referred to the Works Committee.

HORNBY VELLARD

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker then moved to approve and adopt the report of the Works Committee regarding the question of widening of the Hornby Vellard Road and raising and strengthening of the sea-wall all thereat. According to the plans and estimates it would cost Rs. 3,06,215.

Sir J. B. Boman Behram moved to raise the sea-wall but not to widen the road.

Dr. M. C. Javle said many accidents had occurred because drivers were drunk and, therefore, rash in driving.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji also blamed the drivers and not the roads. There would be no accidents, he said, if the drivers were careful in driving.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas supported the report which was submitted at the instance of the Corporation.

Mr. C. W. E. Arbuthnot said it was not necessary to raise the sea-wall and to spend over Rs. 3 lacs. He thought there should be two roads. One on the east side of the trees and the other on the other side of the trees, with a footpath for the pedestrians. There should be one way traffic on these roads. He, therefore, moved to refer the matter back to the Works Committee to report in the light of these suggestions.

This amendment was agreed to as a substantive proposition.

The House then adjourned till Monday.

A plea for a separate University for Sind was made by Mr. N. B. Butani, Principal, D. J. Sind College, Karachi, in his speech in connection with the Golden Jubilee celebrations of the College.

Next Saturday

A Series of pictures of Cruelty in theName of Society and Religion, Womanhood, and especially Widowhood is a Curse, a plight, a hell.

Come & See

Kusum's Life

Which is the Life of so Many thousands of her Sisters.

ADARSH CHITRA Ltd.

Dalit Kusum

featuring

Zarina Khatoon, Ahindra Chowdhry, Akhtar Nawaz, Kamla Zaria Miss Azurie, etc.

Minerva Talkies

—Lamington Road—

HARNESS ENERGY TO WORTHY CAUSE

Meherally's Message To Bhavnagar Youths

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, (By Mail.)

Youth week which was organized by the Bhavnagar Youth League proved to be a very great success. Attendance in the evening meetings at Jawahar maidan increased daily and went up to two thousand. Mr. Meherally's speeches infused new life in the younger elements, and his message of Socialism reached many young people.

WINDING UP OF THE WEEK.

Syt Indulal Yajnik gave a stirring speech on the last day of the week on "Religion of Youth."

MEHERALLY'S MESSAGE.

Mr. Meherally before he left for Bombay gave a following message to the Youths of Bhavnagar and Kathiawar.

"My recent visit to Bhavnagar has enabled me to compare impressions with those formed during an earlier tour, eighteen months' ago. I am happy to be able to say, that I found so much greater interest in the burning questions of the day, than ever before. A new enthusiasm and hope fill the minds of the people, especially of the youths, and it is of the utmost importance that the new awakening should not be allowed to run to waste. Kathiawar youths are not behind those in other provinces and if all the new energy is harnessed to a worthy cause, the results will not only be promising but striking."

SIR P. PATTANI.

Sir Prabhashankar Pattani has come here after finishing the deliberations in the Hydari Committee. He is going to-morrow to Malpara, where a children's gathering being held and will come back after four days. It is expected that after his return he will reconsider the application that is sent to him by a Ziliya Mahal worker, who has been deported from Ziliya Mahal limits.

Two Headed Calf Brought To Court

PATNA, January 20.

A curious freak of nature is reported from Barh. A calf has been born with two heads, four eyes and three ears. This creature was brought to the court compound at Barh and was shown to officers and public.—United Press.

INDIAN LIFE ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.,

A Year Of Progress

The forty-fourth annual report of the Directors and Statements of Accounts for the year ending 31st May, 1936, states that new proposals were received for amounts aggregating Rs. 12,99,750. 569 policies were issued for Rs. 9,95,500 yielding an annual premium of Rs. 52,993.

The total amount assured at the end of the year was Rs. 1,77,69,670 (including bonus additions) under 7857 policies, yielding an annual premium of Rs. 7,05,540.

The amount paid in claims during the year was Rs. 5,31,328-6-3. Claims by death arose under 66 policies, assuring 57 lives. It is worthy of remark that the actual claims by death are well within the expected claims reckoned according to the tables of mortality used for calculating rates and for valuation.

Two claims arose under policies on the lives of victims of the Quetta Earthquake, the amount assured being Rs 15,285-8-0. The sum of Rs. 1,500 was donated to funds for the relief of victims of the earthquake.

LAPSES.

The amount assured under policies which lapsed during the year was Rs. 1,62,500 viz. 1.0 per cent of the total sums assured (excluding bonus additions) remaining in force at the end of the year. This lapse ratio is believed to be far lower than that experienced by any other Indian life office.

The expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 1,05,728. The ratio of expenditure to the premium income is thus 15.0 per cent.

The balance of the Trust Fund at the end of the year was Rs. 81,09,679-10-2 as against Rs. 78,30,327-5-1 at the commencement, recording a very satisfactory increase of Rs. 2,79,352-5-1 on the year's working.

INVESTMENTS.

The major part of the Company's assets consists of Gilt-edged securities of the face value of Rs. 1,02,80,300. Their market value on 31st May 1936 was Rs. 1,18,55,109-6-0. The value placed on each security in the Balance Sheet is the face value or the market value on 31st May 1936, whichever is the less. As a further safeguard against depreciation in market values the Company holds an Investment Reserve Fund of Rs. 7,37,510-14-2. The remaining assets consist of valuable house property, policy loans, well-secured mortgages, etc.

The sum of Rs. 50,000 has been transferred to the Shareholders' Reserve Fund, which now stands at Rs. 9,13,811-9-5.

DIVIDEND.

The balance of the Profit and Loss Account is Rs. 46,179-2-10. The Directors propose the payment of a Dividend of 25 per cent on the paid-up Capital, free of Income-tax, which will absorb Rs. 36,250, leaving a balance of Rs. 9,929-2-10 to be carried forward to the next year.

The Company's Board of Directors is a wholly Indian one and they deserve congratulations on the satisfactory progress of the Company during the year under report.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc|s (13.97m.)
GSF 15.14 Mc|s (19.82m.)
GSB 9.51 Mc|s (31.55m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Gipsy music. Geiger and his orchestra from Claridge's Hotel, London. 8-15 p.m. A Pianoforte recital. 8-45 p.m. 'Under Big Ben'. A talk by Howard Marshall. 9 p.m. The Leslie Bridgewater Harp Quintet. 9-30 p.m. 'Butter Wouldn't Suit the Works'. 10 p.m. The news and announcements. 10-20 p.m. Dance music.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

8-0 a. m. Kashtatarang Solo. Deskar. 8-15 Recitation from the Holy Quran. By Maulvi Gulam Mohomed Kamar. 8-30 Light Classical Music. R. V. Astekar with Sarangi. Harmonium and Tabla. 1-0 p.m. Lunch Our Music (Recorded H. M. V.).

5-30 p. m. The VUB Indian Orchestra. "Morey Saiya Lachake Lachaka" Iktala. "Popular Tunes" Kerva. "Instrumental Duet" Violin-Bulbul. "Nautch Gat On Sarangi, Organ and Tabla. 6-30 Talk (Marathi): "In the Kitchen". By Saraswatibai Chaubal. 6-45 South Indian Duets. Ranganayaki Parthasarathi. 7-30 Nivrittibuwa Surnaik "Tuma Chanesey" Sur Malhar—Asthai. "Parimori Naya" Suhag. "Jhoolaney aye" Thumri. "Palvi ha Prabhu Hasey" Marathi Pad. With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "After Office Hours". By Celia Sheppard. No. 1. Adventures at the Talkies. 9-15 The News. 9-30 Mendoza and His Orchestra.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc|s.
49.10 metres, 6.109 kc|s.
(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

12-36 p.m. SB The Grand Hotel Orchestra, (Relayed from the Palm Court). 1-16 p.m. SB Talk (English): "Aviation in India". No. 3. By W. Bradshaw, Traffic Manager, Indian National Airways. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 p.m. Religious Talk: "Milad." By Qari Nur Hussain. 2-6 p.m. Modern Song By Gopen Mullick. 2-16 p.m. Current Topics By Premen Mitra. 2-31 p.m. Duet for Mandoline and Piccolo. By Prasanta Gupta and Chandra Goswami. 2-36 p.m. Bengali Song By Ashu Mullick. 2-51 p.m. Talk: "The City of Tragic Memories," by Bishnu Sarma. 5-6 p.m. Dadu Bhai talks to the Children. Talk: "Healthy and Happy Children." By Capt. S. C. Mittra. Bengali Song. By Amita Mitra. A Nursery Programme. Written by Nirmal Bose. Artists: Nirmal Bose, Sukumar Banerjee, Nirmal Mitra, Kamal Bose, Ajit Chakravarty, Prodyot Mitra and others. Produced by Dadu Bhai. 6-6 p.m. Talk: "Ante and Post-Natal care of Mothers." By Dr. M. Sarkar, 2nd Prof. of Midwifery, Medical College, Calcutta. 6-21 p.m. "Let Music Answer" (Kheyal). By Kamal and Subal Das Gupta. 6-41 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 6-46 p.m. SB The News and Announcements. 7-0 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 7-6 p.m. SB The News and Announcements. 7-21 p.m. SB Indian Theatrical Night. Chaitanya Leela". By The late Grish Chandra Ghose. Presented by Betar Natookey Dal. Under the direction of B. K. Bhadra.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

8-0 a. m. Recitation from the Quran-i-Sharif. (Text and Translation). By Qari Mohammad Yusuf. 8-15 Indian Music. (Recorded) 9-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Along the Coast of India". No 4 Cochin. By Rajendra Nath. 9-15 Umrao Zia Begam (Film Star). Thumri. "Shikwa-i-ishq jo ham se kisi unwan na hua Hashr men bhi woh Jafakar pasheman na hua". (Hasrat). Geet. 9-45 A Duet: "Prem ki naiya chali jal men" By Umrao Zia Begam and G. A. Khan. 9-55 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. "Main woh hun jis ko aksar haithe hain majnun Mohamadka Sada pesh-i-nazar gaesu-i-shabgun Mohammad ka". 10-5 Ashiq Ali Khan of Patiala. Classical Music. 1-0 p.m. A happy mixture (Recorded). 2-0 Air Orchestra B. Bhim Plasi. 2-10 Ashiq Ali Khan of Patiala. Classical Music. 2-30 Umrao Zia Begam. Geet and Thumri. 2-50 G. A. Khan Gwaliori "Na chher ae hamnashin ham hain khayal-i-ru-i-dilbar men Barasne ko bhare baithe hain badal didaitar men". (Hafeez). 5-0 1st News and Weather Report (English). 5-10 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 5-20 Air Orchestra B and C Bhopali. 5-30 Ashiq Ali Khan of Patiala. Khayal Aiman Kallyan. Khayal Kamod. 5-50 Rageshwari On Sitar. 6-0 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. "Yeh his ne bijliyan bhar din hain ya Rab mere shewan men Lage ag is mahabat ko laga di ag si tan men" (Hafeez) "Han chale door men saqi mae gulfam chale Din chale rat chale Subh chale sham chale". (Jigar). 6-20 Umrao Zia Begam. "Be naqabaj to yun jalwa-i-jannan ho jae Jo jahan par ho wahin bekhud-o-hairan ho jae". (Jigar) 6-30 "For Villagers only." (Delhi Market rates and Times Signal at 7 p.m.) 7-30 Qawwali By G. A. Khan and Party. 7-50 Umrao Zia Begam. Bhajan. 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Teaching Young India", No. 2. Gurukuls. By Professor Indra. 8-15 Air Orchestra B and C Tilang and Durga. 8-30 Ashiq Ali Khan of Patiala. Classical Music. 8-50 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. "Woh yahan ate hain kis andaz se Ik qadam uthta hai sao sao naz se". (Mujruh) 8-57 Umrao Zia Begam. "Khataon se paihle pashemniyan hain Mahabat ki masum nadaniyan hain". (Jigar). 9-5 A Duet: "Deh ki nayya". By Umrao Zia Begam and G. A. Khan. 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani) 9-30 Time Signal 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "How the water flows from the River on to the Fields". By T. A. W. Foy. I C S., Chief Engineer, Irrigation Branch, Government of Bikaner, Sri Ganganagar. 10-0 An Orchestral Programme. By The Hotel Marina Viennese Orchestra. Conducted by Erwin Klein. Peggy Duncan Soprano.

Phohi Programme

(Wavelength 25.57m.)

19-00 National Anthem—opening announcement. 19-10 Music. 19-30 Talk by Dr. J. C. A. Fetter 19-50 Piano recital by the well-known Swiss Pianist Juzinte Steecklin. 20-05 Reading by Prof. Jan Walch. 20-25 Piano recital (contd.) 20-40 Meeting of the Phohi Club.

COLD WAVE PASSES AWAY

POONA, Jan. 21.

Weather report for the week ending January 20:—

The first Western disturbance of the week passed away across the Western Himalayas without causing any precipitation. The second disturbance also passed away eastwards after causing local falls of rain or snow along North-West Frontier, Kashmir and in and near North Punjab Hills on the 17th and 18th. The third western disturbance was causing cloud along the North-West Frontier on the last day of the week.

The North-East Monsoon continued to be fairly active during the first half of the week and caused few falls of rain in South-East Madras between 13th and 15th. The cold wave which was affecting the region extending from Western Himalayas to Central India on the 14th slowly travelled eastwards along the Gangetic Valley, through the United Provinces, East Central India, Chota Nagpur, Bihar and Passed away through Upper India.—A. P.

Rain And Snow In Wake Of Thunderstorms

POONA, Jan. 21.

The western disturbance while passing north-eastwards caused a few thunderstorms associated with rain or snow in Kashmir. Sonamarg reporting a quarter of an inch. Scattered showers have also occurred in Assam. Night temperatures were below normal in the submontane districts of the Punjab and the West United Provinces.

Forecast:—Dry weather generally.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 21-1-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.012 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 67.9 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 62.9 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 77.8 degrees 4.9 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 64.7 degrees 1.8 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 74 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NNE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 149 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 21 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 4

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 21-1-37

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 73.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.18 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.00 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

WHEN YOUR

HEART

DOES THE WORK OF YOUR

ARTERIES

YOU ARE A VICTIM OF

HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

the fate of six out of ten people in daily life

The Heart is the Pumping Station of the Human Body. During life it never stops work. Every day of your existence it pulsates 100,800 times and pumps 8 tons of Blood. Fourteen pounds of pressure are required for every contraction just so that the Blood, by way of arteries and veins, reaches every part of the body. If an obstruction takes place in the arteries which impedes the normal flow of Blood, the Heart is forced to pump harder. But, of course, this strain on the Heart cannot go on indefinitely and Heart Weakness and Heart Failure are the natural outcome.

How do the Arteries become Obstructed?

AT about the age of 40, though often before, the conditions of modern life create a deposit of lime salts in the Arteries. They lose their ability to contract and expand and the whole circulatory task is thrown upon the Heart. The vital work of nutrition is seriously interfered with as the organs of the body fail to receive a proper supply of blood and vitality. Thus you become a victim of High Blood Pressure, the fate of six out of ten people in daily life. The results are only too clearly seen in the sufferer. At an age when he should be enjoying the good things in life, he finds that neither work nor play holds any interest. His face is lined with care; his steps timid and uncertain.

This illustration shows the Artery and Vein with joining Capillaries. Through this wonderful network of tubes, the blood is pumped to feed the vital body cells.

Is there a Successful Treatment for High Blood Pressure?

Most certainly there is and it is *not* a drug. It is *not* a patent medicine. It is *not* a secret remedy. Indeed, nothing could be more natural to our bodies than the principal constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets—the only satisfactory treatment for High Blood Pressure. Scientific tests of the most critical kind have proved that 'Phyllosan' Tablets renew the Blood-stream, WITHIN 14 DAYS.

When Blood Pressure is Banished will Youthfulness Return?

Abundant evidence is available to prove that a course of 'Phyllosan' Tablets will have a profoundly revitalizing and rejuvenating effect upon the entire human organism. Worn out body cells are replaced, nerves are strengthened, the heart is fortified, the blood is revitalized and *ALL THE PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES ARE INCREASED IRRESPECTIVE OF AGE.*

What are 'Phyllosan' Tablets?

We have already stated that nothing could be more natural to our bodies than 'Phyllosan' Tablets. The following facts will prove that statement. The principal constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets has been described by eminent scientists as "the most wonderful substance in our world." It is extracted from green vegetables and possesses the closest relationship to human blood pigments. Dr. Buergi, M.D., of Berne University, Switzerland, under whose personal supervision 'Phyllosan' Tablets are prepared, spent 15 years of research before he succeeded in isolating this wonderful product without detriment to its vitalizing power.

'Phyllosan' Tablets in the Treatment of Anæmia.

Women—especially young girls—are particularly prone to the distressing malady known as Anæmia. This disorder is caused through impoverishment in the quantity and quality of the vital red blood cells. 'Phyllosan' Tablets quickly renew these cells and give to them their proper supply of revitalized blood. Given sufficient new-red cells in the blood and Anæmia is *impossible.*

IMPORTANT.

'PHYLLOSAN' Tablets are perfectly harmless and can be taken by the youngest and most delicate persons with complete confidence. 'Phyllosan' Tablets contain neither drugs nor glands nor animal extracts and in their preparation, are untouched by hand throughout.

SOME WONDERFUL TRIBUTES

Immediate Benefit after 1 Bottle.

"I have taken many medicines before but can honestly say that nothing I have ever taken has done me so much good in such a short time."—E.S.

Benefit in 3 days.

"I got a small bottle on Tuesday and by Friday following I could feel the benefit"—H.U.

Pain Vanishes after taking HALF a bottle.

"Before I had used half the bottle all pain and dizziness had left me."—W.L.

Thought She was Going to Die.

"I was so ill with Syncope of the Heart I never thought to live and now after only 6 days taking the tablets I feel well, young and strong."—E.B.

'PHYLLOSAN' Regd.

(Pronounced FIL-O-SAN) TABLETS

Sold by all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

SEND FOR THIS FREE BOOK. If you are over 40 or under) send for that most interesting and valuable Book —"Revitalization and Rejuvenation"—free on request.

Write for Booklet to J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India) Ltd., Standard Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, or 29, Bentick Street, Calcutta Mark envelope clearly:

PHYLLOSAN EDICAL DEPT

Registered Trade Mark "Phyllosan" is the property and denotes the product of Natural Chemicals Ltd., London.

There are many
"INSECTICIDES"
but only one
FLIT

Don't risk your health and comfort by accepting worthless "insecticides" or imitations that masquerade under the name of Flit. Remember — there is only one Flit. Flit is sold only in the yellow tin with the soldier and black band — sealed to prevent fraudulent refilling. Will not stain. You can absolutely rely on Flit to kill all household insects.

Sprinkle the new FLIT POWDER *in cracks and crevices. Crawling insects touch it and die!*

If the soldier is not on the tin, it is not FLIT

Sole Distributors:—
HERBERTSONS, LTD., Bombay and Calcutta.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 2 POINTS UP

Bullion Higher And Wheat Steady

BOMBAY, Jan. 21.

On Thursday crossrates ruled quiet.

MILD ACTIVITY IN N. Y. COTTON

New York cotton displayed mild activity with fair absorption of liquidation. The technical position was sound

BULLION HIGHER.

London gold and silver ruled a shade higher.

WHEAT STEADY.

Wheat was steady. Rubber was quiet. Base metals were firm.

SECURITIES IN FAIR REQUEST.

The London Stock Exchange was fairly active on scattered buying but business was restricted. Gilt edged securities were in fair request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937

New York, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	12.43
To-day's opening	12.44
Difference	+.01
To-day's closing	12.45
Difference	+.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	6.88
To-day's opening	6.91
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	6.91
Difference	+.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 227

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan. 21.

Cotton displayed mild activity with fair absorption of liquidation indicating sound technical position otherwise there was nothing in news to stimulate demand.

Operations in March commenced at 12.44 i.e. 1 point higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and fair good trade buying which readily took up liquidation while with renewed buying March rose to 12.46 with a very steady tone.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.45 with a rise of 2 points for March decline.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 21.

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (12.38/12.36) 12.44/12.44
May (12.21/12.20) 12.30/12.29
July (12.15/12.14) 12.22/12.21

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 21.

The following were the rates at 12.15 p.m.

American January (6.89) 6.95
American March (6.87) 6.92
Egyptian January (9.84) 9.88
Egyptian March (9.99) 10.03

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 227-8 and Rs. 227-4 at night. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs 227-4.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Jan. 21.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£229 1/2 buyers £229 3/4 sellers. Steady) £230 1/2 buyers £230 3/4 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£27 1/4 buyers £27 5/16 sellers. Firm) £27 15/16 buyers £28 1/16 sellers. Firm.

Electrolytic Copper (£56 to £57) £57 1/2 to £58

Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay Jan-Feb. (£14 5/8 sellers) £14 5/8 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta January February (£14 1/4 sellers) £14 1/4 sellers.

Linseed La Plata January (£11 3/4 sellers) £11 15/16 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal February (£16 sellers) £16 1/4 sellers.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0) 1-0 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 1/2) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2 1/2) 2-2 1/2

JUTE

New Crop January February (£18 9/16 sellers) £18 1/2 sellers.

Dunlop February (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers

Lightning February (£20 1/2 sellers) £20 1/2 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (10 1/4 buyers) 10 3/16 buyers.

Forward April June (10 1/4 paid and value) 10 3/16 paid and buyers.

WOOL SALES

Liverpool, Jan. 21.

Moderate selection was well sold to home trade.

Greasy Lower (0-9 1/2) 0-9 1/2
Greasy Higher (2-1 1/2) 1-9
Scoured Lower (1-4) 1-3 1/2
Scoured Higher (2-10) 2-9

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 21.

	Rs	a.	p.
Silver ready	50	12	0
Silver 1st settlement	50	13	0
Silver 2nd settlement	50	11	0
Gold ready	35	0	6
Gold 1st settlement	35	0	9
Gold 2nd settlement	35	0	3
Sovereigns	22	5	0

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	4.90 21/32
To-day's opening	4.90 9/16
To-day's latest	4.90 3/8

(At the time of New York cotton closing.)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	4.90 13/16
To-day's opening	4.90 11/16
To-day's closing	4.90 7/16
Difference	—.00 1/4

FRANC RATE.

London, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	105.13
To-day's opening	105 13
To-day's closing	105.13
Difference	Nil.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan. 21.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90 11/16 and then eased to 4.90 5/8 and subsequently declined to 4.90 9/16 on lack of sufficient interest.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.90 7/16.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 105.13.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Jan. 21.

The following cable information was received at night from London:—

"India bought. China sold. Market quietly steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan. 21.

	Last Quotation	Previous Quotation
Spot	20 3/8d.	20 1/2d.
Forward	20 1/4d.	20 3/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan. 21.

Gold Bars fine per ounce (£7-1-8 1/2) £7-1-9 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Jan. 21.

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent.

4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Jan. 21. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 5/32) 1-6 5/32
Paris on Bombay (7.945) 7.945
New York on Bombay (37.14) 37.10
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 3/8) 0.92 1/4
London on Milan (93.28) 93.21
London on Shanghai (1-2 9/16) 1-2 19/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-1 31/32

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan. 21.

Liverpool wheat opened firm with March at 102 1/4 and May 103 1/2. The market displayed good deal of activity after yesterday's setback with considerable buying while further encouragement was derived from the fact that shippers were not pressing. Subsequently however the demand slowed down but the undertone kept very steady.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan. 21.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 1.30 3/8. Prices advanced slightly on scattered buying and some outside enquiry influenced by steadier foreign advices.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1937 Delivery

Bombay, Jan. 21.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Rs	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7	9	9
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	9	9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	9	6
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	10	0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 21.

	Rs	a.	p.
Wheat May	5	9	6
Wheat September	5	7	9
Linseed May	7	10	0
Linseed September	7	13	6

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Jan. 21. 5-0 p.m.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 99-0-6 at 2-0 p.m. The closing quotation at 5-0 p.m. was Rs. 98-14-0.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Jan. 21.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £97 1/4 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan. 21. 3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were firm fairly active but later ruled quiet. Gilt-edged were easier. Home industrials, oils and coppers were steady to firm.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£83 3/8) £83 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 1/4) £106 1/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£115 3/8) £115 1/4

5 per cent Indian Loan (£115 1/4) £115 3/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105) £105

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£113 7/8) £113 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (17-6) 17-6

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (86-10 1/2) 88-1 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 10 5/8) dol 10 5/8

Musical Industries (23-3) 23-3

Princhin Johnson (54-6) 54-6

Imperial Chemical (40-4 1/2) 41-6

Woolsworth New Ford (85-0) 86-4 1/2

Realisation 1930 (£98 1/2) £98 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (34-3) 35-9

Unilever Ordinary (44-9) 44-9

Ford Motors (32-0) 32-0

Cables and Wireless (£6 3/4) £7 1/4

British American Tobacco (133-1 1/2) 133-1 1/2

Carreas A (£11 1/2) £11 1/2

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (170-7 1/2) 170-7 1/2

P and O S N Company Deferred (32-0) 32-0

Distillers (120-9) 120-9

Bredfords Dyers (10-6) 10-6

British Celanese (9-0) 9-0

J and P Coates Ordinary (54-1 1/2) 54-1 1/2

Courtaulds Ordinary (57-6) 58-1 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (11-9) 12-4 1/2

Vickers Limited Ordinary (35-0) 35-0

Inter Nickels (£64 3/4) £64 3/4

Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (42-6) 43-1 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan. 21. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£100) £100

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97) £97

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£114 3/4) £114 3/4

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£118 3/4) £118 3/4

4 per cent Indian 1948-53) (£109) £109

5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£113) £113

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£105 1/4) £105 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 7/8) £108 7/8

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0) 20-0

Donaro Tea (45-0) 45-6

Empire of India (30-0) 30-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (42-1 1/2) 43-0

Gula Kelampong (56-3) 56-3

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (41-10 1/2) 41-10 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (60-0) 60-0

Burma Corporation (16-8) 16-7 1/2

Rio Tintos (£23 1/2) £23 1/2

East Rand Proprietors (80-6) 81-9

Rand Mines (9 1/8) 9 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 1/8) £16 1/4

Gedule New (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

New Moddars (£32 1/2) £32 1/2

Sub Nigel (£13 5/8) £13 5/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (39-4 1/2) 39-4 1/2

Union Corporation (£10 1/4) £10 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (53-9) 53-9

Anglo Iranian (108-1 1/2) 109-4 1/2

Burma Oil (113-1 1/2) 114-4 1/2

Musical Eagle (30-4 1/2) 30-7 1/2

Shell Transport (£134 3/8) 135 5/8

Royal Dutch (£45 1/2) £46 1/8

HO

Great Western (£62 1/4) £62 1/4

L and S Ordinary (£32 5/8) £32 1/4

L N E R Defd (£5 3/8) £5 3/8

Southern Dutch (£25) £25

London Paris 5 per cent (£132 3/4) £132 1/4

London Transport 'C' Stock (£96 1/4) £96 1/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan. 21.

The following were the opening rates:

General Motor (dol 66) dol 67 3/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 53 1/2) dol 55

U S Steel Common (dol 84 1/8) dol 86 5/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 145) unquoted.

Karachi Market Report

(From A Correspondent.)

Karachi, Jan. 21.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Cotton Sind Jan. 21/8/6, Mar. 20/11/6. Punjab Jan. 18/15/6, Mar. 18/11/6.

American Jan. 23/9/9, Mar. 23/15 tone steady.

Wheat Jan. 31/13/6, Mar. 32/4/3, July 29/3/3, tone steady.

Toria Feb. 38/10/9, Mar. 39/15/6.

Gram Jan. 23/7/6, July 22/10/9.

Cotton seeds Jan. 17/8/9, Mar. 17/13/6 May 18/3/3.

U. S. STEEL SHARES FIRM

Base Metals Firmer

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Jan. 21.

On the Stock Exchange the undertone was cheerful but inactive largely owing to heavy settlement. Gilt-edged securities were firmer and the trend. Australian bonds were outstandingly firm. Rubbers were buoyant. Internationals were quiet apart from U.S. steel which was firm.

In commodities base metals were generally firmer on bearcovering and renewed speculative support. Rubber later eased on disappointing United States labour situation. Wheat was firmer with sellers not pressing.

Wall Street opened firm and then ruled irregular.

JUTE SHARES EASIER

Coals Firm And Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

In the share market to-day in jutes slightly better feeling was again in evidence but the volume of business remained as usual. Coals ruled firm again to-day and a fair volume of transactions were put through at gradually advancing prices. Teas were rather dull. In miscellaneous Indian iron and coppers were again better today while Midnapore Zemindary and Indian wood products were a shade better at the beginning but closed steadier again. Government securities were easier. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Three and a half per cent Paper 99. Three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 106/1, four per cent loan 1960/70 14/4 small lot, five per cent loan 1947/50 119/11 small lot, three per cent U.P. Bonds 1961/66 98/10 small lot.

Banks:—Central Bank 35/12 small lot, Imperial fully paid 1548 ex div, Reserve Bank 134/8 cum div.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan ord 95.

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpur ord 16 Cawnpore Textiles 2/12, Dunbar ord 143

Coals:—Amalgamated 25/14, Bansra 3/15, Bengal 309, small lot, Bhalgora 2/8, Burradhemo 3/8, Burakur 16/10, Equitable 36/8 cum rights, Katras Jherriah 21/14, Nazira 9/4, New Tetturya 3/13, New Beerbhoom 14/4, Raneegunge 34, Rewa coalfields 22/8, Parasea 1/15, Pench Valley 34/12, Samla Colliery 1/12, South Karanpura 7/15, Talcher 2/5.

Jutes:—Albion 234 Barnagore 143, Chitavalsah 19/8, Fort Gloster ord, 500 small lot, Howrah 52/3, Kamarhatty 530, Kanknarrah pref 143, Lansdowne 166/8, Lansdowne pref 135, Megna 29, National 23/8, Presidency 4/2, Waverley 2/9.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 11/12, Indian copper 4/4, Consolidated tin 8/7, small lot, Bengal telephone ord 21, Bengal telephone pref 15/12, Hukumchand electric and steel 11/6, Indian steel and wire products 299, Indian steel and wire products defd 232/8, Indian iron and steel 29/11, Saran Engineering 15/4, Hindustan Insurance 86, Associated hotels ord 5/10, Dunlop rubber ord 14/4, Dunlop rubber 2nd pref 102/4, Indian cables 12/4, Macfarlane 9/4, Indian wood products 28 small lot, British Burma petroleum 6/11, British Ceylon Corporation 8/8, Tide water oil 12/8, Titaghur paper ord. 22/14, Titaghur Paper defd 10/5, Titaghur Paper eight per cent pref Rs. 100, Titaghur Paper paid 165, Midnapore Zemindary 98/8, India General ord 130 small lot, Champaran 20, Cawnpore 30/8, small lot, Murree Brewery 17.

Teas:—Birpara pref 160, Hattikaira 25, New Samanbagh 28, Ranigherra 14/12.

Debentures:—Three and a quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 101 small lot, four per cent 1914/74 Calcutta Port Trust 110/9.—A.P.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Jan 20

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr Water Works Com	27
Amer Power and Light Com	14
Electric Power and Light	24
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	87
Electric Bond Common	26
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	85
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	46
North Amr Com	32
American Tel and Tel	182 1/2
Western Union Telg	82
Canadian Pacific Rly	16
Great North Pfd Rly	44
New York Central Rly	43 3/4
Northern Pacific Rly	31
Pennsylvania Rly	43
Southern Pacific Rly	50
Bethelehem Steel	78
Republican Steel	32
United States Steel	86 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	54 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	63 1/4
Mathieson Alkali	40
Ford Motors of Canada A	27
General Motors	67 3/4
General Electric	61
Consolidated Oil	16
Socony	16 3/4
Chase Bank	50 1/2
National City Bank	44 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	925
Youngstown Sheet	78

President Roosevelt's address constructive market responded strongly. We have a favourable opinion of Steel and Oil shares

Sterling Tenders

On Wednesday, the 20th January, 1937, tenders to the amount of £101,150,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and allotted approximately 2 per cent. £2,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 27th January 1937, on the same conditions as previously announced.

The amount of Intermediates purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended 15th January, 1937 was £200,000.

DISAPPOINTING START IN LONDON SHARES

No Demand For Gilt-Edged

Bombay, Jan 21

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have received from their London friends the following telegram:—

"Start of new account, i.e. 4th February settlement disappointing. Gilt-edged market dull due to entire absence of demand. Industrial market generally very quiet with considerable irregularity only bright feature being triplex glass shares, which on bonus have been firm at £8/15."

Baldwin	sh. 12/3
Consett Iron	14/9
Cammell Laird	16/6
John Brown	37/9
Richard Thomas	15/3
Swan Hunter	33/3
Rivet Bolt and Nuts	31/3
Turner Newall	108
Westland Aircraft	12
O K Bazar 'B'	50
Indian Copper Corporation	5/9
Kamra Tin	3/7 1/2
Kamuning Rubber and Tin	4/9
Tronch Mines	33/9
Fine Cotton Spinners Prf	17
Anglo Vaals	16/3
Associated Manganese	9/4 1/2
Gopeng	2/10 1/2
Atlas	9/10 1/2

OSAKA COTTON OPENING

Osaka, Jan 21

March	76.70+40
April	77.10+40

Washington, Jan 20

Washington: Stating that holders of 12 cts. loan cotton cannot sell loan certificates the officials of the C.C.C. denied trade reports that certificates for 250,000 bales were sold. It is explained that what probably happened was that planters had made agreements with spot buyers that they will sell them their cotton when released.—Reuter.

GROUNDNUT MARKET

24 Hours Trading

Bombay, Jan. 21.

The local Seeds Traders Association market which used to close at 5 p.m. daily will now remain open for 24 hours. Some operators were reported doing business beyond fixed trading hours and now the Committee is forced to throw open the market which will not close.

To-day's quotations at 5 p.m. were as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Groundnuts Feb.	**44**	**12**	**6**
Groundnuts May	**46**	**9**	**0**
Castorseed May	**38**	**6**	**0**
Cottonseed Jan.	**20**	**8**	**0**
Cottonseed May	**21**	**13**	**0**

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Jan. 21.

	Cwts.
Wheat	1,703
Linseed	1,167
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	1,587
Gingellyseed	6,143
Poppyseed	159
Groundnuts	43,108
Castorseed	1,547
Rice	28,257
Myrabollams	4,412
Cottonseed	46,946
Gram	2,706
Joowar	429
Barley	22
Bajres	5,313
Indian Sugar	1,660
	Tons.
Coal	2,560

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 20-1-37	5415000	5866000
Receipts Yesterday 20-1-37	13000	10000
Exports to date 20-1-37	3371000	4017000
Stock at Ports 15-1-37	2644000	3602000
Stock at Interior Towns 15-1-37	2141000	2311000
Stock at Liverpool 15-1-37	927000	712000
Visible Supply 15-1-37	6342000	6747000
Quantity in sight 15-1-37	10117000	9832000
Quantity out of sight 15-1-37	7027000	6191000

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Consolidated statement of the position of the Banks scheduled to the Reserve Bank of India Act, as at the close of business on Friday, the 15th January 1937.

(i) Demand Liabilities in India	135,83,09,000
(ii) Time Liabilities in India	102,05,87,000
(iii) Cash in India—	
(a) Notes	5,18,42,000
(b) Rupee	48,31,000
(c) Subsidiary Coin	19,55,000
(iv) Balances with Reserve Bank in India	15,03,73,000
(v) Advances in India	105,54,30,000
(vi) Bills discounted in India	5,72,81,600

Published under Section 43 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

RESERVE BANK RATE UNCHANGED

The Reserve Bank of India rate remains unchanged at three per cent. per annum.—A. P.

War On Middle Class Speculation

Suggestions Before 'Change Enquiry Committee

Employee Must Speculate Only With Consent Of His Employer

The Stock Exchange Enquiry Committee met on Wednesday, at 10-30 a.m. to examine Mr. E. F. Groombridge, of Messrs. Forbes and Lund

In reply to questions, Mr. Groombridge stated that, in his opinion, the most important factor was the very limited number of companies whose shares were dealt in on the Forward List. He would remove the restriction of the Stock Exchange whereby admissions to the Forward List were limited to companies which have a register in Bombay; he would like Bombay to become an all-India market, and saw no reason why they should not deal in the shares of companies with registers in various parts of India.

CHECKING OVER-TRADING

He was convinced that the widening of the range of securities would stop overtrading in particular shares. With the same end in view, he also advised a reduction in the face value of the larger shares, as he thought it would reduce speculation and create an investment market in India; at the same time he realised it might be difficult to persuade the companies to agree, and that Government may have to intervene.

MARGINS WILL NOT HELP

In reply to a question as to whether the demanding of margins from clients would stem speculation Mr. Groombridge replied in the negative: He felt that such requirements would be difficult to enforce and would put brokers in an awkward position with their clients, and further that in times of a crisis, he thought that margins would be worthless. Instead, he favoured the suggestion of framing a rule forbidding forward business under any circumstances for an employee.

He was not in favour of Sub-Brokers, and did not think that they should be allowed in the Stock Exchange to deal, though he realised that it would probably mean a reduction in business, because a broker would not have time to collect the business that a Sub-Broker does.

Differentiation between jobber and broker would be difficult to establish in Bombay; there was no jobber in the real sense of the word at the moment. With wide fluctuations in prices the opportunity of making a narrow price was non-existent.

He was in favour of Government intervention only in special circumstances, such as in times of a national crisis.

Holidays, he felt, were excessive, but considering all things, there appeared no alternative to their continuation.

He favoured a minimum scale of commissions similar to that of London and thought that a member's card should constitute security for all creditors.

He was of opinion that blank transfers should be abolished, and he doubted if business would be driven out of Bombay, if blank transfers were prohibited by law only in Bombay and not in other parts of India.

Marwari Chamber's Views

The Committee re-assembled at 3 p.m. to examine Messrs. Begraj Gupta, Kedarnath Agarwal and Umashankar Dixit, representatives of the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

In explaining further the statement made by his Association in their representation that Government control must be minimum and scientific, Mr. Begraj Gupta said that what was intended was that the control should be effective enough to safeguard the interests not only of members but also of non-members, and that although it is true that Government have no technical knowledge at all of Stock Exchange methods and procedure, it should be easy for Government to have a special officer or department technically qualified to deal with this forward business. It was pointed out that even if Government were to to appoint an officer to a post of this nature and give him facilities for learning the theory of Stock Exchange work, still, when a decision had to be arrived at as to whether Government should or should not intervene in a crisis, he would labour under the disadvantage of having no knowledge of the internal working of the Stock Exchange and would not know what led up to the immediate crisis, and, therefore his theoretical knowledge would be of no value. Mr. Gupta's reply to this was that it was open to Government to take the advice of the Managing Committee of the Stock Exchange and also the outside persons interested, and proceed on their advice. It was not suggested by his Association that the Executive Committee of the Stock Exchange should not have the power to suspend forward business in the market even temporarily. The action of the Stock Exchange Committee, however, should be confirmed by the Government or some other constituted authority in matters such as closing of the Exchange, suspending short-selling altogether, or fixing prices at which bargains should be completed as distinct from the Contract price, etc.

UNIT OF TRADING.

Asked to explain their remark in their representation that the unit of trading should be as large as possible consistently with practicability, Mr. Gupta explained that, if to-day a particular scrip could be traded in on a unit of one share and if that unit were to be increased to 10 shares, that would immediately result in people with comparatively limited means being precluded from coming into the market.

The witnesses were asked their opinion in regard to the conditions laid down as to certain relatives being entitled to take the membership card over. They were asked if it was a satisfactory state of affairs that the eldest son of member who may be quite a young man without any experience of the Stock Exchange should take his father's card as a matter of course in the event of his father's death, and be able to walk into the Stock Exchange and transact business. To this, Mr. Kedarnath Agarwal replied that he thought this was not very satisfactory; at the same time he was of the opinion that the right should not be taken away altogether. He would therefore suggest a limit of 5 years to see whether the young man was able to operate the card or not. If at the end of 5 years it was found that he was not capable of operating the card satisfactorily, then he should be obliged to sell it to some other man approved by the Board.

The Chairman remarked that it was important to realise that Stock Broking is a profession, which if it is to be carried out in the best interests of the public and the Exchange, it was essential that the Stock Brokers themselves should acquire an amount of experience and knowledge and attain a sound judgment, and this can only be done by long period of practical experience.

The witnesses were asked if they agree in principle that a Stock Broker can only attain that judgment and that experience if he is prepared to give the whole of his time to the exercise of that one profession. Mr. Gupta replied that, when his association recommended the removal of restrictions against the admission of people in other professions to the Stock Exchange, they did not overlook this, but they felt that a member, for instance, of the East India Cotton Association, who has experience of forward and ready trading can without very great difficulty carry on as successfully as anybody else on the Stock Exchange; and actually the same firms have interests in practically all the important forward markets in Bombay.

CHECKING SPECULATION

Asked his opinion as to the extent by which the speculation by middle class people would be reduced if the Stock Exchange were to pass a rule prohibiting its members from undertaking speculative dealings on account of any employee without the consent of his employer, Mr. Gupta replied that it is a point which his Association had not fully considered, but he felt that it may prove effective.

In connection with the proposal to give the Board of the Stock Exchange power to suspend a financially weak member from forward dealing, Mr. Agarwal remarked that such a power was liable to be abused by the Board. He would prefer to leave it to the experience and discretion of the members whether to deal with a member who was suspected to be financially weak or not. —A.P.

N. Y. Cotton Prices Rally On President's Speech

BOMBAY SELLING IN LIVERPOOL MARKET

Co-operative Associations And Trade Buying

BOMBAY, January 21.

After an early decline on Wednesday, the New York cotton futures market rallied sympathetically with stock market and President Roosevelt's speech.

The speech was believed to be optimistic and was followed by trade and co-operative associations buying.

There was considerate unloading by Bombay operators in the Liverpool cotton with a marked absence of speculative support.

Consumption of cotton continues at a record rate in U.S.A. and mills have sold manufactured goods for months ahead.

The position seems healthy but the immediate course of prices entirely depends upon the possible effect of release of loan cotton.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market opened at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 8 points with March 12.36. The market was moderately active and then turned feverish. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables, motor strike and the Japanese financial situation but later rallied partially on trade buying. Prices thereafter eased on renewed liquidation and selling by co-operative and Western operators but again rallied on trade buying of near months and closed at about the highest level of the day at a net rise of one point to a decline of 3 points. Spot cotton prices declined 6 points at 12.98c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also steady and closed at a rise of 2 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 12.38c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool market opened quiet with Bombay and scattered selling. There was some hedging which was absorbed by trade interests. Prices fluctuated within a range of 2 points and finally closed at a net decline of 2 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 6 points at 7.16d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet with scattered selling. Sakels futures declined 5 to 6 points and Uppers futures closed 1 to 4 points down.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet with a limited turnover. Sakels futures closed 2 points up to 2 points down while Ashmouni futures were 3 points down.

JAPANESE SITUATION.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state At night, prices advanced to Rs. 227-4 on heavy buying by jobbers and option dealers following various unconfirmed rumours regarding the Japanese situation and loan releases. With regard to the Exchange control in Japan local shippers have so far received no news as to import permits or permission to discount bills against present commitments. It is stated that the Japanese merchants having found a good margin between Sampin yarn and Indian cotton had bought heavily here against sales of their yarn but their Government's refusal to permit any excessive quantity over the original quotas may force them to resell part of their purchases. Osaka cables state that Indian exporters have made representations to the Japanese authorities but so far no satisfactory reply has been received but it appears the authorities will stick to the quotas in order to check any excessive imports. We look for a trading market but with the present impasse in Japan and impending Broach crop movement we do not believe any material advance can be sustained.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. have received the following London Airmail News:—

During the past week, the market has kept very steady with a slightly upward tendency, but we cannot see very much movement in prices until something is known of the manner in which the Loan cotton will be disposed. There is also the uncertainty of next season's acreage hanging over the market and it seems fairly certain that there will be an increase of between ten and fifteen per cent. In that event, we would not be too keen to follow the rise, more especially for new crops. At the same time, with the consumption keeping good, we cannot see any serious break in prices and would, therefore, advise buying on any setback and taking small profits.

Conditions in Europe seem to be improving and we hope that before long some agreement will be reached whereby the fear of war will be dispelled.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (3 p.m.)	12.44—
New York March lowest (10 a.m.)	12.36—08
Liverpool March highest	6.89—03
Liverpool March lowest	6.87—05

Messrs. M and B Stern have received the following cable from their Liverpool Head Office:—

New York say continued long liquidation with trade fixing. Believe market in buying zone.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market quiet. Trade and co-operatives continue to absorb Western and local selling.

Messrs Devkaran Nanjee have received to-day the following cable advices from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: 'Market reacted in the absence of 'Bull' support and seems to be turning. Our opinion is that the position is unfavourable for the present. Spinners have considerable stocks and may leave the market at any time."

(2) "While prefer bull side of market cannot for present see advance until loan releases absorbed or discounted. Would however buy on declines for modest profit."

New York: "To-day's buying mostly for trade. Scattered selling well absorbed. Rather better feeling is caused by President's optimistic speech."

(2) "Small exports. Domestic consumption very good. Good buyers at every decline."

(3) "Acaa buying marches held market Chicago interests selling Mays gives thought possibility bull market. War commodities reached peak and liquidation may ensue which might soften cotton."

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:

Feature to-day general Bombay selling.

Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson have sent the following cable:—

Cotton: While prefer bull side of the market we cannot for the present see advance until loan releases absorbed or discounted; would however buy on declines for modest profit.

Rubber: When U S A strike settled market may take sharp temporary upturn.

Metals: Healthier after recent shakeout; look higher.

Wheat: Heavier, Argentine and Australian offers depressing the market; would buy on declines.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 20

March	12.43—01
May	12.27—02
July	12.20+01
October	11.79—02
December	11.78—03
January	11.76—03
Middling Spot	12.98—06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Jan 20

March	12.38—
May	12.25+02
July	12.15+01
Middling Spot	12.98—

NEW YORK

New York, Jan 20

11-00 A.M. RANGES—	
March	12.41/12.41
May	12.27/12.27
July	12.18/12.18
NOON CALL—	
March	12.39
May	12.23
July	12.16

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Jan 20

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	13,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	7,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	4,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	3,000 bales

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 20

F G F SAKELLARIDIS	
January	9.84
March	9.99
May	10.16
July	9.97
August	9.97
F G F SPOT	10.29

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 20

January	6.91—02
February	6.89—03
March	6.88—04
April	6.86—03
May	6.85—04
June	6.81—04
July	6.78—04
August	6.62—04
September	6.54—04
October	6.48—03
November	6.44—03
December	6.44—03
January	6.43—03
Middling Spot	7.16—06
10-12 a.m. quotations	
March	6.87
May	6.84

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan 21

Following quiet but steady New York advices, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 227/12 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 226/12 on selling by export firms. The market opinion seems divided and professionals are awaiting the result of release of loan cotton. Speculative enthusiasm is less aggressive and prices are fluctuating within a narrow range.

Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of one point but it opened steady 3 points up which influenced buying in the local market and Broach advanced to Rs. 227/4. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M.	227	8	0
Broach J/A.	229	12	0
Oomra D/J	206	12	0
Oomra March	205	12	0
Oomra May	206	8	0
Bengal D/J	179	9	0
Bengal March	177	0	0
Bengal May	176	8	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Jan. 21.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	... 185	182	179	176	
Punjab	185	182	179	176	
Oomra No. 3	213	210	207	204	...
C.P. No. 1	228	225	222	219	...
C.P. No. 2	219	216	213	210	...
Khandesh	208	205	202	199	...

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Jan. 21.

118 N. Poddar Akot 206 1/2
30 Kotak and Co. Jalna 198
50 Andarshan Cletan Sirhind 182 1/2
50 P. R. Vakharia Hansi 181 1/2
58 Morarji Jaora 3 off
66 Morarji Shedbal 218 1/4
25 Madhavji Mill Burunpur 226

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Bengal Superfine	183/85
Bengal Fine	180/82
C.P. 1	218/20
C.P. 2	211/12
Arvi	211/12
Ellichpur	211/12
Berar	208/09
Khamgaon	209/11
Mulkapur	206/08
Khandesh	204/06
Jalna/Sailu	206/07
Burwah Sanavad	209/11
Punjab/American	227/34
Sind, N.T.	269/72
Punjab 289F.	282/87

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Jan. 21.
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	3,431	141,397
Central India	4,178	168,893
Barsi and Nagar	1,398	89,517
Hyderabad-Gaorani	956	37,341
Berar	10,172	320,004
Central Provinces	2,234	70,559
Total Oomras	22,369	827,711
Dholera	409	12,666
N.-W. Provinces	...	4847
Rajputana	769	27,915
Sind-Punjab	3,176	166,021
Broach	106	2,981
Coompta and Dharwar	34	9,964
Westerns-Northerns	177	11,074
Cocoanada	...	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	2,543
Persian	...	10
American	...	3,144
Egyptian and African	2,402	105,468
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	5
Total	29,442	1,173,973

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 14th Jan.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	850	122,709
Japan and China	6,200	553,327
Coast Ports	152	7,448
Up-country by Rail	...	82,235
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	35,252
Total	7,202	800,971

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the market on 21st day of January 1937.

Broach Fully Good Quality Vaidas

(B.T.)	April-May	1936-37
10-30	Rs.	228/8
12-30	Rs.	227/8
2-30	Rs.	227/8
4-30	Rs.	228
	April-May	
Highest	Rs.	228/12
Lowest	Rs.	227/8

Argentine Linseed

Buenos Aires, Jan 20

February	14.11
March	14.17

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Jan 20

May	130c.
July	113 7/8c.
September	110c.

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Jan 20

March	101 5/8d
May	102 3/4d
July	103 3/8d.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Jan 21

Java ready	13	4	0
Jan Mar shipment	4	5	0
July Aug shipment	4	4	0
September shipment	4	4	0
Kesar ready	11	12	0
Saraya ready	11	2	0
Spot Java	F.	5.20	

New York Sugar

New York, Jan 20

March	2.86+1
May	2.83 unchanged
July	2.82 unchanged
September	2.82 unchanged

GOLD AND SILVER

Restricted Business

Bombay, Jan 21

Yesterday London gold prices improved one penny to £7-1-8 1/2 while London Paris Exchange rate remained unchanged at 105.13. Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.90 21/32. London silver prices declined 1/8d to 20 3/8d on India and China selling. There was a small support. Later on there were buyers 1/16d over the fixed but business was small as sellers were reserved. New York silver was placed at 44 3/4 cents and Montreal futures closed at a decline of 5 to 15 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 19/32. The local market was quiet but steady with restricted turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	35	1	0
Posh	35	1	0
Magh	35	0	9

SILVER

Ready	50	10	0
Posh	50	11	0
Magh	50	10	0

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan 20

Spot	20 3/8
Forward	20 1/4

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan 20

Golds Bars Fine per ounce	£7-1-8½

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Jan 20

Bank bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent
Bank bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 11/16 per cent
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine Trade bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Jan 21

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£51 10 0
Standard copper 3 months	£51 12 6
Electrolytic copper	£57 0 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	12.10 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	12 cents.
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs 41 8 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 52 0 0
Tone: Firm	

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan 20

T T London on:	
New York closing rate	4.90 13/16
Paris	105.13
Berlin	12.20
Madrid	nominal 70.00
Amsterdam	8.96 1/4
Brussels	29.12 3/4
Milan	93.28
Berne	21.38 3/4
Prague	140.75

LONDON SEEDS

London, Jan 20

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. Jan sellers	£11-15-0
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. Jan Feb sellers	£14-5-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. Jan Feb sellers	£14-12-6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. Jan Feb sellers	£14-5-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. Jan Feb sellers	£14-12-6

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Jan 20

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Jan Feb sellers	38
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan Feb sellers	39/6
Wheat South Australian Jan sellers	44/3

LINSEED OIL

London, Jan 20

Linseed Oil Naked London per cwt Feb paid	26/9
Linseed Oil Naked London per cwt May Aug paid	26/10 1/2

LONDON RUBBER

London, Jan 20

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb Sellers	10 3/8

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Jan 20

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 7/8

LONDON COPPER FIRM

Bombay, Jan 21

Yesterday London Copper prices opened at £50-10 but advanced to £52 on better prospects for a settlement of the U. S. A. Motor strike.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 20

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£74
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£83
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£97 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£114 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£83 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£105 1/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£115 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£113 7/8
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£16 1/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	£114
National Bank of India	£47 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation nominal	£10 1/4

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 20

BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.74
Fine (Good staple)	5.89
Superfine (Good staple)	6.04
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.71
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.86
Choice (No. 1 staple)	6.01
BENGAL—	
Good	4.60
Fully Good	4.70
Fine	4.82

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

Bombay, Jan 21

RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3 16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
B C Rate T T	272 3/4
Banks selling T T	270 3/4
Banks buying T T	263 5/8
Banks selling T T	788
Banks buying T T	806
Banks selling T T from Mar. 1/8 lower	77 5/8
Banks buying T T	76 3/4
Banks selling D D	67 3/8
Banks selling D D	67
Banks selling D D	84
SINGAPORE	
Banks selling D D	81 1/2
BERLIN	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
PARIS	
Banks selling D D	91
Bank Rate London	
20th instant	4.90 5/8
Berlin	
21st instant	1/2
Amsterdam	
21st instant	8.91 3/4
Brussels	
21st instant	1/8 1/32
Milan	
21st instant	1/2 19/32
Madrid	
20th instant	105.13
Lisbon	
20th instant	29.12 3/4
Switzerland	
20th instant	21.38 3/4
Norway	
20th instant	12.20
Stockholm	
20th instant	19.39 1/2
New York	
20th instant	4.90 13/16
Amsterdam	
20th instant	8.96 1/4
Montreal	
20th instant	93.28
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.	
Gold	
19th instant	£7-1-7 1/2
20th instant	£7-1-8 1/2
Ready	
19th instant	20 1/2
20th instant	20 3/8
Forward	
19th instant	20 3/8
20th instant	20 1/4
Bank Rate Ready.	
19th instant	45
20th instant	45
Discounts 3 Mos	
19th instant	9/16 p.c.
20th instant	9/16 p.c.
Discount 6 Mos	
19th instant	11/16 p.c.
20th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money—	
Call	1 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Quiet.	

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 19th January	18,971
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	1,144,531
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	838,938
Increase	315,593

High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Jan 20

Broach A/M 1937 opening 225 1/2; highest 226 1/2; lowest 225 1/2; closing 226 1/4

Broach J/A opening 227 3/4; highest 228 1/2; lowest 227 3/4; closing 228 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 202 1/2; highest 203 3/4; lowest 202 1/2; closing 203 3/4

Oomra March opening 203 3/4; highest 204 1/4; lowest 203 1/4; closing 203 3/4

Oomra May opening 204; highest 204 3/4; lowest 203 3/4; closing 204 1/4

Bengal D/J opening 178; highest 178; lowest 177 1/2; closing 178

Bengal March opening 175 3/4; highest 176; lowest 175 1/4; closing 175 1/2

Bengal May opening 175 1/2; highest 176 1/4; lowest 175; closing 175 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach A/M Settlement (21-2-37) Rs. 6

Tejimandi for Broach A/M (31-3-37) Rs. 10

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (30-6-37) Rs. 18 3/4

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: March 165 May 175 at Cross rate 4.90 21/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 227/8 Liverpool May 6.86 Rs. 71 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 227/8 New York May 12.27 Rs. 51 1/2 at cross rate 4.90 21/32

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Jan 21

The Osaka Sampin Exchange opened very steady to-day with active buying for near months. Opening quotations were as under:—

January	276.40+390
March	263.90+200
April	261.00+210
May	260.10+250
July	259.10+270

Linseed And Wheat

Bombay, Jan 21

It appears that all bearish factors are now well discounted and heavy long liquidation has left weak markets in sound state. Thus it will be advisable to buy on all declines. The local market was steady to-day with scattered buying.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed May	7	9	9
Linseed September	7	13	3
Wheat January	6	1	0
Wheat May	5	9	3
Wheat September	5	7	9

Scattered Buying In Share Bazar

Operators Await Trading In Next Settlement

Dull Session And Narrow Movement

BOMBAY, January 21.

The local Share Bazar was quiet but steady with a limited turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

There was a marked absence of any important business from professional quarters as loading for the next settlement is to commence from to-morrow.

Trading was of a mixed character, and the market was mostly dull and featureless. During the early part of the day, there was scattered liquidation but towards the close there appeared some short covering.

At the moment speculative enthusiasm is quietened down as European political situation has improved and there is a distinct lull in commodity markets.

Open interest in the bazar is extensive and we do not think it advisable to remain short as professionals who have an upper hand are determined to have their way. They will allow the market to lose all bullish aspects and will try to create short interest with a view to flare up prices once more.

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY: January 21.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 14)	307	8
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	901	4
100 Century	197	8
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	291	4
100 Colaba (nil)	151	14
100 Coorla	110	0
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	400	0
I E.D. Sassoon (nil)	0-9	6
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	121	4
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	220	0
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1725	0
100 Indore	50	0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	95	0
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	275	0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	675	0
250 Madras United N	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	945	0
250 Model	71	0
50 Mysore (Rs. 3)	105	0
200 New Great (nil)	190	0
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	58	8
100 Phoenix (10)	320	0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	62	8
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2340	0
50 Simplex (Rs. 1-2)	85	10
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	240	0
100 Swan (nil)	99	6
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1326	0
1000 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	118	4
25-50 Central (As. 12)	36	0
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1542	8
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	383	0
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	141	12
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4)	137	8
5 Union (As. 4)	5	13
CEMENTS.		
10 Bundi (As. 10)	41	2
100 Coimbatore	192	8
70 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	147	8
160 Indian (Rs. 24)	542	8
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 83-8-9)	2400	0
100 Katni ord. (Rs. 10)	398	12
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	320	0
10 Punjab (As. 12)	30	6
100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8)	523	12
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	170	0
INSURANCE		
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	847	8
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	16	10
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	45	8
20 Mercantile	47	0
200 Oriental (125)	5450	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	8	1
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	178	12
1000 Andhra Valley (45)	1750	0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	14	6
50 Bombay Tram (Rs. 3-8)	154	1
100 Bom. Suburban (6)	215	0
10 Broach	13	9
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	267	8
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	208	2
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	191	14
1000 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1590	0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	920	0
100 C Province	100	0
100 Gujarat	95	0
100 Mandra Bhon	102	8
100 Sara Sirajgunje	102	0
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	768	12
MININGS.		
10 Shivrajpur (Rs 8)	45	8
30 Tata S Def. (Rs. 7-8)	1136	4
75 Tata Steel Ord. (Rs. 6)	289	8
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 Alcock (Rs. 5)	283	12
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 7)	193	2
200 B'bay Life Dep. (Rs. 40)	800	0
250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15)	285	0
125 Bom-Burma (Rs. 12-8)	631	4
50 Do Conty (Rs. 5)	213	12
8sh Br. B Petrol (nil)	6	6
50 B. Telephone (Rs. 2-8)	116	8
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	11-0	7
100 I. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	147	8
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	54	0
100 I. Radio defd. (12)	523	12
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	521	4
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	611	4
15 Scindia (Re 1)	22	5
30 Premier Const (Rs. 1-1)	104	0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	20	8
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c Andhra Valley	1578	12
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	306	4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Jan 21

Century (193/12) 197 200 198 200 198 198 197
Bombay Dyeing (895) 905 900 907 895 901
Kohinoor (273/12) 273 276 273 274 275
Central India (287/8) 291 290 285 288 291
New Great (188/12) 190 188 191 190
Simplex (85/10) 88/12 86 87
Swadeshi (236/4) 238 241 240
Bundi (41/2) 41/2
I Cement (542/8) 545 542 543 541 542
Punjab (30/8) 30/8 30/6
Shahabad (523/12) 525 523
Andhra (1756/4) 1752 1753 1750 1746 1742 1750 1755 1750
Tata Hydro (191/4) 191/14
Tata Power (1587/8) 1582 1585 1580 1582 1577 1577 1580 1590 1587 1590
Tram Ord (153/12) 153 154
T Steel Defd (1123/12) 1132 1127 1130 1135 1131 1128 1125 1130 1134 1137 1130 1125 1122 1125 1130 1136
T Steel Ord (287/8) 289 290 288 290/8 288 287 288 289 290 289/8
Tata Steel 2nd pref (177/12) 178/14 178/8
Bellapur (193/2) 193 192
B Steam (285/10) 285 286 285
B Burma (632/8) 637 633 635 627 630 633 631

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan 21

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100/3
3 per cent 1951/54	102/2
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	104/1
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	99/1/6
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	110/8
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	114
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119/0
3 per cent U P Bonds	99
5 per cent 1939/44	108/3
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	111/0
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	106/9
TAX FREES	
3 per cent 1945/55	120/1
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan	112/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	106/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	125/8
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	111/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974	110/10
5 per cent M Deb 1959	119
6 per cent M Deb 1954	131
6 per cent K P T 1956	131
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	103

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 98/14 and improved to Rs. 99/1/6 and closed at Rs. 99. Tone: Steady.

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Jan 20

Call Loan London	1/2
8 per cent	88
3 1/2 per cent	97 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	105 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	109
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	114 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	118 3/4
5 per cent 1942/47	113
3 per cent 1949/52	100
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	83 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	106 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	105 1/8

Tenders For Sterling

On Wednesday, the 20th January 1937, tenders to the amount of £.101,150,000 at 1s 6 1/8d. were received and allotted approximately 2 per cent.

£.2,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 27th January 1937 on the same conditions as previously announced

The amount of Intermediates purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended 15th January 1937 was £.200,000.

7 p.c. Bom. Trams. (T.F.)	87 12
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	552 8
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136 4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd. (T.F.)	146 4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13 10
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	108 0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	103 8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	161 4
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1602 8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	197 8
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	178 0
7 p.c. Vishnu	692 8
DEBENTURES	
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	102 12
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	111 0
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51 8
7 p.c. Sholapur	85 4
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	111 8

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

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JUPITER GENERAL
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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 22, 1937

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'I Am A Pilgrim Of Independence'

Jawahar Calls All Classes To Join Him

"Vote For Congress And Give Crushing Defeat To Reactionaries"

(From Our Correspondent)

MUTTRA, January 20.

After addressing a mass meeting at Kosi, a prominent town in Muttra district, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived here at noon. He was taken in procession through the city. In Dampir Park, he addressed a mammoth gathering of about 30,000. The Municipality, Byopar Mandal and Trade Association presented addresses.

Call To All Classes

Replying Panditjee said that Muttra is a place of pilgrimage and many pilgrims visit holy city. "I am also a pilgrim but Independent India is my place of pilgrimage. We all have to go on this pilgrimage, including Kisans, Zamindars, workers and businessmen".

WHAT SWARAJ MEANS

Speaking about Swaraj, Panditji said that if it does not relieve the masses of the pangs, from which all were suffering, it would not be Swaraj. Criticizing communalists and those, who raise the cry of "religion in danger", Panditji said that the burning question before India was how to drive out the demon of poverty, under which the entire population of the country was being crushed. "Those who raise the cry of 'religion' are misleading the public."

REMEDY FOR POVERTY

Comparing the poverty of Indian villages with the pomp and show of New Delhi, Pandit Nehru said, "When there are so many persons to feel your pockets, how can there be any money left in your hand? They would go on feeling the pockets of the toiling masses of this country, so long as power was vested in the hands of a few, there would be no end of miseries, said Panditjee. He pleaded for unity and organisation and he opined poverty would vanish.

DON'T VOTE FOR SLAVERY

Referring to the present election, he said that Council Entry would help in the fight for Swaraj, if Congress wins at the polls. "It means your victory and not victory of Congress candidate. Title-holders are soldiers of Government. Titles are badges of slavery. If you vote for title-holders, you vote against Swaraj, but if you return Congress candidates alone Government will fear and the world will know that you are against slavery. A title-holder may be a good man, but the badge of slavery is there".

Concluding the Pandit exhorted them to endeavour to give a crushing defeat to reactionaries, so that they may never dare oppose Congress in future.

Several purses were presented to Pandit Nehru by various bodies.

Lowering Standard Of Behaviour In Politics

Jawaharlal's Threat To Dr. J. N. Misra To Take Action Against Him

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, January 21.

An interesting controversy raising an important issue has arisen between Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, and Dr. Jaikaran Nath Misra a prominent Congress leader, Lucknow, who opposing B. C. Gupta, the Congress candidate in the election for the Assembly for Lucknow urban general seat.

In his letter to Mr. Misra, Mr. Nehru, writes: "You have every right to oppose the Congress if you so choose, none of us can prevent you from acting wrongly, but surely there is some standard of behaviour in politics even in elections and it seems to me you are lowering this standard by deliberately trying to confuse the public in describing yourself as a Congressman when you are opposing the Congress, it is utterly wrong and is unfair. I think, that you should withdraw this statement and say clearly that you have nothing to do with Congress. I do not know whether you are a primary member of the Congress or not, if you are so then you cannot remain so; if you are not so then you cannot become one. In either event, I must take action against you.

Facts seem to be clear, but before I take any step, I must give you an opportunity to explain your position.

Dr. Jaikaran Nath in his reply to Mr. Nehru says, I always thought, it appears now erroneously, that every one who believed in the ideals, aims and objects of the Congress could call himself a Congressman. I thought that the question of anyone describing himself as a Congressman was mere matter of conviction and belief for that person and not for anyone else, but it appears to me from what you say that the only test now to be applied is whether he is a Congress nominee for elections or not, or whether he is supporting such and such a nominee, all other questions being quite irrelevant. Indeed, the Secretary of the Local Town Congress Committee has issued notices that I or anyone else opposed to the Congress nominee can not use the National Flag; it is for you to decide if this is a correct position.

National Flag

I adhere to the view that every Indian is entitled to use the National Flag.

Dr. Misra discloses that he is not even a four-anna member of the Congress. He refuted the charge of lowering the standard of behaviour in politics and says that Mr. Nehru is free to take disciplinary action, but he is deliberately driving away people from the Congress fold by his policy that any one who opposes the Congress nominee for election is not a Congressman. You cannot alter my convictions and ideals. In same breath that you wish to take disciplinary action against me, you say I am not a Congressman.

FACTIONS CLASH IN U.P. VILLAGE

Sequel To Quarrel Over Revenue Collection Grievance

CAWNPORE, Jan. 21.

Eight persons were injured in a riot among the villagers of Naubasta, near Bidhnu, ten miles from Cawnpore. It is stated that a number of villagers attacked Ramnath Singh, a Mukhtar, with whom they were alleged to have had a grievance in the matter of collection of revenue. The Mukhtar's supporters retaliated, with the result that brickbats and lathis were freely used by both sides. After fighting had lasted two hours a police party from Bidhnu arrived and quelled the riot.

Fourteen persons have been arrested.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, while on his way to the Punjab, was rendered unconscious for a few minutes owing to a fall in the railway carriage at Achalda when the train stopped with a jerk. He was sleeping at the time and was slightly hurt in the face. He received medical aid at Etwah.

INDORE GRANTS RS. 25,000 FOR BHONSLE SCHOOL

INDORE, Jan. 21.

Sir S. M. Bapna, the Prime Minister of Indore, has informed Dr. Moonje that Maharaja Holkar of Indore has given a grant of twenty-five thousand rupees for the proposed Bhonsle Military School of Nasik.—A. P.

FORCIBLE INITIATION OF MINOR JAIN GIRL

Will H. H. Intervene?

(From Our Correspondent.)

DHRANGADHRA, (By Mail).

"That I am not in prime of youth I know not what are the rules to be observed after being initiated, I want to study religious matters for further time but I am helpless before the will of my grandfather for initiating me at this early age. Hence if I cannot preserve them I shall return to these worldly worries."

These are the words uttered by a young Jain Banya girl who, it is said, is to be initiated in early February by arrangements made by her father, Mr. Chhotalal, and grandfather Mr. Damersey, with a Jain nun Gunshriji, for enhancing so-called prestige.

The above protest of the girl has appealed to many hearts and it is understood, if her grandfather does not listen to her, the Jain leaders will request H. H. the Maharajasaheb to intervene and take affidavit of this minor girl and save her from becoming a nun. The matter has created great sensation in Jain circles.

DRIVE AGAINST IMPERSONATION

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI: Jan. 20.

On the eve of the first general election for the Sind Assembly, public are reminded by a communique that the offence of impersonation at the election has been made cognizable by Bombay Act XXIX, 1935, which is applicable also to Sind, under which the offence is punishable with imprisonment extending to 12 months, with fine, and any Police officer without magisterial order or warrant can arrest persons for impersonating. The Government is determined to make the fullest use of this measure and appeals for co-operation of the public in eliminating this growing evil.

Permission to distribute election leaflets from air is understood to have been refused by the District authorities of Karachi.

CONSCRIPTION IN GERMANY

Consul-General In India Explains Orders

CALCUTTA: Jan. 20.

The Consulate General for Germany has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"A news-agency report dated Berlin January the 17th, which was widely circulated in India states that "for the first time since the introduction of conscription Herr Hitler has decided to enrol Germans living abroad for military service and labour corps service".

In this connection, it is to be said that already an Ordinance of January 31st, 1936, gave all details as to the military service of German nationals living abroad.

According to this Ordinance in February 1936, the classes of 1914 and 1915 of German nationals living abroad were called upon for military services and the classes of 1916 for the labour corps service. In the ordinary course of events, it is only natural that this year the next classes are called upon".—United Press.

Shout Sanctioned Slogans Only

REWA, January 20.

According to a Rewa State communique, H. H. the Maharaja has prohibited raising of slogans and 'Jais' at random on the occasion of Durbars. The Maharaja has further instructed that, a list of slogans intended to be raised on such occasions should be prepared in advance and followed faithfully to avoid unnecessary confusion.

Another communique announces that the Maharaja has given his assent to the Rewa State Hindu Widow Re-Marriage Act.

A section of the new Act states that, anybody attempting to oppose performance of re-marriage of Hindu widows or dissuade them from doing so, shall be liable to prosecution and conviction to a term not exceeding one year's imprisonment with or without fine.

The provisions of this Act shall not affect the existing rites and customs of those castes and communities in which widows are allowed to marry.—United Press.

JAPANESE ORDINANCE CIRCULARISED IN THE SOUTH

MADRAS, January 21.

The Southern India Chamber of Commerce has received a communication from the Japanese Consul in Bombay intimating the Chamber that the Ordinance of 1936, regarding certificates of origin for goods exported to Japan, has been promulgated as from January, 1937.

The effect of this decree is that, certificates of origin to be issued by the Chambers of Commerce will be required only for such articles as sheep's wool, goat's hair and camel's hair.—United Press.

Don't Divide Votes On Personal Grounds

C. R. Appeals To Non-Congress Candidates To Retire

MADRAS, January 20.

"We fight the battle of the poor and can ill-afford to waste money in elections. The present is, from the Parliamentary point of view, a very critical occasion. A mistake now cannot be easily rectified for a long time to come.

"I appeal to those who are not definitely ranged against the Congress to make up their minds courageously and retire wherever a pledged Congress candidate has been put up for the seat". Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar says thus in the course of a press statement.

He continues:—

Barbed Wires.

"The politicians of England are skilful and experienced men who have planted a strong network of barbed wire as against the national aspirations and call it freedom's playground.

"It is not possible to fight the country's battle or achieve any purpose as a legislator with doubting hearts or without being a unit of a strong organisation which can co-ordinate efforts and shape policies and programmes.

"There is no personal end which is honourable and worthwhile for any one that I know and which can be gained by entering the present legislatures. So I make this appeal for withdrawal of all those who do not belong to the Congress and who find a pledged Congress candidate nominated to the seat.

"Let me warn the electors against the sin of being bribed against the interests and honour of the Motherland.

Enemies of Motherland.

"Those who do not desire a radical change in the political and economic condition of our country and who do not feel disgrace and the misery of it, may oppose the Congress, but those who desire that India should be free and that the nation-wide poverty and unemployment should end and who believe with Gandhiji, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru that these objects can be attained without violence, should not divide the votes of the electorate now on personal or other small grounds as against the Congress."

Fill Yellow Boxes.

Concluding Rajaji says, "I appeal to men and women throughout the Province to fill the yellow boxes in all the booths.

I hope all those who are neither Justice nor Congress will make up their minds at once and withdraw before the 20th instant and leave the field clear for the Congress to carry on the National struggle.

"No secret and private agreements should stand in the way of this public service.

"The enemy sees the superior strength of the Congress. His hope lies only in dividing the ranks of Nationalism. I hope Nationalism will be wise and wary against such tactics, and the six million voters of the Madras Presidency will stand for the Congress."—United Press.

Warning Against Civic Address To Jawahar

Sardar Sant Singh Gives Stinging Reply

LAHORE, January 19.

Sardar Sant Singh, M.L.A., interviewed by the "United Press" on the warning administered to him by the Punjab Government, said:

"The Punjab Government ruminated for five months before reaching a decision whether any action should be taken against us, and if so, what. And it had come to the conclusion that the fast disappearing prestige of a blundering bureaucracy should be given another prop. This mentality of a policeman in this province in these days of advancing democracy infuses further determination in us to fight to the last the battle of freedom.

Patronising Tone

"The Government in a patronising tone reminds us of the provisions of Section 235 of the Punjab Municipal Act. But the Administration forgets that Section 235 follows section 232 of the Act.

"The Government evades the real issue namely, whether the Deputy Commissioner has any jurisdiction under section 232 to pass the order, suspending the unanimous resolution of the Municipal Committee to present an address of welcome to the President of the Indian National Congress at our own expense.

Their Reputation

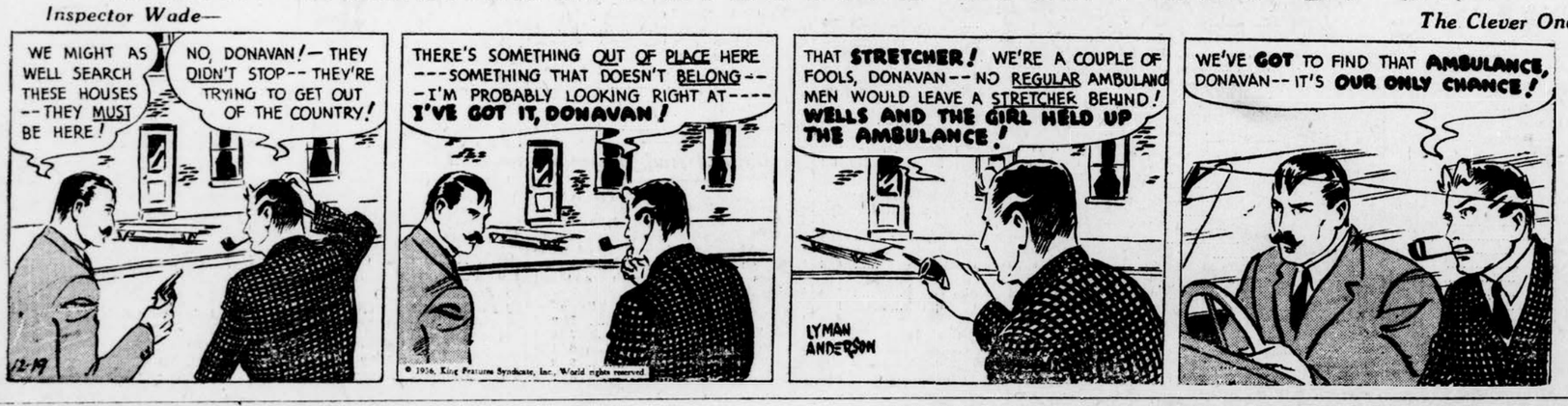
"The avoidance of the real issue by the Punjab Government does not in any way enhance its reputation. So far as we are concerned, we feel we are right and we shall act again exactly in the similar manner as we did, if placed in similar circumstances.

"I take this opportunity of drawing the attention of public to the provisions of Section 16 of the Punjab Municipal Act which empowers the local Government to remove elected members from local bodies. Such a provision does not exist in the Municipal Acts of other provinces in India.

"It is a scandal to allow such a provision to continue any longer. It would be the obvious duty of the elected members to secure repeal of this provision."—United Press.

It is understood that Mr. G. F. Squire has been appointed British Consul-General at Meshed in succession to Lt.-Col. C. K. Daly who has proceeded on leave.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY


Inspector Wade—
The Clever One
WE MIGHT AS WELL SEARCH THESE HOUSES --THEY MUST BE HERE!
NO, DONAVAN!— THEY DIDN'T STOP-- THEY'RE TRYING TO GET OUT OF THE COUNTRY!
THERE'S SOMETHING OUT OF PLACE HERE ---SOMETHING THAT DOESN'T BELONG-- --I'M PROBABLY LOOKING RIGHT AT---- I'VE GOT IT, DONAVAN!
THAT STRETCHER! WE'RE A COUPLE OF FOOLS, DONAVAN-- NO REGULAR AMBULANCE MEN WOULD LEAVE A STRETCHER BEHIND! WELLS AND THE GIRL HELD UP THE AMBULANCE!
WE'VE GOT TO FIND THAT AMBULANCE, DONAVAN-- IT'S OUR ONLY CHANCE!
12-19
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LYMAN ANDERSON

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